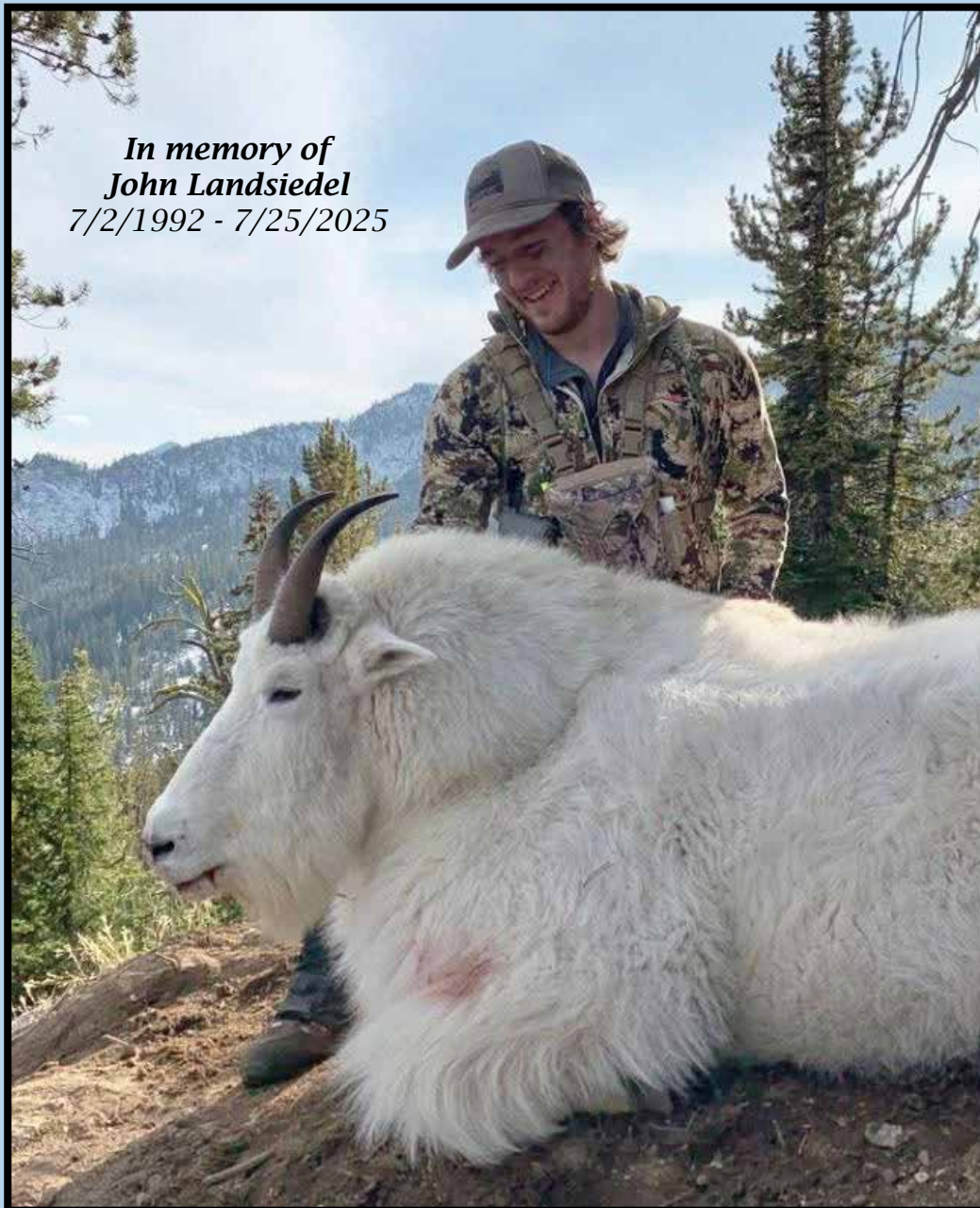




2026-2027 Alaska Hunting Regulations

Governing general, subsistence, and commercial uses of Alaska's wildlife



*In memory of
John Landsiedel
7/2/1992 - 7/25/2025*

Effective July 1, 2026 - June 30, 2027

- For hunts on federal lands, check federal regulations to see if you are eligible to hunt
- Visit hunt.alaska.gov for the most up-to-date regulation information



The regulations in this publication are taken from Title 5, Alaska Administrative Code and Title 16 of Alaska Statutes, both available for inspection at any Alaska Department of Fish and Game office. Other sections of Title 5, Alaska Administrative Code are included in the following publications: Alaska Trapping Regulations, Alaska Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations, and Subsistence and Drawing supplements. These publications are also available at all Alaska Department of Fish and Game offices or at: hunt.alaska.gov.

This publication is an interpretive summary of the Alaska Hunting Regulations and contains rules, which affect most hunters, which have been simplified for your convenience. It is not a legal document and it is not quoted verbatim from state law. For further details, consult your local Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G), Division of Wildlife Conservation representative.

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Photo on the cover: John Landsiedel was an Alaska Department of Fish and Game Area Wildlife Biologist that was lost tragically in an off-duty plane crash. John was an enthusiastic and dedicated employee who engaged in wildlife management activities that were logistically, physically, and emotionally challenging to a level that most people will never experience in their careers. He was loved by both his colleagues and his community and will be sorely missed.

Photographs seen throughout this publication have been used with permission from the owners. Photographs submitted cannot always be used and must be accompanied by an accurate hunt description that can be verified, along with permission from the photographer for their use, and contact information for both the hunter and the photographer.

For information on submitting photos, see <https://alaska.gov/go/OAM6>.

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The State of Alaska is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer. Contact the Division of Wildlife Conservation at (907) 465-4190 for alternative formats of this publication.

Comments or questions regarding this publication may be emailed to natalie.weber@alaska.gov.

Office Locations	ADF&G Wildlife Conservation:	ADPS Alaska Wildlife Troopers:
Anchor Point		(907) 235-8239
Anchorage	(907) 267-2257	(907) 352-5401
Aniak		(907) 675-4398
Bethel	(907) 543-2839	(907) 543-2294
Cantwell		(907) 768-4050
Coldfoot		(907) 678-5211
Cordova	(907) 424-3215	(907) 424-3184
Craig	(907) 826-2561	(907) 826-2291
Delta Junction	(907) 895-4484	(907) 895-4681
Dillingham	(907) 842-2334	(907) 842-5351
Douglas	(907) 465-4265	
Dutch Harbor		(907) 581-1432
Fairbanks	(907) 459-7206	(907) 451-5100
Galena	(907) 656-1345	(907) 656-1233
Girdwood		(907) 352-5401
Glennallen	(907) 822-3461	(907) 822-3263
Haines		(907) 766-2533
Homer	(907) 235-8191	
Hoonah		(907) 945-3620
Juneau		(907) 465-4000
Ketchikan	(907) 225-2475	(907) 225-5111
King Salmon	(907) 246-3340	(907) 246-3307
Kodiak	(907) 486-1880	(907) 486-4762
Kotzebue	(907) 442-3420	(907) 442-3241
Mat-Su West		(907) 352-5401
McGrath	(907) 524-3323	(907) 524-3222
Nome	(907) 443-2271	(907) 443-2429
Palmer	(907) 746-6322	(907) 745-4247
Petersburg	(907) 772-3801	(907) 772-3983
St. Marys		(907) 543-2294
Seward		(907) 224-3935
Sitka	(907) 747-5449	(907) 747-3254
Soldotna	(907) 262-9368	(907) 262-4573
Tok	(907) 883-2971	(907) 883-4471
Utqiagvik	(907) 852-3464	
Valdez		(907) 835-4307
Wrangell		(907) 874-3215

Alaska Wildlife Troopers in the Department of Public Safety enforce the hunting regulations outlined in this summary booklet. If you have witnessed a violation, please call the office nearest you from the list above or the Alaska Fish and Wildlife Safeguard toll-free at 1-800-478-3377 or text "AKTIPS" to 847411.

Dear Alaskan Hunters,

I came to Alaska in 1983 in search of opportunity and with a desire to explore the vast wilderness that defines our great State. As your Governor and fellow hunter and outdoorsman, I remain committed to supporting hunting opportunities for all Alaskans.

The regulations in this book safeguard our wildlife resources so our children and grandchildren can grow up with the same outdoor opportunities we inherited. The licenses, tags, and permits we purchase fund game-management, conservation, and wildlife research programs that support hunting and recreation for all Alaskans, helping ensure these traditions endure for future generations. The staff at Alaska's Department of Fish and Game are standing by to assist you, if you have any questions.

We are blessed to live in this State, and I hope you will join me in the field this fall for your own Alaskan hunting adventure. Stay safe and look out for each other. Happy hunting!

Sincerely,



Mike Dunleavy
Governor



Governor Dunleavy with lifelong Alaskan Israel Payton's incredible 80 inch bull moose. Harvested in 2017, the moose placed #2 in the all-time record book.

Dear Fellow Alaskan Hunters,

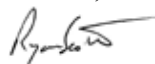
I'm excited to say the 2026–2027 hunting regulations are available, and that we are moving quickly to the new year's hunting seasons! The regulations booklet is intended to assist you in understanding Alaska's hunting regulations by location, species, and season. Sometimes it can be daunting to sort out all the information, so I encourage you to stop by or call any of our Division of Wildlife Conservation regional and area wildlife offices for assistance (see page 2 for contact information).

Alaska is rich in wildlife and many other resources, many of which are closely tied to our wildlife. Our state's fresh and saltwater bodies, estuaries, mountains, glaciers, and vast size provide Alaskans incredible opportunities for enjoyment. Many places are accessible year round and I encourage folks to venture out and enjoy our wildlife and wild places.

Hunters and trappers play a significant role in the success of wildlife management in Alaska. From observations in the field and mentoring new hunters, to providing funding from purchasing licenses, locking tags, firearms, and ammunition, hunters and trappers are essential to wildlife management in Alaska. This funding is used to ensure wildlife resources are appropriately managed through Survey & Inventory work, for wildlife research, for reintroductions such as wood bison, and to provide access to many locations across the state. Wildlife management and stewardship depends on help from all Alaskans. During the COVID years residents greatly increased their resident license and tag purchases, directly impacting the work that the Division of Wildlife Conservation can do. Folks took the opportunity and time to get outside to enjoy our wildlife and take advantage of the opportunities we have here. It does my heart good to see the trend continue. Keep after it!

It is a privilege to serve as the director for wildlife conservation working with so many dedicated staff members, constituents, and hunters and trappers across Alaska. Thank you all. I hope this season provides great memories, enjoyment, and good food on your table.

Be Safe, Have Fun & Good Hunting!



Ryan Scott, Director
Division of Wildlife Conservation



Ryan Scott enjoying time with his family.

How Alaska's Hunting Regulations are Changed

Alaska has a very public process of setting hunting regulations. The Board of Game determines the hunting regulations and meets at least twice a year. The board deals with topics on a rotating basis. When the agenda for the next meeting is set, the board issues a "Call for Proposals," which is sent to various agencies, groups, individuals, and is published online and in Alaska newspapers.

Advisory committees were created to provide a local forum to discuss and make recommendations on fish and wildlife issues before the board. There are currently 84 local fish and game advisory committees. Advisory committees meet and develop proposals relating to the committee's concerns, and meet after all proposals are published to comment and provide reasons opposing or supporting proposals.

Any individual or group in the state can propose a change in a hunting regulation:

- You can submit a proposal online at <https://www.adfg.alaska.gov/index.cfm?adfg=gameboard.main> or use the printed proposal form available at local ADF&G offices or boards support section.
- Use clear and concise wording on your proposal.
- State the Alaska Administrative Code number (for example, 5 AAC 92.990) for the regulation you want to change, or provide the general heading and page number in the present regulation book.
- State the problem you are trying to correct and list the reasons why you want the regulation changed.
- Submit your proposal before the deadline.
- Questions? Call Boards Support at (907) 465-4110 or (907) 267-2354.

Join the email list to receive notices for meetings, regulation changes, proposals, and other information from the Board of Game. Visit hunt.alaska.gov to sign up!

Following is a list of species referenced in this book, together with the section of Alaska Administrative Code that addresses seasons and bag limits for each species (5 AAC 85.xxx; for example, 5 AAC 85.015 pertains to black bear.)

bison	(.010)
black bear	(.015)
brown/grizzly bear	(.020)
caribou	(.025)
deer.....	(.030)
elk.....	(.035)
goat.....	(.040)
moose	(.045)
musk oxen	(.050)
Dall sheep	(.055)
wolf	(.056)
wolverine.....	(.057)
fur animals	(.060)
small game	(.065)
unclassified game.....	(.070)
deleterious exotic wildlife.....	(.075)

If an Alaska Wildlife Trooper, Alaska State Trooper, police officer, or authorized Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) employee asks to see your license, locking-tags, harvest tickets, permits, game, or any equipment used to take game, you must show any or all of these items.

Plan ahead now - what's happening and when?

July

- New hunting regulation books are available
- New harvest tickets for the regulatory year are available

November

- Drawing and Subsistence supplements are available
- Agenda Change Requests are due November 1 for the upcoming Board of Game meetings

December

- Online permit applications (Drawing and Subsistence) due by 5 p.m. (AKST) on December 15, 2026

January

- Board of Game work session, January 22, 2027 in Kotzebue
- Board of Game meeting, Western Arctic Region, January 22-26, 2027 in Kotzebue

January (continued)

- New hunting licenses and big game locking-tags are available

February

- Drawing and Subsistence permits awarded

March

- Undersubscribed Drawing permits announced
- Board of Game meeting, Interior and Eastern Arctic, March 19-26, 2027 in Fairbanks

April

- Proposals for winter 2027-2028 Board of Game meetings (Central/Southwest Region, and Statewide) are due by end of the month

MAJOR CHANGES IN 2026-2027 REGULATIONS

This is a summary of changes adopted by the Alaska Board of Game for regulatory year 2026-2027. This is not a comprehensive list of all the detailed changes. It is your responsibility to read the Alaska Hunting Regulations carefully for complete information. Changes to existing hunts and new hunts are shown in red throughout this regulation book.

BLACK BEAR

Unit 14C, remainder: increased bag limit to three.

Unit 14C, remainder: allowed the take of black bears over bait the same day you have flown.

BROWN BEAR

Unit 1C, Chilkat Range mountains: changed registration permit requirement to RB063 and RB073; increased resident bag limit from one every four regulatory years to one every regulatory year.

Unit 3: increased resident bag limit from one every four regulatory years to one every regulatory year.

Unit 5: increased bag limit from one every four regulatory years to one every regulatory year.

Units 6, 7, 14C, and 15: a wounded brown bear will count against the bag limit for the regulatory year.

Units 7 and 15: shortened the season.

Unit 14C, remainder: extended the season.

Unit 14C, remainder: allowed the take of brown bears over bait the same day you have flown.

CARIBOU

Units 22, 23, and southwest 26A, Western Arctic Herd Caribou: closed to the take of cow caribou.

Unit 26B, remainder: closed to the take of cow caribou.

DEER

Unit 1A, Cleveland Peninsula: increased bag limit and extended the season.

Unit 4, Chichagof Island east of Port Frederick and north of Tenakee Inlet, drainages running south into Tenakee Inlet: increased bag limit.

ELK

Unit 3, Zarembo Island, DE324: closed to nonresidents.

Unit 8, RE755: extended the season.

GOAT

Units 1, 4, and 5: a wounded goat will count against the bag limit.

Unit 8, RG471, RG472, RG473, RG474, RG476: extended the season.

LYNX

Units 7 and 15: extended the season.

MOOSE

Unit 15B, Kalgin Island, RM572: extended the season.

Unit 19C, Farewell, RM653: Permits available on a first-come, first-served basis; limited number of permits available.

SHEEP

Statewide: a person must have successfully completed a department-approved hunter orientation course before sheep hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is one ram with full-curl horn or larger.

WOLF

Units 1B remainder, 1C, 1D: extended the season to May 31.

RESTRICTED AREAS

Unit 3, Petersburg Road System Closed Area: repealed a closed area and added it to the Petersburg Management Area.

Unit 15C, Lower Kenai Controlled Use Area: changed the boundary and applied the motorized restrictions to all big game.

MISCELLANEOUS

Units 1-5: established a hunting season for mountain lions.

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Hunting seasons, types of hunts, and other resources

Hunting seasons and bag limits for big game are listed by unit on pages 39-139 of this book. Hunting seasons and bag limits for other game are listed on pages 140-142. **If the species is not listed, you MAY NOT hunt that species.**

Sometimes seasons need to be changed on short notice. When this happens, ADF&G issues emergency orders to protect a wildlife resource. Emergency orders are as legally binding as regulations adopted by the Board of Game and statutes adopted by the legislature. Emergency orders are posted at ADF&G offices and at: hunt.alaska.gov

Not familiar with this book?

First, read the statewide general information on pages 7-38.

Game Management Unit (unit) descriptions for each area of the state are listed beginning on page 39. In each unit listing, you will find the big game species you may hunt as well as the bag limits and seasons for each species. A map of each unit is included for your reference. At the beginning of each set of unit pages, or on the map for that unit, restricted areas are clearly listed. Here you will learn which areas of that unit have restrictions, or are closed to hunting, or where methods of access are controlled by state Board of Game regulation. Remember, these restrictions are in addition to any restrictions imposed by landowners (e.g., private or federal).

Make your hunt a legal hunt

When planning a hunt, you should determine the following details and be certain you understand the ADF&G definition of each, as all these components play a factor in ensuring your hunt is legal.

- *Who is going to hunt? (Are you a resident, nonresident, nonresident alien, youth hunter, or a disabled hunter?)*
- *Where do you plan to hunt? (Which unit, which subunit? Is your hunt in a restricted area?)*
- *How are you going to hunt? (Are there weapons restrictions or access restrictions?)*
- *What species do you want to hunt? (Is there an open season for that species in the area you wish to hunt?)*
- *When do you plan to hunt? (Seasons)*
- *What is the legal animal? (Bull, cow, horn or antler restrictions?)*

Hunting seasons

There are hunting seasons for residents and nonresidents. Hunts are open to residents (R), nonresidents (N), and both residents and nonresidents (B), as shown in the far left column of the unit pages. See page 38 for an example of the format.

Nonresidents are allowed to hunt when there is enough game to allow everyone to participate. When there isn't enough game, nonresident hunters are restricted or eliminated first. If more restrictions are necessary, seasons and bag limits may be reduced or eliminated for some residents.

Types of hunts:

General Season
Drawing
Registration
Tier I/II
Community Subsistence Harvest
Targeted

More information on each type of hunt can be found on pages 14 and 15.

Reporting your harvest

To protect, conserve, and enhance our wildlife populations in Alaska, ADF&G needs to know how many animals are taken by hunters. ADF&G collects harvest information using a variety of methods.

Harvest reports are used in some general season hunts, permit reports are used in permit hunts, and sealing information is collected for certain species.

ADF&G requires hunters to return harvest and permit reports even when they did not hunt or no game was taken, in order to help measure hunting pressure and hunter effort. You can find more information regarding harvest and permit tickets and reports on pages 14 and 15.

Remember, ignorance is no excuse; YOU MUST KNOW THE LAW! Read and understand the hunting regulations BEFORE YOU HUNT. If you violate a game law, YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR YOUR ACTIONS.

Other information sources

Each fall, we publish additional information regarding Drawing and Subsistence (Tier I/II and Community Subsistence Harvest) hunts in separate supplements available online, at ADF&G offices, and vendors. For more information on these hunts, see page 15.

Migratory game bird (waterfowl) hunting regulations are available in mid-August at ADF&G offices and vendors. To take waterfowl, if you are 18 years of age or older, you must have a hunting license, state and federal duck stamps (some exceptions apply, see the current waterfowl regulations for duck stamp requirements), and follow the seasons, bag limits, and methods and means permitted.

Marine mammal harvest is controlled by the federal government. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service can provide information on hunting walrus, polar bears, and sea otters. For information on hunting seals, sea lions, and beluga whales, contact the National Marine Fisheries Service at 1-800-853-1964.

For information on obtaining a copy of the federal subsistence regulations, see page 8.

Hunter Harassment Law

It is against state law (AS 16.05.790) to intentionally obstruct or hinder another person's lawful hunting, fishing, trapping or viewing of fish and game. Illegal activities include positioning one's self in a location where human presence may alter the behavior of fish or game another person is pursuing. It is also illegal to create a sight, sound, smell, or physical stimulus to alter the behavior of fish and game another person is attempting to take.

The law does not prohibit lawful competitive practices among hunters, fishermen, or trappers. Violators of this statute are subject to a fine of up to \$500 and/or up to 30 days in jail.

Know who owns the land where you plan to hunt

Land ownership and public access information

The U.S. Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and the Alaska Department of Natural Resources (DNR) maintain general land status records. Both agencies also maintain records indicating the availability of public access (roads, trails, campsites) that can be used to reach public lands and waters. Access and use of the State of Alaska’s navigable and public waters is protected under the state constitution and statutes. Use of these waters, below the ordinary high-water mark, does not require a permit from the upland owner. For more information on land status and access contact: BLM Public Information Center (907) 271-5960; DNR Public Information Center (907) 269-8400 or visit DNR’s website at <https://mapper.dnr.alaska.gov/>

Digital maps that display land ownership are also available commercially for GPS units and mobile devices.

State lands

State lands are open to hunting unless they are closed by state, local, or municipal laws.

State Park lands

Parts of the state park system are open to hunting. Laws about the discharge of firearms and land use regulations vary from park to park. For information call the DNR Public Information Center at (907) 269-8400.

State Refuge lands

Most state refuge lands are open to hunting, but there may be access or registration requirements. For more information call the ADF&G office nearest the refuge where you plan to hunt.

Federal public lands

Subject to federal restrictions and closures, most federal public lands are open to hunting under state regulations; however, National Parks and National Park Monuments are closed to hunting except by those eligible under National Park Service regulations.

Additionally, a ★ symbol in this book indicates other federal regulations may apply, and can be found in the Unit pages when applicable. If you are planning to hunt on federal lands consult the federal

subsistence regulations. Calling federal agencies is also advised as in-season closures can occur at any time and may not be reflected in their biennial regulatory publication.

For more information or a copy of the federal subsistence regulations, contact the U.S. Department of Interior, Office of Subsistence Management by phone 1-800-478-1456, by email subsistence@ios.doi.gov, or visit their website at <https://www.doi.gov/subsistence/osm> You may also contact the following agencies by phone:

National Parks and Preserves: National Park Service (907) 644-3509
National Wildlife Refuges: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 1-800-478-1456
National Recreation Areas: Bureau of Land Management (907) 271-5960
National Forests: U.S. Forest Service (907) 586-8806

Local restrictions

Local, municipal, or federal governments may prohibit the discharge of firearms or access to an area. Check with the agency with jurisdiction for more information.

Private lands

State hunting regulations apply to private land, but do not guarantee access. Most of Alaska’s land is in public ownership and managed by federal or state agencies. However, a significant portion of the state is in individual or corporate ownership. If you intend to hunt on private lands in Alaska, make sure you have permission from the landowner.

Regional Native Corporation lands

The largest private landowners in the state are Native village and regional corporations. If you wish to hunt on these private lands, you must contact the appropriate land management office to determine if a land use permit and/or fees are required. Some of these lands are closed to use by non-shareholders. Many corporations have land status maps available. See table below:

Native Corporation lands contact information		
Unit	Corporation	Phone
1-5	Sealaska	(907) 586-1512
6-7	Chugach	(907) 563-8866
8	Koniag	(907) 486-2530
	Afognak	(907) 486-6014
9, 17	Bristol Bay	(907) 278-3602
10	Aleut	(907) 561-4300
11, 13	Ahtna	(907) 822-3476
14-16	Cook Inlet	(907) 274-8638
18-19, 21	Calista	(907) 279-5516
12, 19-21 & 24-25	Doyon	(907) 459-2030
22	Bering Strait	(907) 443-5252
23	NANA	(907) 442-3301
26	Arctic Slope	(907) 852-8633

Military lands

Civilians are allowed to hunt on some military lands. Hunters must obtain a recreation access permit prior to entering military lands. Access may be closed on short notice, and an access fee may be charged. All designated impact areas are permanently closed to access because unexploded ordnance (UXO) may be present in the area. Contact the Alaska State Troopers at (907) 451-5100 to report potential UXO. See box below for more information.

Military contact information	
Eielson AFB.....	(907) 377-5182
Ft. Wainwright and Donnelly Training Area information can be found at: https://usatrak.isportsman.net	
Joint Base Elmendorf Richardson (JBER).....	(907) 552-9453
.....	(907) 552-8609
https://jber.recaccess.com/	

Alaska resident licenses and big game locking-tags

Big game locking-tags, not to be confused with harvest tickets (shown on page 14), are numbered metal locking objects that must be purchased prior to hunting. Resident locking-tags are not required for most species. In areas where a locking-tag is required, it must be locked on a part of the animal required to be salvaged (skull, hide, or meat) prior to leaving the kill site and must remain there until the animal is prepared for storage, consumed, or exported. Harvest tickets or permits may also be required prior to hunting.

Licenses and big game locking-tags are available online at: hunt.alaska.gov

An Alaska resident is...

- a person (including an alien) who is physically present in Alaska with the intent to remain indefinitely and make a home here, has maintained that person’s domicile in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding the application for a license, and is not claiming residency or obtaining benefits under a claim of residency in another state, territory, or country; OR
- a member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has been stationed in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding the application for a license; OR
- a dependent of a resident member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has lived in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding the application for a license.

A person who does not otherwise qualify as a resident may not qualify by virtue of an interest in an Alaska business.

If you have any questions about your residency call your local Alaska Wildlife Troopers (phone numbers on page 2).

Alaska residents ages 17 years or younger are not required to possess a license to hunt. Alaska residents ages 18 years or older must possess a valid license to hunt. Alaska residents ages 60 years or older may apply for a free permanent identification card in lieu of a license. **In addition to a license, all hunters must carry any required harvest tickets, permits, locking-tag(s) and duck stamps while hunting.** Children under 10 years old are not allowed to have their own harvest tickets or permits. (See youth hunting information, page 13.)

Resident license fees

Hunting.....	\$45
Trapping.....	\$25
Hunting/trapping.....	\$65
Hunting/sport fishing.....	\$60
Hunting/trapping/sport fishing.....	\$85
Low-income.....	\$5
Waterfowl stamp.....	\$10

Resident license requirements:

If you are...	you will need...
17 or under...	no license required
18-59...	license required
60 or over...	free permanent ID

Resident locking-tags

Residents hunting for most species are not required to obtain a locking-tag, but may be required to obtain a harvest ticket or permit.

Residents must possess a locking-tag before hunting brown/grizzly bears in some locations (see locking-tag requirements for bears, page 24).

Residents must possess a locking-tag before hunting muskox in nonsubsistence hunts; residents hunting muskox in Units 18, 21D, 24D, and 26B must pay the appropriate locking-tag fee. A locking-tag is not required for residents hunting muskox in subsistence hunts in Units 22, 23, and 26.

Resident locking-tag fees

Brown/grizzly bear.....	\$25
Muskox nonsubsistence hunts:	
• Unit 18	
Drawing.....	\$500
Registration.....	\$25
• Unit 21D, 24D, 26B	
Drawing.....	\$500

Buying your licenses and locking-tags

Licenses and big game locking-tags must be purchased and are available from most license vendors and online at hunt.alaska.gov. Hunting licenses and big game locking-tags are only valid for the calendar year printed on the license or locking-tag. Check with your local sporting goods or hardware store to see if they sell licenses and locking-tags.

Low-income licenses

You can buy a low-income license for \$5 if your family or household income is equal to or less than the most recent poverty guidelines for the state set by the U.S. Department of Health and

Human Services for the year preceding the application. The \$5 license is for hunting, trapping, and sport fishing; it is not a “subsistence” license. Low-income license holders do not need a king salmon or a state duck stamp; however, you must still obtain any required harvest tickets, permits, or locking-tags.

Alaska residents 60 or older

Resident hunters 60 years or older may apply for a free permanent identification card (PID) that replaces the annual licenses for hunting, trapping, and sport fishing. A PID is valid as long as Alaska residency is maintained. If you hold a PID, you no longer need to buy an annual king salmon or state duck stamp. However, you must still obtain any required locking-tags, harvest tickets, and permits.

Disabled Alaska veterans

Disabled veterans who are Alaska residents may qualify for a free hunting, sport fishing, and trapping license that is valid as long as Alaska residency is maintained. This replaces the annual licenses for hunting, sport fishing and trapping, as well as king salmon and state duck stamps. To receive this license you must have been honorably discharged from military service, be eligible for a loan under AS 18.56.101, and be certified by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) as having incurred a 50 percent or greater disability during military service. Written proof from the VA is required at the time of application.

To obtain a license

Licenses for Alaska residents 60 years and older or disabled veterans are available online at hunt.alaska.gov and at any ADF&G office. Licenses for Alaskan residents who are 70 percent physically disabled, or developmentally disabled are available at any ADF&G office.

For applications and information, contact:	ADF&G Licensing Section PO Box 115525 Juneau, AK 99811-5525	(907) 465-2376 (phone) (907) 465-2440 (fax) adfg.license@alaska.gov
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Nonresident/nonresident alien licenses and locking-tags

Big game locking-tags, not to be confused with harvest tickets (shown on page 14), are numbered metal locking objects that must be purchased prior to hunting and are required for big game species. The locking-tag must be locked on a part of the animal required to be salvaged (skull, hide, or meat) prior to leaving the kill site and must remain there until the animal is prepared for storage, consumed, or exported. Harvest tickets or permits may also be required prior to hunting.

A nonresident...
- is anyone who is not a resident of Alaska, but is a U.S. citizen; or an alien who maintains a permanent place of abode in the United States.
-who hunts for brown/grizzly bear, Dall sheep, or mountain goat, must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide or resident relative within second-degree of kindred age 19 or older** who possesses a valid Alaska hunting license. The guide or resident relative must be within 100 yards of the nonresident when they attempt to take game.
See guide information on right side of page.

A nonresident alien...
- is anyone who is a citizen of a foreign country and who is not a resident of Alaska.
- must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide to hunt any big game animal. The guide must be within 100 yards of the nonresident alien when they attempt to take game.

All nonresidents, regardless of age, must have appropriate licenses and big game locking-tags. Hunting licenses and big game locking-tags are valid for a specific calendar year. In addition to licenses and locking-tags, all nonresidents 10 years or older must also have appropriate harvest tickets or permits. Nonresidents under the age of 10 will not be issued harvest tickets or permits. (See youth hunting information, page 13.)

Nonresident big game locking-tags

Nonresident and nonresident alien hunters must buy the appropriate locking-tag before hunting a big game animal. Prior to leaving the kill site, the locking-tag must be locked on a part of the animal required to be salvaged. The locking-tag must remain on the animal until the animal is prepared for storage, consumed, or exported.

A big game locking-tag may be used for a species of equal or lesser value. You must have obtained a harvest ticket or a permit for the other species prior to hunting. For example, if you purchase a \$1,000 brown bear locking-tag, but do not take a brown bear, and take a moose instead, you may use the bear locking-tag on the moose, because the moose has a lesser locking-tag value.

A locking-tag may not be used more than once. The value of two or more locking-tags may not be combined.

Nonresident license fees
Small game hunting.....\$60
Small game: grouse, hare (other than Belgian hare), ptarmigan, waterfowl, crane, and snipe
Hunting (all game).....\$160
Hunting and trapping.....\$405
Alien hunting.....\$630
Waterfowl stamp.....\$10

Nonresident locking-tag fees
(Prices are for one locking-tag each)
Black bear.....\$450
*Brown/grizzly bear.....\$1,000
Bison.....\$900
Caribou.....\$650
*Dall sheep.....\$850
Deer.....\$300
Elk.....\$600
Moose.....\$800
*Mountain goat.....\$600
Muskox.....\$2,200
Wolf ¹.....\$60
Wolverine.....\$350

Nonresident alien locking-tags fees:
(Prices are for one locking-tag each)
*Black bear.....\$600
*Brown/grizzly bear.....\$1,300
*Bison.....\$1,300
*Caribou.....\$850
*Dall sheep.....\$1,100
*Deer.....\$400
*Elk.....\$800
*Moose.....\$1,000
*Mountain goat.....\$800
*Muskox.....\$3,000
*Wolf ¹.....\$100
*Wolverine.....\$500

*guide required

¹a locking-tag is not required for wolves in Units 1, 3, 9-10, 12-13, 15-21, and 24-25; however, a guide is still required for nonresident aliens

See Unit pages 39-139 for harvest ticket and permit requirements.

Vendors:
You may issue harvest tickets whether or not a locking-tag has been purchased for a particular species. Contact any ADF&G office if you have questions.

Guide & Transporter information
Nonresidents who hunt brown/grizzly bear, Dall sheep, or mountain goat must be personally accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide OR an Alaska resident relative 19 years or older within second-degree of kindred** holding a current Alaska hunting license. The guide or relative must be within 100 yards of the nonresident when they attempt to take game.

Nonresident aliens (non-U.S. citizens) hunting any big game must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide and the guide must be within 100 yards of the nonresident alien when they attempt to take game.

It is illegal for anyone, except an Alaska-licensed guide, to be compensated for any supplies, equipment, or services (other than transportation) provided to a big game hunter in the field. Transporters and individuals cannot legally be compensated for vehicles, fuel, bait, camping, hunting, bear baiting, or game processing equipment, or any hunting services such as cleaning of game, glassing, packing, etc. from a permanent, or nonpermanent structure in the field, or on a boat on saltwater.

Licensed transporters may provide transportation services and accommodations (room and board) only at a personally-owned permanent structure in the field, or on a boat on saltwater. It is illegal for a transporter to accompany or remain in the field at a nonpermanent structure with a big game hunter who is a client of the transporter except as necessary to perform transportation services. Unlicensed individuals may not legally provide transportation or accommodations for compensation.

****Second-degree of kindred:**
father, mother, brother, sister, son, daughter, spouse, grandparent, grandchild, brother/sister-in-law, son/daughter-in-law, father/mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepsister, stepbrother, stepson, or stepdaughter.

Military licenses and locking-tags

All military personnel must comply with Alaska regulations, regardless of where they hunt. License and locking-tag requirements are explained below; however, harvest tickets or permits may also be required prior to hunting.

Resident military personnel

Active members of the Alaska National Guard, U.S. Army Reserve, U.S. Air Force Reserve, U.S. Navy Reserve, U.S. Marine Corps Reserve, or U.S. Coast Guard Reserve may qualify for a free hunting license. The application for this license may be completed online at hunt.alaska.gov and can only be issued by the Licensing Section in Juneau.

Nonresident military personnel on all lands

Active duty members of the U.S. military or the U.S. Coast Guard and their dependents, who do not qualify as residents and who are permanently stationed in Alaska (with Permanent Change of Station) may obtain a special nonresident military hunting license. Nonresident military license holders must follow nonresident seasons and bag limits until they qualify as a resident (see page 9). Active duty nonresident military personnel and their dependents that receive this nonresident military hunting license are required to purchase locking-tags for brown/grizzly bear and muskox at the resident rates. Locking-tags for sheep and goat are also required but may be obtained at no cost. Locking-tags are not required for the other big game species, however guides are still required for brown/grizzly bear, Dall sheep, and mountain goat. (See pg. 10 for more guide information.)

Nonresident military license fees

Hunting.....	\$45
Hunting/sport fishing.....	\$60

Nonresident military locking-tag fees

(Prices are for one locking-tag each)

*Brown/grizzly bear.....	\$25
*Dall sheep.....	free
*Mountain goat.....	free
Muskox	
Drawing hunt.....	\$500
Registration hunt.....	\$25

*guide required

Deployed military personnel permit transfers and reissues

Active duty military personnel **deployed for official business** who are unable to use their Drawing or Tier II permit may qualify for the following permit provisions:

- Drawing permit holder may be reissued a permit for the same hunt the following regulatory year.
- Tier II permit holder may transfer their permit to a substitute hunter who is a resident of Alaska. The person originally issued the permit has all rights to the game harvested under this permit transfer.

Forms and additional information are available online at hunt.alaska.gov or by contacting your nearest ADF&G office.

Completed forms should be emailed to dfg.dwc.huntpermit.reissue@alaska.gov or mailed to:

**Alaska Department of Fish and Game
Division of Wildlife Conservation
ATTN: Permit Hunt Administrator
1801 S Margaret Dr, Ste 4
Palmer, AK 99645**

Hunters: You can help fight hunger in Alaska

Hunters have donated thousands of pounds of wild meat to charitable organizations in recent years. Such donations of unprocessed meat are legal and can represent a significant contribution to their programs. Hunters are encouraged to consider donating surplus or unneeded moose, caribou, or deer carcasses to Food Bank of Alaska. With prior notification, some air carriers will fly donated carcasses to Anchorage at no cost to the hunter. Check with air carrier(s) in your hunt area before taking the carcass to an airport for flight information and other details. Food Bank of Alaska will pay for processing costs in Anchorage. The finished product will be donated to shelters, soup kitchens, and more than 250 other agencies serving the needy statewide. Use the Transfer of Possession Form on the inside back cover of this publication, or create your own to donate the meat to Food Bank of Alaska. For further information on donating unprocessed game, call the Food Bank of Alaska at (907) 272-3663.

A current list of licensed guides, transporters, and general information on guiding is available online at: <https://www.commerce.alaska.gov/web/cbpl/ProfessionalLicensing/BigGameCommercialServicesBoard.aspx> or may be obtained by mail for \$5 from:

Alaska Department of Commerce, Community & Economic Development
(ADCCED) Division of Corporate, Business & Professional Licensing
P.O. Box 110806
Juneau, AK 99811-0806
(907) 465-2543

Proxy hunting provisions for disabled and elderly Alaskans

An Alaska resident (the beneficiary) may obtain an authorization allowing another Alaska resident (the proxy) to hunt bison, caribou, deer, moose, or muskox, for them if they are blind, 70-percent physically disabled, 65 years of age or older, or are developmentally disabled. A person may not be a proxy for more than one beneficiary at a time.

Proxy hunting is allowed for bison hunts, most caribou hunts, most deer hunts, some moose hunts, and some muskox hunts. See below for details:

You may proxy hunt for bison in all units.

You may proxy hunt for caribou EXCEPT:

- Mulchatna Caribou Herd (RC503) hunts before Nov 1 in Units 9A, 9B, 9C within the Alagnak River drainage, 17B, 17C, 18, 19A, 19B, and 19E.

You may proxy hunt for deer EXCEPT:

- in Unit 5A, Youth Hunt Mgmt. Area from Oct 15-Oct 31.

You may proxy hunt for moose in:

- Tier II hunts;
- bull hunts with no antler restrictions;
- antlered bull hunts with no antler restrictions;
- antlerless moose hunts;

EXCEPT, you may NOT proxy hunt moose in:

- 20D moose (DM795);
- Unit 20E moose (RM865);
- Units 21B, 21C, 21D, and 24 if either the proxy hunter or the beneficiary holds a Drawing permit for moose in Units 21B, 21C, 21D, and 24.

You may proxy hunt for muskox in Tier II hunts.

Antler destruction in proxy hunts:

- Consists of removing at least one antler from the skull plate, or cutting the skull plate in half to destroy the trophy value.
- Is required for moose, caribou, and deer.
- Is required for each animal taken by the proxy hunter (both the proxy hunter's animals and the beneficiary's animals).
- Must occur at the kill site unless uncut antlers must be submitted to ADF&G for measuring. Antler destruction will be completed after measuring by ADF&G.

Additional special restrictions:

- Unit 13, you may not be a proxy hunter more than once per season per species.
- Units 20B, 20D, 20E, 20F, and 25C caribou Registration hunts (RC860 and RC867) you may not be a proxy hunter more than once per regulatory year.
- Units 20A and 20B, you may not be a proxy hunter more than once per season for moose.

Either party may obtain the Proxy Hunting Authorization form to be completed and signed by both parties. Both beneficiary and proxy must have obtained licenses, regardless of age, and any necessary harvest tickets and/or permits, before applying for a Proxy Hunting Authorization at any ADF&G office or other issuing location. Resident hunters age 10–17 may proxy hunt, but must obtain a current hunting license.

In order for the beneficiary to qualify based on a physical or developmental disability, a physician's affidavit is required. The affidavit must document a 70-percent or greater physical disability, or a qualifying developmental disability, and must be signed by an Alaska-licensed physician. Physician's affidavits and definitions of qualifying physical and developmental disabilities may be obtained online at hunt.alaska.gov.

Once validated, this authorization will allow the proxy to hunt for the beneficiary until the end of the regulatory year. As a proxy, you may hunt for the beneficiary and yourself at the same time, as long as the appropriate licenses, harvest tickets and/or permits for both hunters are in your possession. The beneficiary may not hunt while the proxy is hunting for them.

The beneficiary is responsible for all harvest and permit reporting, whether or not the proxy is successful.

The proxy is responsible for providing the beneficiary with the information necessary for the beneficiary to properly report. The Proxy Hunting Authorization may not be used in federal subsistence Registration hunts.

Complete details of proxy hunting are available at ADF&G offices; see page 2 for phone numbers.

To ensure the efficient and timely completion of your proxy paperwork, please verify your physician's affidavit clearly states a developmental disability or a 70-percent or greater physical disability.

Other disability provisions

Those who are at least 70-percent physically disabled qualify for the special provisions outlined below:

A person with physical disabilities may obtain a permit to shoot big game from a boat in Units 1-5, or black bear from a boat in Unit 6D. Permit holders may only shoot from a boat when the motor is turned off and when progress from the motor has ceased. Applications are available at the ADF&G office nearest the hunt area.

A person with physical disabilities may take game from a motorized vehicle in portions of Units 7 and 15 within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge. This person must require a wheelchair for mobility, obtain a permit from ADF&G, and be in compliance with Kenai National Wildlife Refuge regulations. ADF&G may require that the permit holder be accompanied by another hunter with a valid hunting license capable of assisting with the retrieval of game taken by the permit holder. For more information on acquiring a permit to hunt within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge, contact ADF&G in Soldotna at (907) 262-9368.

For further information on disability provisions, contact ADF&G by phone at (907) 465-4148 or by email at dfg.dwc.permits@alaska.gov.

Hunter Education Requirements

ADF&G offers four types of certification courses: Basic Hunter Education, Bowhunter Education, Crossbow Education and Muzzleloader Education. If certification is required, proof of that certification is required in the field. For more information, call (907) 267-2187, visit the Hunter Education web site at <http://huntereducation.alaska.gov>, or email dfg.dwc.hitprogram@alaska.gov.

Requirements for all hunters:

Hunter education is mandatory in most states. In Alaska, all hunters must successfully complete a Basic Hunter Education course before hunting in the following areas:

- Eagle River Management Area (14C bears and small game)
- Eklutna Lake Management Area (14C bears)
- Anchorage Coastal Wildlife Refuge (14C)
- Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson Management Area (JBER) (14C small game and big game)
- Mendenhall Wetlands State Game Refuge (1C; hunters under 13 years old may complete Basic Hunter Education or hunt under the direct supervision of an adult 21 years old or older who has completed Basic Hunter Education.
- Palmer/Wasilla Management Area (14A shotgun for big game)

In addition, hunters wishing to hunt in a weapons restricted area must successfully complete a course for the weapon with which they will be hunting. Weapons specific courses do not satisfy the Basic Hunter Education certification, and Basic Hunter Education does not satisfy bowhunter, crossbow, or muzzleloader certifications. See page 20 for information on restricted weapons.

Classes fill up quickly, do not wait until the last minute. If you have successfully completed a hunter education course elsewhere, check to see if you need to attend the Alaska course. ADF&G recognizes approved hunter education courses from other states.

Requirements for hunters before hunting in Units 7, 13, 14, 15, and 20:

If you were born after January 1, 1986 and are 18 years old or older, you must have successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course before you hunt in the units listed above.

If you are under 18 years of age, you must have either successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course or be under the direct immediate supervision of a licensed hunter who:

- (a) is 18 years of age or older and has successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course, OR
- (b) was born on or before January 1, 1986.

Hunter Education contact numbers:

Statewide	(907) 267-2373
Southeast	(907) 465-4345
Southcentral	(907) 267-2241
Interior/Arctic	(907) 459-7211



Youth Hunting

Big game bag limit for hunters under age 10, all hunts:

Hunters under age 10 may not have their own big game bag limit, so they may not obtain harvest tickets or permits. They may only take big game on behalf of a licensed hunter at least 18 years of age, and they must be under the direct, immediate supervision of that hunter. The supervising adult hunter is responsible for ensuring all legal requirements are met, and must comply with big game locking-tag requirements, if applicable, and validate required harvest tickets or permits.

Big game general season hunts for hunters age 10 and older:

Hunters age 10 and older have their own big game bag limit and must obtain their own harvest tickets. Adult supervision is not a requirement for hunters with their own harvest tickets.

Big game youth hunts only:

Basic Hunter Education is required for all youth hunters participating in "youth hunts." See page 35 for "youth hunt" definition and additional information, and see page 16 for bag limit information.

Big game permit hunts for hunters age 10 and older:

Hunters age 10 and older are allowed their own big game bag limit and may obtain their own permits. Adult supervision is not a requirement for hunters with their own permits (except youth hunts).

Hunters age 10–17 who have successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course are allowed to hunt on behalf of an adult permit holder, under the direct, immediate supervision of that adult. The adult permit holder must be a licensed hunter, 18 or older, and is responsible for ensuring all legal requirements are met. This does not apply to harvest tickets.

In all cases, if a youth is hunting big game on behalf of an adult, the bag limit and responsibility to report belongs to the adult.

Hunter Education volunteers

Each year, ADF&G trains volunteer instructors to provide quality training and education to thousands of Alaskans, teaching Hunter, Bowhunter, Crossbow, and Muzzleloader education certification courses. Common themes taught in each of these courses are hunter responsibility, ethics, wildlife conservation, management and the safe handling of firearms, muzzleloaders, crossbows, and archery equipment. During calendar year 2025, volunteer instructors around the state provided 5,456 hours of valuable instruction to 2,905 students. The 2025 Hunter Education Instructor of the Year was **John Sloss of Sterling**. The 2025 HIT Program Outstanding Educator of the Year was **James White of Juneau**. The 2025 Rural Instructor of the Year was **Joe Henry of Metlakatla**. **Steve Lanford of Fairbanks** and **Fred Moore of Seward** were given a Lifetime Achievement Award. **Tom Kron of Anchorage** and **Rick Sterling of Fairbanks** were recognized with a Legacy Award. **Jackie Veats of Fairbanks** was given a Rookie of the Year Award.

General season hunts are the least restrictive hunts. These hunts are generally open to most people and require less pre-planning than permit hunts. They are not managed as conservatively as permit hunts and are subject to fewer emergency closures. These hunts are indicated in the unit sections with the letters “HT” in the “permit/hunt #” column. Reporting your harvest is mandatory for most big game species. You must submit a harvest report for every harvest ticket you possess, even if you did not hunt. Information below explains how to complete harvest tickets and reports.

Harvest tickets are required in general season hunts for caribou, Sitka black-tailed deer, moose, and sheep in all units. Harvest tickets are also required in general season hunts for black bear in Units 1-7, 11-16, and 20. Harvest tickets are free and available online, from license vendors, and at ADF&G offices. They are valid from the date issued through June, or until the season ends. The harvest ticket number must be written on your hunting license. Harvest ticket numbers issued during the previous calendar year which are still valid must be recorded on your new hunting license.

Your harvest ticket(s) must be carried in the field and must be validated by cutting out the month and day immediately upon killing game. You must keep each validated harvest ticket(s) in your possession until that animal has been delivered to the location where it will be processed for human consumption.

You must use your deer harvest tickets in sequential order, and you must carry any unused deer harvest tickets on your person whenever you are hunting deer. Do not use deer harvest tickets to report any mule or white-tailed deer harvested (see page 28).

Harvest reports are attached to your harvest tickets. All hunters who obtain a harvest ticket are required to report.

The report need not be carried in the field, but must be completed and returned within 15 days of taking the bag limit, or within 15 days after the close of the season, even if you did not hunt or did not take an animal.

For sheep, the harvest report must accompany the horns at the time of sealing. See page 33 for sealing information.

Reports of personal harvest locations are confidential.

In many cases, hunters may now report their hunting activities online at hunt.alaska.gov.



Filing your hunt reports electronically has many advantages over reporting by mail. Using this system, you can be sure we have received your report. Online reporting also allows you to verify which reports you have filed and which you have not.

When you file online, you will immediately see a confirmation number, and you will receive a certified receipt by email. If there is ever a question, we will accept this receipt as proof you filed your report. When you file electronically, you will help save printing, postage, and labor costs. Not all hunts have this option available.

[illegible]

This portion stays with the vendor and is returned to ADF&G for hunt administration.

Use this number when referencing your harvest report.

Carry this portion in the field, and immediately after taking an animal, notch out the month and date.

Complete and return this portion after your hunt. You may also report online at hunt.alaska.gov.

If you give false information when applying for or reporting on a license, permit, locking-tag or harvest ticket, these documents are void and you have broken the law. It is illegal to alter, change, loan, or transfer any license, permit, locking-tag, or harvest ticket issued to you, and you may not use anyone else's license, locking-tag, permit or harvest ticket. There is an exception provided for Alaska residents who are blind, physically disabled, 65 or older, or developmentally disabled (see proxy hunting, page 12). A person whose hunting license privileges have been revoked/suspended in any other state may not purchase an Alaska hunting license during the period of the revocation/suspension.

Permit hunts

When hunter demand is higher than a game population can sustain, harvest is often restricted by permits. Six kinds of permit hunts are used: Drawing, Registration, Targeted, Tier I, Tier II, and Community Subsistence Harvest. These hunts may close early by emergency order. It is your responsibility to check with the department for hunt closure information prior to hunting. Hunt information can be found at hunt.alaska.gov. Each type of hunt is described below:

Drawing permit hunts

These hunts limit harvest by restricting the number of hunters. Hunters apply for permits in November and December and pay a nonrefundable application fee. Permits are awarded by random lottery.

Prior to applying for Drawing permits, the applicant must obtain or have applied by mail or internet for the appropriate hunting license. This license requirement does not apply to residents under the age of 18. If you have a hunting license, the license number must appear on the Drawing permit application or the application will become void.

Details about permit hunts and applications are included in a Drawing permit hunt supplement available at hunting license vendors and ADF&G offices or online at hunt.alaska.gov.

One Drawing application period is held each year in November and December with a mid-December deadline.

Tier II subsistence permit hunts (residents only)

These hunts are held when there is not enough game to satisfy all subsistence needs. Hunters must answer questions on the application concerning their dependence on the game for their livelihood and availability of alternative resources. Applications are scored based on responses to the questionnaire and permits are issued to those with the highest scores. Details are included in a subsistence supplement which is available in offices or online at hunt.alaska.gov during November and December.

Permit tickets and reports

Conditions and procedures applicable to permit tickets and reports for all permit hunts:

- A permit ticket is not valid until you sign it.
- You must carry the permit ticket while hunting.
- You must validate the permit ticket by cutting out the month and day immediately upon killing game.
- You must keep the validated permit ticket in your possession until the animal has been delivered to the location where it will be processed for human consumption.
- All permit holders must complete the permit report, including those who did not hunt, those who were unsuccessful, and those who were successful.
- You must complete and return the permit report to ADF&G within the time period specified on the permit.
- If you fail to report, you will be ineligible for any permits the following regulatory year, and you may be cited.
- Permits are not transferable; however, a resident drawing permit may be transferred to a qualified resident substitute hunter if the original permit holder dies prior to completing the hunt; please contact your nearest ADF&G office. See pg. 11 for Deployed military personnel permit transfers and reissues.
- You may apply for a drawing permit as an Alaska resident (see pg. 9) only if you qualify as a resident by the start date of the hunt.

Registration permit hunts

These hunts do not generally limit the number of permits, although a few Registration hunts limit the number of permits on a first-come first-serve basis. Registration permits are available as listed for each Registration hunt as described in this booklet. Seasons will be closed by emergency order if a harvest quota is met. In most cases you must apply in person, but some hunts allow application by mail or online. Registration hunts have very specific hunt boundaries. **A person may be limited to one big game Registration permit at a time in Units 1, 7, 15, 17, 19A, 19E, 20E, 22, and 23.**

Tier I hunts

Some Registration hunts are Tier I subsistence hunts and limited to residents only. In the Unit 13 Tier I caribou hunt, each household is limited to one permit. An application is required for each household during November and December for hunts occurring the following regulatory year. See subsistence supplements for further details.

Targeted hunts

Targeted hunts are similar to Registration hunts but require hunters to apply only during a specific time. A random lottery is then held and permits are awarded based on order drawn.

Community Subsistence Harvest hunts

Community Subsistence Harvest hunts are established to accommodate traditional subsistence hunting practices and create group bag limits rather than individual bag limits. Hunters who sign up for a Community Subsistence Harvest hunt during a regulatory year cannot hunt for the same species under other regulations during the same regulatory year, except in specific circumstances. Other people can hunt in a Community Subsistence Harvest hunt area, however, they will have individual bag limits.

The Board of Game will consider proposals to establish Community Subsistence Harvest hunt areas during regularly scheduled meetings to consider seasons and bag limits for affected species in a hunt area. If the Board of Game has established a Community Subsistence Harvest hunt area for a big game population, either a group or community must then apply to the department, designating a hunt coordinator. Currently, there are three Community Subsistence Harvest hunt areas:

- Chalkyitsik - moose
- Yukon Flats - black bear
- Copper Basin - moose and caribou

Permit ticket:
Carry this portion in the field, and immediately after taking an animal, notch out the month and date.

Permit report:
Complete and return this portion, after your hunt. You may also report online at hunt.alaska.gov for some hunts.
Reports of personal harvest locations are confidential.

Bag limit

The bag limit is the maximum number of animals of any one game species a person may take during a regulatory year.

Bag limits are assigned by unit or portions of units. A bag limit applies to a regulatory year (July 1–June 30) unless otherwise specified, and includes animals taken for any purpose, including subsistence.

You may hunt a species if the number of animals in the bag limit in your hunt area is greater than the number of animals of that species (regardless of legal animal definition) you have already taken anywhere in the state. If the limit is greater, you may take the number of animals needed to reach the limit.

For example: if you took one black bear from Unit 6 (which has a limit of one black bear) and then go to Unit 9 (which has a limit of three black bears), you may take up

to two more black bears in Unit 9.

But if you hunt in Unit 9 first (limit of three black bears) and kill one black bear, you may not hunt black bear in Unit 6 (limit of one black bear) within the same regulatory year because you have attained the bag limit for that unit.

When there is a hunting season and a trapping season for the same species, the bag limit under hunting regulations is separate from the bag limit for trapping.

For example: the hunting bag limit in Unit 16A is one wolverine. The trapping bag limit is two wolverine. If you buy both a hunting and trapping license, you may take three wolverine in Unit 16A, one by hunting and two by trapping.

A person who has wounded game should make every legal effort to retrieve and salvage that game. Animals disturbed while hunting do not count against your bag limit; however, black bears wounded in Units 1-5, brown bears wounded in Units 1-5, **6-8, 14C, and 15**, elk wounded in Unit 8, and **goats wounded in Units 1, 4, and 5**, **do** count toward your bag limit for the regulatory year.

A big game animal taken under a youth hunt, *except for deer in an area where the bag limit is one*, will count against the bag limit for both the youth and the accompanying adult. See page 35 for “youth hunt” definition.

All hunters, regardless of age, have their own small game bag limit.

Sealing requirements

Sealing means having an authorized ADF&G representative place a seal on an animal hide and/or skull.

When sealing is required, hunters must present, in person, the required items **unfrozen**: for bears, hide if required (with claws and evidence of sex naturally attached), and skull; for lynx, wolf, and wolverine, hide only; for moose, antlers attached to the uncut skull plate; for sheep, horns attached to the skull plate. The sealing officer asks questions about when, where and how the animal was taken, and may measure the skull and take some biological samples. The seal must remain on the hide and/or skull until it has been transported from Alaska or until the tanning process has begun (for hide) or cleaned for display (skull).

In units where sealing is required, wolves, wolverine, lynx, brown bears, and black bears must be sealed within 30 days of the kill, or a lesser time if designated (see bear information, pages 24-27). **Mountain lion must be sealed within 10 days of kill.**

Where sheep horn sealing is required, the horns must be presented for sealing and will be **permanently** sealed by an ADF&G representative within 30 days of the kill, or a lesser time if designated. The harvest report must be presented at the time of sealing.

If you are unable to bring in an animal for sealing within the required time, you must complete and sign a temporary sealing form

(available at ADF&G offices) so another person can have the animal sealed. This form must be presented at the time of sealing.

Sealing is required for:

- Brown/grizzly bears, except those taken in and not removed from the brown bear subsistence areas under a subsistence Registration permit, see page 25.
- Black bears taken in Units 1-7, 14A, 14C, 15-17, and 20B.
- Any untanned bear hide or skull transported or exported from Alaska.
- Black and brown bear hides and skulls intended for sale.
- Sheep taken in Units 7, 9, 11-16, 19-20, and 24.
- Sheep rams with horn restrictions in Units 23, and 25-26 (except RS595).
- Lynx, wolf, and wolverine.
- **Mountain lion**

Check the information relative to your particular hunt to see the specific sealing requirements.

REMEMBER, ALL HIDES AND SKULLS MUST BE UNFROZEN AT THE TIME OF SEALING.

Emergency taking of game

In defense of life or property

You may kill game animals in defense of your life or property if you did not provoke an attack or cause a problem by negligently leaving human food, animal food, mineral supplements, or garbage in a manner that attracts wildlife and if you have done everything else you can to protect your life and property.

Property means your dwelling, means of travel, pets or livestock, fish drying racks, or other valuable property necessary for your livelihood or survival.

The meat of a game animal you have legally taken becomes your property, but you may not kill another wild animal to protect the meat unless the meat is necessary for your livelihood or survival. In this situation you still must do everything possible to protect the meat by storing meat properly, scaring off scavengers, etc. before you may kill the scavenger.

Game animals taken in defense of life or property belong to the state. If you kill a bear, wolf, wolverine, coyote, beaver, fox, lynx, mink, weasel, muskrat, marten or river otter, you must salvage the hide and skull and surrender them to the state.

For bear hides, the claws must remain naturally attached. A surrendered hide and skull must have been completely removed from the carcass.

If you kill a bison, caribou, deer, elk, moose, muskox, sheep, or mountain goat in defense of life or property, you must salvage horns or antlers and the meat.

You must immediately notify ADF&G or Alaska Wildlife Troopers of the kill and surrender what you salvaged. Within 15 days, you must also complete and submit a questionnaire explaining the circumstances of the incident. If you attempted to take an animal, but it escaped and may have been wounded, you should also report the incident to ADF&G or Alaska Wildlife Troopers immediately.

For food in a dire emergency

If you are in a remote area and unintentionally run out of food and cannot expect to get food from another source soon enough, you may kill wildlife for food to save your life or prevent permanent health problems. If this happens, you must salvage all meat and surrender what is left to the state after your rescue. You will be asked to fill out a statement about the circumstances.

Use of game

Game taken under a hunting license **MAY NOT** be used for the following purposes: (exceptions noted)

Buying or selling of game meat, *EXCEPT* hares.

Buying, selling, or bartering of any part of a bear gall bladder.

Buying or selling of any part of a brown/grizzly bear, *EXCEPT*:

- an article of handicraft made from the fur of a brown bear (see definition of handicraft, page 34);
- brown bears taken in a brown bear control area with a control permit, where ADF&G will issue permits allowing permittees to sell untanned hides (with claws attached) and skulls, after sealing;
- brown bear hides (with claws attached) and skulls from bears harvested in areas with a two brown bear bag limit per regulatory year may be sold after sealing; a permit is required. Hides and skulls will be permanently marked by ADF&G;
- trophies may be sold; a permit is required.

Buying or selling of any unsealed beaver taken in Units 1-11 and 13-17, lynx, wolf, or wolverine pelt.

Buying or selling of any big game animal skulls, *EXCEPT* black bear, wolf, and wolverine, taken under a hunting license.

Buying, selling, or bartering horns or antlers, *UNLESS* they have been naturally shed or have been completely removed from any part of the skull. *HOWEVER*, in Unit 23:

- you **MAY NOT** remove caribou antlers from the skull and buy, sell or barter them, *UNLESS* they have been transformed into a handicraft (see definition, page 34);
- you **MAY** buy, sell, or barter naturally shed, unmodified caribou antlers, *AS LONG AS* the pedicle is still attached to the antler;
- you **MAY** remove caribou antlers from the skull for your own use, but you **MAY NOT** sell them before they are transformed into a handicraft.

You MAY NOT barter, advertise, or otherwise offer for barter a big game trophy, including any trophy made from any part of a big game animal.

You MAY barter subsistence taken game meat, *EXCEPT*: individuals or businesses licensed under AS 43.70 or AS 43.75, or if you are an Alaska resident employed by an individual or business holding a license under AS 43.70 or AS 43.75 to engage in the commercial sale of the food items or nonedible items provided by the barter exchange, or to engage in providing the services provided by the barter exchange.

Using the meat of game as bait or food for pets and livestock. *HOWEVER*, you MAY use the following as bait or food for pets or livestock:

- the skin, guts, heads, or bones of game legally taken or killed by vehicles, after the salvage of edible meat,
- brown bear meat (*EXCEPT* taken under a subsistence brown bear management permit),
- black bear meat taken June 1 - Dec 31 (as long as the black bear hide is salvaged),
- the skinned carcasses of furbearers and fur animals, and the meat from small game (other than birds) and unclassified game, and
- game that died of natural causes **MAY** be used as bait, *AS LONG AS* the game is not moved from where it was found. Natural causes do not include death caused by humans.

Illegally taken game

Any game animal taken illegally is the property of the state. If you mistakenly take an animal you thought was legal, you must comply with salvage requirements for that species. (See page 36.)

You may transport game taken illegally only if your purpose is to salvage and transport the game to the nearest office of ADF&G or Alaska Wildlife Troopers and surrender it.

If you comply with this regulation, you will not be prosecuted for illegally possessing the animal, and you are less likely to be punished severely for illegally taking the animal. You may not possess, transport, give away, receive, or barter any illegally taken game or game parts.

Roadkills

Any wildlife killed or injured by a vehicle belongs to the state. If your vehicle hits and injures or kills a big game animal, you must notify the Alaska Wildlife Troopers as soon as possible.

Marked or tagged game

Unless otherwise prohibited, it is legal to harvest marked or tagged game, however, data provided by that animal is important and the department asks hunters to avoid taking marked or tagged game. If you do take a marked or tagged animal, you must notify ADF&G when and where you took it, and return the identification equipment to ADF&G. If sealing is required, any tag, collar, tattoo, or other identification must be retained until sealed. Even if you just find any of these items, returning them to ADF&G provides biologists with valuable insight into the animal's movements, habitat, and lifespan.

General hunting restrictions for all game:

Please see page 19 for additional requirements specific to big game. You **MAY NOT** take any game by:

- Shooting on, from, or across the driveable surface of any constructed road or highway.
- Driving, herding, harassing, or molesting game with any motorized vehicle such as an aircraft, airboat, snowmachine, motor-driven boat, etc.
- A motor-driven boat or motorized land vehicle, unless the motor has been shut off and the progress from the motor's power has ceased (see page 19 for additional restrictions in Units 1-5 and Unit 6D), **EXCEPT**:
 - » A **motor-driven boat** may be used as follows:
 - in Units 23 and 26 to take caribou;
 - in Unit 22 to position hunters to select individual wolves for harvest;
 - under the authority of a permit issued by the department.
 - » A **motorized land vehicle** may be used as follows:
 - under the authority of a permit issued by the department;
 - in Units 7 and 15 with a permit, see page 12;
 - A **snowmachine** may be used to position a caribou for harvest, and a caribou may be shot from a stationary snowmachine in Units 22, 23, and 26A;
 - A **snowmachine** may be used in Unit 17 to assist in the taking of a caribou and caribou may be shot from a stationary snowmachine. In Unit 17, "Assist in the taking of a caribou" means a snowmachine may be used to approach within 300 yards of a caribou at speeds under 15 miles per hour; in a manner that does not involve repeated approaches or that causes a caribou to run. A snowmachine may not be used to contact an animal or to pursue a fleeing caribou;
 - A **snowmachine** may be used to approach and pursue wolves and wolverine, but the snowmachine may not come in contact with a live animal;
 - A **snowmachine** may be used to position hunters to select a bear for harvest in bear control areas and bears may be shot from a stationary snowmachine, see predator control information online at hunt.alaska.gov for area descriptions;
 - An **ATV** may be used to position hunters to select individual wolves for harvest, and wolves may be shot from a stationary ATV in Units 9B, 9C, 9E, 17, 22, and 25C, except on any National Park Service or National Wildlife Refuge lands not approved by the federal agencies.
- Using an electronic control Taser-type device that temporarily incapacitates wildlife, **EXCEPT** under the authority of a permit issued by the department.
- Using poison or other substances that temporarily incapacitates wildlife, without written permission from the Board of Game.
- Using a bow that shoots more than one arrow at a time.
- Using a machine gun, set gun, or shotgun larger than 10 gauge.
- Pursuing with a vehicle an animal that is fleeing.
- Using a helicopter for hunting or for transporting hunters, hunting gear, game meat, trophies, or any equipment used to pursue or retrieve game, **EXCEPT** helicopter use may be authorized to rescue hunters, gear, or game in a life-threatening situation.
- Using a crossbow in a hunt restricted to bow and arrow only. You may use a crossbow in any hunt that does not restrict weapons. For big game, minimum standards are listed on page 19.
- Using a pit, fire, laser sight (excluding rangefinders), electronically-enhanced night vision, any forward looking infrared device, any device that has been airborne, controlled remotely, or communicates wirelessly, and used to spot or locate game with the use of a camera or video device, any camera or other sensory device that can send messages through wireless communication, artificial salt lick, explosive, expanding gas arrow, bomb, smoke, or chemicals (excluding scent lures), **EXCEPT**:
 - » Electronic calls may be used for all game animals except moose;
 - » Scent lures, without urine from the deer (Cervidae) family, may be used for ungulates, and for bears **ONLY** under a black bear baiting permit.
- Using or being in immediate possession of urine from any species of the deer (Cervidae) family, including scent lures.
- Using wireless communication to take a specific animal by a person until after 3:00 a.m. following the day after the use of the device, **EXCEPT**:
 - » Communications equipment may be used for safety but may not be used to aid in taking of game;
 - » In the Unit 20D bison hunt, the use of ground-based wireless communications to locate bison is allowed;
 - » In Targeted moose hunts, the use of ground-based wireless communication to locate individual moose for harvest is allowed.
- Using artificial light, **EXCEPT**:
 - » Artificial light may be used while tracking and dispatching a wounded game animal; however, a hunter may not be on or in a motorized vehicle while using artificial light;
 - » Artificial light may be used by resident hunters taking black bear under customary and traditional use activities at a den site Oct 15-Apr 30 in Unit 19A, Unit 19D upstream from the Selatna and Black River drainages, Unit 19E, and Units 21B, 21C, 21D, 24, and 25D.
- Using a trap or a snare to take big game, fur animals, or small game, **EXCEPT**: you may use a trap or snare to take grouse, hare, and ptarmigan (see definitions of fur animals and small game, pages 34-35).
- Intentionally or negligently feeding deer, elk, moose, bear, wolf, coyote, fox, wolverine, sheep, or deleterious exotic wildlife (see page 142), or intentionally leaving human food, animal food, mineral supplements or garbage in a manner that attracts these animals, **EXCEPT**: you may hunt wolves, fox, and wolverine with game parts that are not required to be salvaged. (See page 17 for list of game parts that are allowed to be used for bait.) Use of any type of bait other than those allowed on page 17 will be considered a violation of the feeding regulation.
- Wearing foot gear with felt soles or other absorbent fibrous material while wading in freshwater streams.

Additional hunting restrictions specific to big game:

Big game includes black bear, brown/grizzly bear, bison, caribou, Dall sheep, Sitka black-tailed deer, elk, mountain goat, **mountain lion**, moose, muskox, wolf, and wolverine.

In addition to general hunting restrictions listed on page 18, you **MAY NOT**:

- Hunt big game using a firearm other than a shotgun, muzzleloader, or rifle or pistol using a center-firing cartridge, **EXCEPT**: in Units 23 and 26, swimming caribou can be taken with a firearm using rim fire cartridges.
- Hunt big game with a muzzleloader unless it is a shoulder mounted long gun, .45 caliber or larger, with a barrel that is either rifled or smooth bore, and discharges a single projectile.
- Hunt big game with a muzzleloader equipped with a scope, or a muzzleloader using smokeless powder as a charge, during any permitted, registered or special season hunt for muzzleloaders only.
- Hunt big game with a bow, **UNLESS**:
 - » the bow is at least:
 - 40 pounds peak draw weight when hunting caribou, wolf, wolverine, black bear, Dall sheep, and deer;
 - 50 pounds peak draw weight when hunting mountain goat, moose, elk, brown bear, muskox, and bison;
 - » the arrow is at least 20 inches in overall length, tipped with a broadhead, and at least 300 grains in total weight;
 - » the broadhead is a fixed, replaceable or mechanical/retractable blade type and not barbed.
- Hunt big game with a crossbow, **UNLESS**:
 - the crossbow is at least 100 pounds peak draw weight;
 - the bolt is at least 16 inches in overall length, tipped with a broadhead, and at least 300 grains in total weight;
 - the broadhead is a fixed, replaceable or mechanical/retractable blade type and not barbed;
 - no electronic devices are attached to the crossbow, except scopes or electronic sights that do not project light externally;
 - the crossbow is shoulder-mounted.
- Hunt big game with a slingbow, airbow, or airgun; however, you may hunt deer and caribou with an airgun provided the airgun is at least .35 caliber or larger and pre-charged pneumatic, including an arrow shooting airgun capable of producing 250 feet per second with broadheads 7/8 inches or greater.
- Take a cub bear or a sow accompanied by cub(s), **EXCEPT**: black bear cubs and sows accompanied by cubs, may be taken by resident hunters Oct. 15-Apr. 30 under customary and traditional use activities at a den site in Unit 19A, Unit 19D upstream of the Selatna and Black River drainages, Unit 19E, Units 21B, 21C, 21D, and 24; in Unit 25D, black bear cubs and sows accompanied by cubs may be taken year-round. Cub bear means a brown/grizzly bear in the 1st or 2nd year of life, or a black bear (including the cinnamon and blue color phases) in the 1st year of life.
- Shoot big game from a boat in Units 1-5 or black bear in Unit 6D, **UNLESS** you have obtained a Permit to Hunt From a Boat, see page 12.
- Shoot big game animals while they are swimming, **EXCEPT** caribou in Units 23 and 26.
- Use bait, **EXCEPT** for:
 - » bears under specific conditions, see page 26 or online at hunt.alaska.gov;
 - » wolves and wolverines under specific conditions, see page 18. See the definition of bait, page 34.
- Hunt moose with the use of electronic calls.
- Hunt sheep, mountain goat, or muskox using domestic goats or domestic sheep as pack animals.
- Hunt big game with the aid or use of a dog, **EXCEPT**: dogs may be used to hunt black bears under a permit issued by ADF&G. A single, leashed dog may be used in conjunction with tracking and dispatching a wounded big game animal.

Same day airborne:

It is against the law to hunt or help someone else take big game until 3:00 a.m. the day following the day you have flown. This does not apply if you have flown on a regularly scheduled commercial or commuter airplane. **EXCEPTIONS**:

- You may hunt deer the same day airborne (provided you are 300 feet from the airplane).
- In Units 7, 9, 11-13, 14A, 14B, **14C remainder**, 15-21, 23-25, 26B, and 26C black bears may be taken at permitted bait stations the same day you have flown, provided you are at least 300 feet from the airplane. Same day airborne take is not allowed on National Park Service lands. ★
- In Units 7, 11-13, 14A, 14B, **14C remainder**, 15-16, 18, 19, 20A, 20B, 20C, that portion of 20D north of the Tanana River; 20E, 20F, 21, 23, 24B, 24C, 24D, and 25D, brown bears may be taken at permitted bait stations the same day you have flown, provided you are at least 300 feet from the airplane. Same day airborne take is not allowed on National Park Service lands. ★
- You may hunt black bear in Unit 16 from Oct. 1-Aug. 9 the same day you have flown, provided you are at least 300 feet from the airplane

From Aug 1-Sept 20, aircraft may only be used by and for sheep hunters to place and remove hunters and camps, maintain existing camps, and salvage harvested sheep. A person may not use or employ an aircraft to locate sheep or direct hunters to sheep during the open sheep hunting season.

Fur animal restrictions

Beaver, coyote, Arctic fox, red fox, lynx, and squirrel are fur animals; further restrictions are listed on page 140.

Furbearer restrictions

Fisher, marten, marmot, mink, muskrat, river otter, and weasel are furbearers and **may be taken only under trapping regulations with a trapping license**.

Wolf and wolverine are also furbearers and may be taken with a trapping license during trapping seasons. See trapping regulations online at:

www.adfg.alaska.gov/index.cfm?adfg=trapping.main

Water Body Crossings

A fish habitat permit is required for the operation of motorized vehicles within catalogued anadromous water bodies (e.g. those that support migratory fishes such as salmon). For more information, visit: <https://www.adfg.alaska.gov/index.cfm?adfg=uselicense.main> or call the nearest ADF&G Habitat Section office:

Anchorage.....(907) 267-2342
Craig.....(907) 862-2560
Douglas.....(907) 465-4105
Fairbanks.....(907) 459-7289
Palmer.....(907) 861-3200
Soldotna.....(907) 714-2475

Weapons restricted hunts

A bow and arrow, crossbow, or muzzleloader may be used to hunt during any open season unless otherwise restricted. Hunts or areas may be restricted to “Certified bowhunters only”, or “bow and arrow only”, or “crossbow only”, or “muzzleloader only”, or specifically exclude the use of other weapons, including crossbows. If certification is required, proof of that certification is required in the field. ADF&G recognizes approved bowhunter and hunter education courses from other states. See page 13 for course information.

Archery/Bow and Arrow

In any hunt or area specifically restricted to bow and arrow only, you **MAY NOT**:

- Hunt with a crossbow.
- Hunt with a bow designed to shoot more than one arrow at a time.
- Hunt with expanding gas arrows.
- Hunt using poisons or substances that temporarily incapacitate wildlife.

Equipment:

You **MAY NOT** hunt big game with a bow, **UNLESS**:

- the bow is at least:
 - » 40 pounds peak draw weight when hunting black bear, Dall sheep, caribou, Sitka black-tailed deer, wolf, wolverine;
 - » 50 pounds peak draw weight when hunting bison, brown/grizzly bear, elk, moose, mountain goat, muskox;
- the arrow is at least 20 inches in overall length, tipped with a broadhead, and at least 300 grains in total weight;
- the broadhead is a fixed, replaceable or mechanical/retractable blade type and not barbed.

You **MAY NOT** use electronic devices or lights attached to the bow, arrow, or arrowhead *with the exception of a non-illuminating camera or a lighted nock on the end of the arrow or a battery-powered sight light.*

You **MAY NOT** use scopes or other devices attached to the bow or arrow for optical enhancement.

You **MAY NOT** use any mechanical device that anchors a nocked arrow at full or partial draw unaided by the bowhunter.

Definitions:

Bow - a longbow, recurve bow, or compound bow; that is, a device for launching an arrow which derives its propulsive energy solely from the bending and recovery of two limbs. The device must be hand-held and hand-drawn by a single and direct pulling action of the bowstring by the shooter with the shooter's fingers or a hand-held or wrist-attached release aid. The energy used to propel the arrow may not be derived from hydraulic, pneumatic, explosive, or mechanical devices, but may be derived from the mechanical advantage provided by wheels or cams so long as the available energy is stored in the bent limbs of the bow. No portion of the bow's riser (handle) or an attachment to the bow's riser may contact, support, or guide the arrow from a point rearward of the bowstring when strung and at rest. “Bow” *does not* include a crossbow or any device which has a gun-type stock or incorporates any mechanism that holds the bowstring at partial or full draw without the shooter's muscle power;

Muzzleloader

You **MAY NOT** use a muzzleloader for **big game**:

- **UNLESS** it is a shoulder-mounted long gun and is at least .45 caliber or larger with a barrel that is either rifled or smooth bore and discharges a single projectile.
- that is equipped with a scope or uses smokeless powder during any permitted, registered, or **special season hunt for muzzleloader only**.

Crossbow

You **MAY NOT** use a crossbow for **big game UNLESS**:

- the crossbow is at least 100 pounds peak draw weight;
- the bolt is at least 16 inches in overall length, tipped with a broadhead, and at least 300 grains in total weight;
- the broadhead is a fixed, replaceable or mechanical/retractable blade type and not barbed;
- no electronic devices are attached to the crossbow, except scopes or electronic sights that do not project light externally;
- the crossbow is shoulder-mounted.

Education Requirements: Bowhunters

If you:

- were born on or after January 1, 1986 and are hunting big game; OR
 - are participating in an archery-only hunt for big game (regardless of age);
- you must have successfully completed a bowhunter certification course.

An International Bowhunter Education Program (IBEP) or equivalent certification is required to hunt big game with a bow and arrow in weapons restricted hunts.

A hunter who applies for a “certified bowhunter only” permit hunt must have successfully completed an ADF&G approved bowhunter certification course prior to submitting a permit application.

Muzzleloader Hunters

You may not hunt with a muzzleloader in any hunt or area with weapon restrictions for the taking of big game unless you have successfully completed a muzzleloader hunter education course that includes ballistic limitations of muzzleloading weapons and a proficiency test.

A hunter who applies for a “certified muzzleloader hunter only” permit hunt must have successfully completed a muzzleloader certification course prior to submitting a permit application.

Shotgun Hunters

You may not hunt for big game with a shotgun in a weapons restricted hunt unless you have successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course.

Crossbow Hunters

If you:

- were born on or after January 1, 1986; OR
- are participating in a crossbow-only hunt (regardless of age);

you must have successfully completed a crossbow certification course.

A hunter who applies for a “certified crossbow only” permit hunt must have successfully completed an ADF&G approved crossbow certification course prior to submitting a permit application.

Barbed - an arrowhead with any fixed portion of the rear edge of the arrowhead forming an angle less than 90 degrees with the shaft when measured from the nock end of the arrow; a notch or space of no more than two millimeters between the base of the blade and the shaft shall not be considered a barb;

Broadhead - a fixed, replaceable, or mechanical/retractable blade-type arrowhead that is not barbed, with two or more sharp cutting edges having a minimum cutting diameter of seven-eighths inch (7/8”);

Bow peak draw weight - the peak poundage at which a bow is drawn through or held at full draw by the shooter at the shooter's draw length;

Muzzleloader - any firearm where firing components are loaded into the muzzle end of the firearm.

Exporting meat or other wildlife parts

State export requirements

Raw furs

You may not transport or export any untanned fur or hide from Alaska until sealing requirements have been met (see pg. 16).

Federal shipping and export requirements

Shipping between states

If you ship any wildlife parts between states, packages must be clearly marked on the outside with both the name and address of the shipper and consignee, and an accurate list of the package contents by species and number of each species.

Shipping outside the United States

As well as the above requirements if you ship any wildlife parts or products out of the United States, federal regulations require that you complete a “Declaration of Importation or Exportation of Fish and Wildlife” (Form #3-177), available online at <http://www.fws.gov/le/declaration-form-3-177.html>. In addition, if you ship hides, skulls, meat, or products of brown/grizzly bears, black bears, wolves, lynx, or river otters out of the United States, you must first obtain a federal CITES permit. These forms are not available through ADF&G, but are available at the U.S. Fish and Wildlife offices listed in the green box below.

Transporting to or through Canada

If you take any wildlife parts or products out of the United States, federal regulations require that you complete a “Declaration of Importation or Exportation of Fish and Wildlife” (Form #3-177) available online at <http://www.fws.gov/le/declaration-form-3-177.html>. You are also required to obtain a federal CITES permit for brown/grizzly bears, black bears, wolves, lynx, or river otters. However, an exception has been made for residents of Canada and the U.S. to transport their own legally harvested untanned black bear hides (fresh, frozen, or salted with paws and claws attached) accompanied by the meat or skull using only Form #3-177. This will allow you to transport these items as noncommercial items accompanying personal baggage into or through Canada to other states. For more information and forms, contact the Duty Wildlife Officer at (907) 271-6198, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service offices listed below, or Canadian border stations. **Canadian federal wildlife legislation requires that CITES controlled wildlife entering Canada from the USA be accompanied by a U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service CITES export or re-export permit and be accompanied by a Canadian issued CITES re-export permit at the time of export out of Canada. For more information on how to obtain a Canadian CITES permit please contact (819) 997-2800 or visit <http://www.ec.gc.ca/cites/>.**

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Inspection Office in Anchorage.....(907) 271-6198

Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge in Tok(907) 883-5312
(Form #3-177 only, not CITES)

Transporting requirements

You must transport all meat to your departure point from the field (landing strip, trail head, road, river, etc.) before transporting antlers, horns, or bear hides and skulls (when required to be salvaged) from the kill site. Antlers, horns, bear hides and skulls may be transported simultaneously with the last load of meat. After leaving the field, antlers or horns being transported must be accompanied by all edible meat unless possession of the meat has been transferred to and accepted by someone else (see *Transfer of Possession* below).

“Field” means an area outside established year-round dwellings, businesses, or other developments usually associated with a city, town, or village. “Field” does not include permanent hotels or roadhouses on the state road system or state or federally maintained airports.

Transfer of Possession

A Transfer of Possession Form can be found on the inside back cover of this booklet.

Unprocessed meat and other game parts may be transferred to others permanently (given as a gift) or may be transferred temporarily for the purpose of transport. In doing so, both you and the person taking possession must be able to provide a signed statement including: both of your names and addresses, signatures, when and where the game was taken, what specific game or parts of game changed hands, and hunting license number of the person who harvested the game. You must show this statement and the meat to an ADF&G representative if asked.

It is your responsibility to make sure that game was legally taken before you accept or transport it. If you accept game or parts of game from someone else, either permanently as a gift or temporarily in order to transport that game, it becomes your responsibility to salvage all edible meat for human consumption.

Firearms advisory for nonresident aliens

Federal regulations are in effect for temporarily importing firearms and ammunition into the United States.

Nonresident aliens (someone who is neither a citizen nor a permanent resident of the United States) must provide U.S. Customs with a pre-approved U.S. import permit and evidence they fall into an exemption category (e.g., by providing a valid Alaska hunting license/permit) before they will be allowed to import firearms or ammunition.

The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) issues the required import permit. This permit can be obtained by completing a form (Form 6 Part 1, Application and Permit for Importation of Firearms, Ammunition and Implements of War), which is available from ATF or on the ATF website. It can take 6 to 12 weeks to process the application so the permit should be applied for well in advance.

The application form for the import permit must be accompanied by a copy of an Alaska (or other U.S.) hunting license.

Contact Information:

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms
Firearms and Explosives Imports Branch

Telephone: 1-800-800-3855

Website: <http://www.atf.gov>

Canadian firearms restrictions

Canadian laws significantly restrict transportation of firearms. To transport firearms through Canada, you must pay a \$25 fee (Canadian) and fill out a firearms declaration form. To transport a handgun through Canada, you must also receive an “Authorization to Transport” (ATT) permit; this permit must be authorized BEFORE you arrive at the border. If not, your handgun may be confiscated. An ATT permit is free, however you will still have to pay the \$25 fee and fill out a firearms declaration form. For more information or to order a copy of the Firearms Act, its regulations, application forms and other Canadian Firearms Centre publications, contact them at:

1-800-731-4000 or <http://www.rcmp-grc.gc.ca> or email: cfp-pcaf@rcmp-grc.gc.ca

Salvage and possession of game

Salvage of meat means to transport the edible meat to the location where it will be processed for human consumption. Successful hunters must validate their harvest ticket or permit immediately upon taking game. Once you have validated your harvest ticket or permit, you can begin to salvage. Edible meat in all cases must be salvaged, and the following information will help you understand what other requirements may be necessary for salvaging game.

Meat Salvage

Wanton waste of big game meat is an extremely serious offense punishable by a fine of up to \$10,000 and 1 year in jail.

You must salvage all the edible meat of bison, caribou, Dall sheep, deer, elk, moose, mountain goat, muskox, and spring black bear, for which seasons and bag limits exist.

You must salvage either the hide or meat of Alaska hare (in Units 18, 22, and 23), snowshoe hares, beaver, pika, and ground squirrel; for small game birds, the breast meat must be salvaged, except for geese, cranes, and swans; for these you must salvage the meat of the breast, legs, and upper wings. Additional salvage requirements for Copper Basin Community Subsistence Harvest hunts exist, see the CSH hunt conditions online at hunt.alaska.gov.

You must salvage meat unless it has been stolen, taken, or destroyed by a wild animal, lost to unanticipated weather conditions or other acts of God, or transferred to someone who accepts responsibility for salvaging and removing the meat from the field.

Big game meat you must salvage (excluding bear) includes:

- all of the neck meat;
- all of the chest meat (brisket);
- all of the meat of the ribs;
- front quarters as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna (knee);
- hindquarters as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock);
- all of the meat along the backbone between the front and hindquarters (backstraps and tenderloins).

When the salvage of bear meat is required, you must salvage the meat of the front quarters and hindquarters and meat along the backbone (backstraps). When the salvage of brown bear meat is required under a subsistence permit, you must also salvage all of the meat of the neck, brisket and ribs (see bear information, pages 24-27). The meat is required to be salvaged first, and bear hides and skulls (when required to be salvaged) may be transported simultaneously with the last load of meat.

You are not required to salvage the meat of the head, guts, bones, sinew, and meat left on the bones after close trimming, or meat that has been damaged and made inedible by the bullet or arrow. These portions of the animal may be left in the field because they are not included in the definition of edible meat that must be salvaged.

Hide Salvage

You must salvage the hide of a wolf, wolverine, coyote, fox, or lynx. You must salvage either the hide or meat of Alaska hare (in Units 18, 22, and 23), snowshoe hare, beaver, pika, and ground squirrel.

You must salvage the entire hide (with claws attached) and skull of a brown/grizzly bear unless it was taken in (and not removed from) one of the subsistence hunt areas under a subsistence Registration permit (see page 25). Salvage requirements for black bear are listed on page 26.

Antler/Horn Salvage

In hunts with antler/horn restrictions, antlers/horns must be salvaged and may not be altered unless required by permit conditions. Antlers must remain naturally attached to the unbroken/uncut skull plate if the required number of brow tines aren't present.

In big game hunts with antler/horn restrictions, antlers/horns may only be transported from the kill site when all edible meat salvage has been completed. The antlers/horns may accompany the last load of meat.



Horn and Antler Possession

You may not possess the horns or antlers of hunter harvested big game animals unless you also salvaged and removed the meat from the field.

You may possess horns or antlers if they were given to you by someone who salvaged and removed the meat from the field, or if you have already eaten the meat of the animal you killed.

Meat that must be left on the bone when salvaged prior to Oct 1:			
UNIT	Caribou	Moose	Bison
9B	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ	
13	FQ, HQ, R	FQ, HQ, R	
17	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ	
18	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ	
19	FQ, HQ, R	FQ, HQ, R	FQ, HQ, R
21A, E	FQ, HQ, R	FQ, HQ, R	
21B, C, D		FQ, HQ, R	
23	FQ, HQ, R	FQ, HQ, R	
24	FQ, HQ, R	FQ, HQ, R	
25A, B, D	FQ, HQ, R	FQ, HQ, R	
25C		FQ, HQ, R	

FQ = Front Quarters
HQ = Hindquarters
R = Ribs



Legal
No boning of meat in field



Legal
Meat removed by close trimming (bones left in field)



Illegal →
In some units prior to Oct 1

Illegal
Poor trimming, causing waste of meat

Evidence of Sex

If you take a brown/grizzly bear anywhere in the state, evidence of sex (penis sheath or vaginal orifice) must remain naturally attached to the hide until sealing requirements have been met.

If you take a black bear in Units 1-7, 14A, 14C, 15-17, or 20B, evidence of sex (penis sheath or vaginal orifice) must remain naturally attached to the hide or meat (see Black bear salvage requirements on page 26) until sealing requirements have been met.

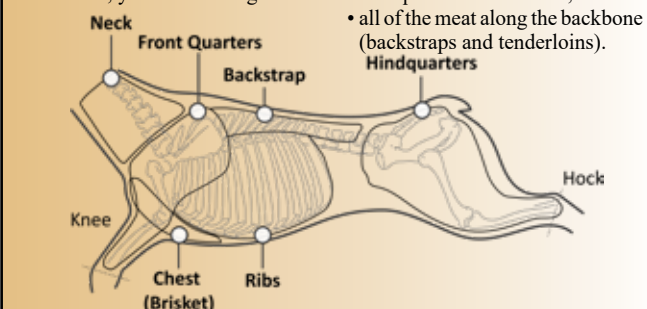
If you kill a big game animal (other than a sheep) where the bag limit is restricted to one sex, you must keep enough of the sex organs (penis, scrotum, testicles, udder, teats, vaginal orifice) naturally attached to part of a hind quarter to show the sex of the animal, until the animal is processed for human consumption. Antlers are not proof of sex, except for deer when the antlers are naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without the viscera.

Horns are evidence of sex for Dall sheep, and they must be kept with sheep meat until it is processed for human consumption, unless a person has completed and maintains in their possession a transfer of possession form. Horns may be transported simultaneously with the final load of meat.

Do you know how much meat the law requires you to take?

It's not just four quarters...If you take a moose, caribou, sheep, mountain goat, wild reindeer, deer, elk, bison, muskox, or subsistence brown bear, you must salvage:

- all of the neck meat;
- all of the chest meat (brisket);
- all of the meat of the ribs;
- front quarters to the knee;
- hindquarters to the hock;
- all of the meat along the backbone (backstraps and tenderloins).



Proper meat care

After you have harvested an animal, it is your responsibility to follow salvage requirements, see page 22.

Never eat raw game meat. Always cook game meat thoroughly to prevent disease. Some parasites cannot be seen but may be present in the meat of any mammal. Cooking meat thoroughly eliminates risk from disease or parasites.

Field dressing

Hunters should know how to field dress and care for game meat. Some hunters waste a lot of nutritious, tasty meat because they do not know how to properly field dress game. You will be successful with any method of field dressing as long as you remember these keys to meat care: keep the meat cool, clean, and dry.

Always keep meat cool, clean, and dry

Heat is the greatest threat to game meat. To cool meat, remove the hide as quickly as possible and get the meat away from internal organs. The warmer the weather, the more urgent this becomes. Meat around the hip joint in the ham (hind leg) spoils most quickly. In weather over 60 degrees, it may be necessary to actually place the meat in cool water for 30-45 minutes to reduce the heat. A nearby creek, river, or lake will do the job. If this is necessary, the meat must be immediately dried after removing it from the water.

Boned meat is difficult to keep clean and dry

Some hunters bone the meat, that is, remove all edible meat from the bones to reduce the weight to be packed. The problem with boning is that chunks of meat placed together in a game bag are harder to keep cool and dry. In some management units in Alaska it is illegal to bone the meat in the field. The fewer cuts you make in the field, the more meat you'll get at home.

After the meat is removed from the animal it should be placed in cotton game bags. Good game bags allow air to circulate to the meat but are tough enough to hold heavy loads. The game bags also help keep the meat clean.

Game care at camp

Back at camp hang the bagged meat off the ground to help keep the meat clean and cool.

A tarp should be loosely placed over the meat pole to keep rain off the game bags. All meat should be checked daily. Any loose pieces of meat in the "hamburger" bag should be moved around each day to ensure the meat remains cool and dry. If you don't have access to a meat pole, gather branches and layer them in a grid to keep the meat off the ground. The goal is to provide good air circulation. Loosely cover the pile with a tarp to keep the meat dry.

Spray meat with citric acid to slow bacterial growth

Once all the meat is hung, remove the bags and spray the meat with a citric acid/water mixture. The meat should be sprayed until the mixture begins to run off the meat. About two ounces of citric acid for each quart of water will do the job.

Food grade citric acid can be purchased at most pharmacies or feed stores. The citric acid will slow down bacterial growth that spoils meat. It also creates a dark outer crust that makes it harder for flies to lay their eggs on the meat. Don't worry about the citric acid mixture getting the meat too wet. The mixture will dry quickly.

River float/winter hunt meat care

If you are on a river float hunt it is very difficult to keep the meat dry and cool when it is stacked inside the raft. You must remove the meat from the raft every night before you camp and hang it where it can stay cool. REMEMBER, A RAFT IS NOT A REFRIGERATOR!

If participating in a winter hunt, a phenomenon called cold shortening may affect the quality of your meat. If the meat is allowed to freeze too quickly, before the rigor-relaxation process can occur, the muscle can shrink due to loss of water, vitamins, minerals, and water soluble proteins.

Cold shortening also results in tough meat. Depending on the temperature, you may want to leave the skin on the meat or pack it with snow to prevent it from chilling too quickly until you are ready to process it.

Wildlife Parasites and Diseases

Never eat raw game meat. Microscopic parasites such as toxoplasmosis and *Trichinella*, can be present in the meat and cause severe illness. Always cook game meat to an internal temperature of 160°F and game birds to 165°F. **If you harvest an animal you believe sick or diseased, you are still required by Alaska law to salvage the meat.** You must transport all required meat from the field to fulfill salvage requirements, even if you think the meat is not fit for consumption. ADF&G appreciates reports of diseases to better understand the health of the wildlife populations. Contact the local office with information on location, description, photographs, etc. of abnormalities you encounter while hunting or observing wildlife, or submit a report by email at dfg.dwc.vet@alaska.gov.

High risk to humans

- **Trichinosis** - This roundworm, *Trichinella nativa*, occurs most commonly in the muscle of **bears, lynx, and walrus**. It cannot be seen so all bear, walrus, and lynx meat should be treated as if infected, and cooked to an internal temperature of at least 160°F to be safe. Freezing, smoking, drying, salting, or microwaving do not kill this parasite.
- **Brucellosis** - A distinct, raised swelling on the knee, hock, or swollen testes of caribou is filled with this bacteria that causes stillbirths. Do not cut into swellings as this bacteria can make people very sick. Wash knives, hands and cutting boards after butchering game. Do not eat raw bone marrow and cook roasts to 160°F.

No known risk to humans

- **Tapeworm cysts** - These are common and different types are found in the muscle, liver, and lungs of **ruminants, including moose, caribou, deer, etc.** They are oblong, semi-clear, fluid-filled sacs with a white spot. People do not get the adult tapeworm but dogs do, and can pass eggs infective to people. Simply cut the cysts from the meat or cook the meat thoroughly.
- **Legworm** - This roundworm is a white worm up to eight inches long under the skin of the legs or brisket and is found in **moose and caribou**. It does not affect humans, or the edibility of meat. For details and more information on moose or caribou health and diseases, look for our pocket field guides at any ADF&G office and on the website.

Under surveillance

- **Respiratory diseases in wild sheep and goats** - If harvested animals have abnormal lung tissue, call the nearest ADF&G office and send an email to dfg.dwc.vet@alaska.gov with location and photos. Collect a large piece of lung, keep cool and bring to your nearest ADF&G office.
- **Moose winter tick** - No risk to humans, high risk to moose. Hair loss in a triangle pattern on the neck and broken hairs appearing white is typical. Present in B.C. and the Yukon but has not been detected in Alaska. Report signs of 'ghost moose' with hair loss November-March and submit ticks from big game harvested during winter to ADF&G.
- **Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD)** - No risk to humans, high risk to deer, elk, and moose. To date, CWD has NOT been detected in free ranging Alaska wildlife. Infected deer species typically show signs including extreme weight loss, excessive salivation, stumbling, and tremors. Report these signs to ADF&G with an exact location/waypoint.
- **Brain worm/moose sickness** - Not yet detected in Alaska but carried by mule and white-tailed deer. Causes moose to hold head tilted, walk in circles, and appear to be blind. Report these signs to ADF&G with an exact location/waypoint.
- **Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza** - this infection has been deadly in birds and wildlife, especially carnivores and marine mammals. It is a concern for human and animal health. Do not consume animals that behave abnormally or were found dead and do not let pets scavenge dead birds/wildlife.

Go to www.adfg.alaska.gov and search "Parasites and Diseases" for links to additional information and hot topics.

Important information for all bear hunters

Nonresident brown/grizzly bear hunters must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide or a resident relative within second-degree of kindred. (See guide info, page 10.)

Locking-tag requirements

Nonresidents must purchase a locking-tag in addition to their license to hunt either a black or brown/grizzly bear. A harvest ticket or permit may also be required.

Resident hunters do not need a locking-tag to hunt black bears.

Resident hunters must possess a \$25 locking-tag to hunt brown/grizzly bear in Units 1-10, 14, and 15 (however, no locking-tag is required for Registration hunt RB525 in Units 9 and 10 or subsistence hunt RB502 in Unit 9).

Big game locking-tags are valid from the date of purchase through December 31 of that year. Locking-tags must be locked on a part of the animal required to be salvaged prior to leaving the kill site and must remain there until the animal is prepared for storage, consumed, or exported.

Bear locking-tags may not be transferred to another hunter. A nonresident bear locking-tag may be used for any other species for which the locking-tag fee is of equal or lesser value, but you must have a harvest ticket or permit (if required) for that species.

A hunter less than 10 years old is not allowed to kill a bear, except under direct, immediate supervision of a licensed hunter at least 18 years old. The bear is then counted against the licensed hunter's bag limit. (See youth hunting information, page 13.)

Black bears wounded in Units 1-5, and brown bears wounded in Units 1-5, **6-8, 14C, and 15** count toward the bag limit for the regulatory year, but do not count toward the every four regulatory year bag limit. **“Wounded” means there is a sign of blood or other sign that the bear has been hit by a hunting projectile.**

You may not transport or export any untanned bear hide or skull from Alaska until it has been sealed.

All bear hides intended for sale must be sealed.

Evidence of sex

If you take a brown/grizzly bear anywhere in the state, evidence of sex (penis sheath or vaginal orifice) must remain naturally attached to the hide until sealing requirements have been met.

If you take a black bear in Units 1-7, 14A, 14C, 15-17, or 20B, evidence of sex (penis sheath or vaginal orifice) must remain naturally attached to the hide or meat (see Black bear salvage requirements on page 26) until sealing requirements have been met.

Salvage for brown/grizzly bears

You must salvage the entire hide (with claws attached) and skull of a brown/grizzly bear unless it was taken in (and not removed from) one of the subsistence hunt areas under a subsistence Registration permit (see page 25).

Salvage for black bears

Meat: In all areas of the state during Jan 1-May 31, edible meat must be salvaged and removed from the field. This meat may ***not*** be used for pet food or bait.

In Units 19A, 19D upstream from the Selatna and Black River drainages, 19E, 21B, 21C, 21D, 24, and 25D, the edible meat of black bears, taken under customary and traditional use activities at a den site, must be salvaged.

The hide and skull may not be transported from the field until the edible meat has been salvaged.

Skull AND Hide or Skull AND Meat: In Units 1-7, 14A, 14C, 15-17, and 20B, the skull must be salvaged and removed from the field year round for sealing; during June 1-Dec 31, either the hide with claws attached (for sealing) or the meat must also be salvaged and removed from the field. If salvaging the meat, the hide and/or skull may not be transported from the field until the edible meat has been salvaged.

Hide or Meat: In Units 9-13, 14B, 18-19, 20 (except 20B), and 21-26 during June 1-Dec 31, either the hide (with claws attached) or the meat must be salvaged and removed from the field.

(See definition of edible meat, page 34.)

Sealing requirements

All brown/grizzly bears must be sealed. Black bears taken in Units 1-7, 14A, 14C, 15-17, and 20B must be sealed. Sealing means taking the skull and hide (with claws and evidence of sex attached) of the bear you killed to an officially designated “sealing officer.” The skull must be skinned from the hide and ***both must be unfrozen***. **Sealing must be completed within 30 days of kill, or less as required by permit conditions.** During June 1-Dec 31, if the hide is not salvaged, only the skull will be sealed.

The sealing officer asks questions about when, where, and how the bear was taken, measures the skull and may pull a small tooth or take other biological samples. Then the officer locks a metal or plastic seal on the hide and on the skull. The seal must remain on the hide until the tanning process begins and on the skull until it is cleaned for display. Part of the sealing requirement is that you sign the sealing certificate. If you can't get your bear to a sealing officer in person, you must complete and sign a temporary sealing form available from any ADF&G office. You must also make sure someone takes the bear and the temporary certificate to the sealing officer within the time required.

If you are a nonresident and kill a bear while on a guided hunt or while hunting with an Alaska-licensed resident relative within second-degree of kindred, both you and your guide or resident relative must sign the sealing certificate or temporary sealing certificate.

Special sealing requirements apply within the brown bear subsistence Registration permit (see subsistence hunt areas on page 25).

If you kill a brown/grizzly bear in Unit 8, you may not take the bear out of that unit until it has been sealed.

Black bear hides and skulls may be sold after sealing.

Brown bear hides (with claws attached) and skulls from bears harvested in areas with a two brown bear bag limit per regulatory year may be sold after sealing; a permit is required. Permits are only available from ADF&G, and are issued at the time of sealing. Hides and skulls will be permanently marked by ADF&G.

Important information regarding the use of motorized vehicles:

You may ***not*** drive, harass, herd, or molest a bear with any motorized vehicle, such as a snowmachine. While you may use a motorized vehicle to locate a bear, you may ***not*** use a motorized vehicle to pursue a bear that is fleeing. In addition, you may ***not*** use a motorized vehicle to drive a bear to another hunter. *See page 18 for exceptions.*

Brown/grizzly bear bag limits

Depending on where you hunt, brown/grizzly bear bag limits are either one bear every four regulatory years, one bear every regulatory year, or two bears every regulatory year. A regulatory year is July 1 through June 30. See the unit you intend to hunt for bag limit information.

One bear every four regulatory years

If you kill a bear in any “one bear every four regulatory years” area you may kill a bear in any “one bear every regulatory year” or “two bears every regulatory year” areas during the next regulatory year, but you **MAY NOT** kill a bear in any “one bear every four regulatory years” area for four regulatory years.

One bear every regulatory year

If you kill a bear in any “one bear every regulatory year” area, you may kill a bear in any legal area of the state during the next regulatory year.

Two bears every regulatory year

You may kill two bears in any “two bears every regulatory year” area. If you have already killed a bear in any other legal area of the state, you may kill one more bear in areas where the bag limit is “two bears every regulatory year” during the same regulatory year. You may kill a bear in any legal area of the state during the next regulatory year.

Brown/grizzly bear subsistence hunting

Resident hunting by subsistence Registration permit for brown/grizzly bears used for food is allowed in Units 9B, all drainages in 9E that drain into the Pacific Ocean between Cape Kumlium and the border of 9E and 9D, 17, 18, that portion of 19A and 19B downstream of and including the Aniak River drainage, 21D, 22-24, and 26A. Hunters may hunt under an alternate set of regulations adopted to better allow subsistence use of brown bears. General brown bear hunting seasons remain in effect in these areas.

Registration subsistence hunts in Units 9B, 9E, 22C, and 24A, have a bag limit of one bear every regulatory year. Registration subsistence hunts in Units 17, 18, 19A, 19B, 21D, 22A, 22B, 22D, 22E, 23, 24B, 24C, 24D, and 26A have a bag limit of two bears every regulatory year. Taking a brown bear in one of these areas under a subsistence permit does not count in the “one bear every four regulatory years” bag limit restriction in other units.

Subsistence regulations versus general regulations within the brown bear subsistence areas:

Subsistence hunting

- see units for bag limits
- meat must be salvaged for human consumption and may not be used as bait
- no locking-tag required but you must register to hunt
- hide and skull need not be sealed unless removed from subsistence area or presented for commercial tanning; if sealing is required, it must be completed by a designated sealing officer; at the time of sealing, the skin of the head and front claws are removed and kept by ADF&G
- no use of aircraft for subsistence hunting in Units 21D, 22-24, and 26A
- see units for season dates.

General hunting

- see units for bag limits
- meat need not be salvaged
- \$25 locking-tag may be required for residents
- see units for seasons
- hide and skull must be sealed by a designated sealing officer

See unit pages (39-140) for information on where subsistence permits are available. For specific information on hunts listed in unit pages, please call the ADF&G office in or nearest the subsistence area where you want to hunt.

In units with a brown/grizzly bear bag limit of one bear every four regulatory years...

last successful hunt was:	next opportunity to hunt is:
fall '22 - spring '23.....	fall '26 - spring '27
fall '23 - spring '24.....	fall '27 - spring '28
fall '24 - spring '25.....	fall '28 - spring '29
fall '25 - spring '26.....	fall '29 - spring '30

Other bear regulations

Bears taken under a predator control permit do not count against the statewide bag limit for bears.

You **MAY NOT** take black or brown/grizzly bear cubs or sows accompanied by cubs; however, black bear cubs and sows accompanied by cubs may be taken by resident hunters Oct 15-Apr 30 under customary and traditional use activities at a den site in Unit 19A, that portion of Unit 19D in the Kuskokwim River drainage upstream from the Selatna and Black River drainages, Unit 19E, Units 21B, 21C, 21D, 24, and 25D. In addition, black bear cubs and sows accompanied by cubs may be taken by resident hunters year-round in Unit 25D.

“Cub bear” means a brown/grizzly bear in the 1st or 2nd year of life, or a black bear (including cinnamon and blue color phases) in the 1st year of life.

You **MAY NOT** buy or sell any part of a brown/grizzly bear **EXCEPT**:

- an article of handicraft made from the fur of a bear;
- for brown/grizzly bears taken in brown bear control areas with a control permit, ADF&G will issue permits allowing permittees to sell untanned hides (with claws attached) and skulls, after sealing. See predator control information online;
- brown bear hides (with claws attached) and skulls from bears harvested in areas with a two brown bear bag limit per regulatory year may be sold after sealing; a permit from ADF&G is required. Hides and skulls will be permanently marked by ADF&G.

You **MAY NOT** hunt or kill brown/grizzly bears within one-half mile of garbage dumps or landfills.

You **MAY** use the carcass of a skinned brown/grizzly or a black bear taken June 1–Dec 31, as animal food or bait as long as the black bear hide was salvaged. (See *Use of Game*, page 17.)

If you take a brown/grizzly bear in a brown bear subsistence area under a Registration permit for subsistence purposes, you are required to salvage all meat for human consumption; salvage of the hide or skull is optional.

If you wish to hunt black bears with dogs, you must first obtain a permit from the ADF&G office nearest the area you wish to hunt. You may not hunt brown/grizzly bears with dogs.

Bears killed in defense of life or property must be skinned and the hide (with claws and evidence of sex attached) and skull turned over to an ADF&G representative. (See *Emergency taking of game*, page 16.)

Brown/grizzly bears **MAY NOT** be taken over bait or scent lures **EXCEPT** under conditions of a bear baiting permit in Units 7, 11-13, 14A, 14B, 14C remainder, 15-16, 18-21, 23, 24B, 24C, 24D, 25C, and 25D.

Bear baiting seasons and requirements

Bear bait stations may be established in certain areas. All bait stations must be registered with ADF&G in person or by phone (see page 2). All persons who wish to register a bait site must have successfully completed an ADF&G-approved bear baiting clinic. **Clinics are available in person or online at <http://www.adfg.alaska.gov/index.cfm?adfg=bearbaiting.main>**

Bait stations may be registered 15 days prior to the start of the season. Bait may not be placed at the site until the season is open.

TO REGISTER A BAIT STATION YOU MUST:

ADF&G may prohibit bear baiting in certain areas.

- Be at least 18 years old.
- Have successfully completed an ADF&G-approved bear baiting clinic.
- Provide ADF&G with a specific description of the location where you will place bait.

You will be given a sign to post at your bear bait site. You may use this sign or make your own, but the sign must clearly identify the site as a “Bear Bait Station” and display:

1. the bear bait site number assigned by ADF&G, and
2. your hunting license number and hunting license numbers of others who hunt over that bait station.

You <u>MAY</u>: • Place bait at only 2 bait stations at the same time. Only biodegradable materials may be used for bait. Scent lures may also be used. The skinned carcasses of furbearers, fur animals, unclassified game, and small game (other than birds) may be used as bait. If fish or big game is used, only the head, bones, guts, and skin may be used; however, in Units 7 and 15, fish or fish parts may not be used for bait. • Other hunters may use, place bait at, or maintain your bait station with your written permission. Written permission must be carried in the field. • In Units 6-7, 9, 11-13, 14A, 14B, 15-17, 19-21, and 24-25, a registered guide may operate up to 10 bait stations at a time in each guide use area they are registered to operate in. A guide contract is required for each hunter. • In Units 7, 9, 11-13, 14A, 14B, 14C remainder, 15-21, 23-25, 26B, and 26C, black bears (and brown bears where allowed-see units listed below, but not including 20D south of the Tanana River, and 25C) may be taken at permitted bait stations the same day you have flown provided you are at least 300 feet from the airplane. This is NOT allowed on National Park Service lands. • In Units 7, 11-13, 14A, 14B, 14C remainder, 15-16, 18-21, 23, 24B, 24C, 24D, 25C, and 25D brown/grizzly bears may be taken at bear bait stations. Hunters must comply with seasons, bag limits, salvage, and sealing requirements for brown/grizzly bears (Registration permits and locking-tags may be required in some areas, contact ADF&G for details).	You <u>MAY NOT</u>: • Set up a bait station within 1 mile of a: »house (including your own home), »school, »business, »developed recreational facility, »campground, or »permanent dwelling including a seasonally-occupied cabin (including your own). Establishing bait stations within 1 mile of a seasonally occupied cabin is allowed in some areas. (<i>See page 27 for the list of places this is allowed.</i>) • Set up a bait station within one-quarter mile of: »a publicly maintained road or trail, »the Alaska Railroad, »the Unit 14 shorelines of the Susitna River and Little Susitna River south of the Parks Highway bridge, or »the Unit 7 or 15 shorelines of the Kenai River (including Kenai Lake and Skilak Lake), »the Unit 15 shorelines of the Kasilof and Swanson rivers. • Take money, bartered goods, or services from someone who uses your bait station. <i>This does not apply to a registered guide-outfitter, master guide-outfitter or employee of the contracting guide for providing big game hunting services.</i> • Use another’s bait station without their written permission. You must write your hunting license number on the permit at each site you intend to hunt over and written permission must be carried in the field. • Use game cameras that can send messages through wireless communication.
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Black bear salvage requirements

= Sealing required, skull must be salvaged = Sealing not required

Units	Jan 1 - May 31 *Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.	June 1 - Dec 31 *Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to salvaged meat or hide.
1-7, 14A, 14C, 15-17, 20B	Meat, Hide*, Skull	Skull AND Meat* or Skull AND Hide*
9-13, 14B, 18-19, 20A, 20C, 20D, 20E, 20F, 21-26	Meat	Meat or Hide

Bowhunters wishing to hunt bears over bait in Units 7 and 14-16 are required to complete an IBEP or equivalent course, and proof of certification must be carried in the field.

All bait, litter, and equipment must be removed from the bait site when hunting is completed. This includes all attractants. In this section, “equipment” means barrels, tree stands, game cameras, and other items associated with a bear bait station. Tree stands may be left in the field year-round with permission of the landowner or such other person authorized to give permission.

Areas Open for Bear Baiting	Dates
Units 1A, 1B, 1C*, 2-3, 5, 6A, 6B, 6C	Apr 15-June 15
Unit 6D*	Apr 15-June 10
Units 1D*, 7*, 9, 11-13*, 14A*, 14B*, 14C remainder*, 15*, 20**, 23, 24A, 25A, 25B, and 25C	Apr 15-June 30
Unit 16*	July 1-Oct 15 Apr 15-June 30
Unit 17	Apr 15-May 31
Unit 18	Apr 1-June 30
Units 19, 21A, and 21E	Aug 1-Oct 31 Apr 15-June 30
Units 21B, 21C, 21D, 24B, 24C, 24D, and 25D	Aug 1-Sept 30 Apr 15-June 30

- *Bait MAY NOT be used and bait stations MAY NOT be registered in the following areas:**
- Unit 1C, those portions within the City and Borough of Juneau.
 - Unit 1D, that portion of the Chilkat Peninsula south of the Haines Hwy and within 1 mile of the Haines Hwy, Lutak Road, the Porcupine Mine road to the confluence of the Porcupine and Klehini rivers, and the Chilkat Lake road from the Porcupine Bridge to Chilkat Landing on the Tsirku River.
 - Unit 6D, Blackstone Bay and Harriman Fiord.
 - Unit 7, Resurrection Creek and tributaries and within one-quarter mile of the shoreline of the Kenai River (including Kenai Lake).
 - Unit 13, within one-quarter mile of the Alyeska pipeline and pipeline access road from mile 75 of the Richardson Hwy (where the pipeline crosses the Tonsina River) north to the unit boundary at mile 227 of the Richardson Hwy (Black Rapids).
 - Units 14A, 14B within one-quarter mile of the shorelines of the Susitna River, and Little Susitna River south of the Parks Hwy Bridge.
 - Unit 14C remainder, the Glacier Creek drainage outside of Chugach State Park.
 - Unit 15, within one-quarter mile of the shoreline of the Kenai River (including Skilak Lake), Kasilof River, and Swanson River.
 - Units 13E and 16A in Denali State Park.

****Chena River State Recreation Area:** additional hunting, shooting, and off-road vehicle use restrictions apply. Call DNR at (907) 451-2695 for specific information.

- Bait MAY be used within 1 mile of seasonally occupied cabins, provided the cabin is on the opposite side of the river from the bait site, in the following areas:**
- Units 11 and 13, the Copper River north of Miles Lake.
 - Unit 16, the Beluga, Susitna, and McArthur rivers, the Deshka River (Kroto Creek) below its confluence with Trapper Creek, the Yentna River below its confluence with the Skwentna River, and Alexander Creek.
 - Units 12, 20, 21, and 25, the Tanana and Yukon Rivers
 - Unit 19, the Kuskokwim River
 - Unit 25, the Porcupine River

It is legal to take a wolf at a bear bait station during an open wolf hunting season, provided the hunter has a hunting license, and the following are not present at the bait site: chemicals, scent lures, human food, animal food, mineral supplements, or garbage. In addition, if game parts are used as bait, only those parts not required to be salvaged may be used. (See page 26 for game that may be used as bear bait.)

Deer in Alaska

Hunters now have the opportunity to harvest mule and white-tailed deer in Alaska. In order to learn more about mule and white-tailed deer entering the state, the Board of Game made it possible for hunters to harvest those deer in Units 1, 5, 11-13, 20, and 25. There is no closed season, no harvest ticket/permit required, and no bag limit. Hunters who harvest these deer are required to salvage the entire carcass. Hunters do not have to contact an ADF&G office prior to harvest, but should understand which samples are requested. Hunters may submit the following samples at a local office such as Anchorage, Delta Junction, Douglas, Fairbanks, Palmer, and Tok: head with brain and skull plate intact, heart with lungs attached, liver, hide, one hoof, pellets (1/4 cup).

Go online for more information: hunt.alaska.gov

Mule deer

Does: 110-165 lbs

Bucks: 150-250 lbs

Not common in Alaska. Narrow white tail with a black tip. Large, mule-like ears. Bucks grow bifurcated antlers (each beam forks) that are commonly larger than Sitka black-tailed deer antlers.



White-tailed deer

Does: 100-160 lbs

Bucks: 150-225 lbs

Not common in Alaska. Wide tail; outside of tail is brown, underside is bright and visible while nervous or fleeing. Bucks grow antlers with individual tines diverging off the main beam.



Sitka black-tailed deer

Does: 80-120 lbs

Bucks: 120-200 lbs

Common in Southeast Alaska, Prince William Sound, and Kodiak. Outside of tail is entirely black or dark brown. Bucks grow bifurcated antlers (each beam forks) that are commonly smaller than mule deer antlers.

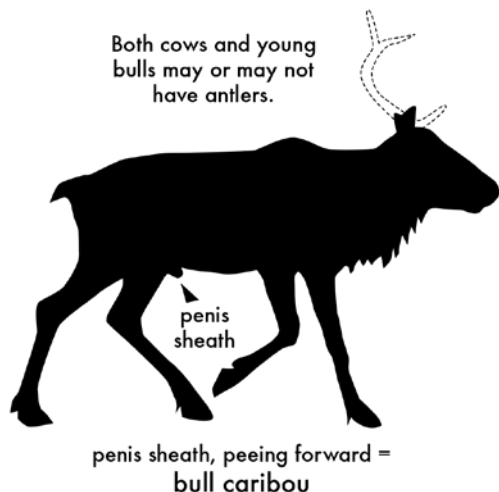


Photo Credit: Kristian Larson



Identifying a legal caribou

In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.



Bull

1. The best method to identify bulls is to determine the presence of a penis sheath. On young bulls (1- to 3-years-old) the sex organs are less apparent. The white rump patch is narrower on bulls than cows.
2. Antlers are well developed (3+ feet) in mature bulls. Young bulls typically have smaller antlers with relatively small brow tine/shovel development, and often cannot be distinguished from a cow using antler development alone.
3. Bull caribou have antlers from May through part of the winter. The oldest bulls drop antlers first, sometimes as early as November, while young bulls (yearlings and 2-year-olds) may not drop their antlers until April.



Cow

1. The vaginal opening (the lower and larger of two dark oval areas) is apparent when viewed carefully from the rear. The white rump patch is wider on cows than bulls.
2. The antlers of cows are smaller than those of most bulls, with the exception of many yearling bulls and a small percentage of 2-year-old bulls.
3. Most cow caribou have antlers from June through April of the following year.

Cows and young bulls may look alike when their tails are down.

Special meat salvage requirements:

Edible meat must be salvaged. In addition, for caribou taken before October 1:

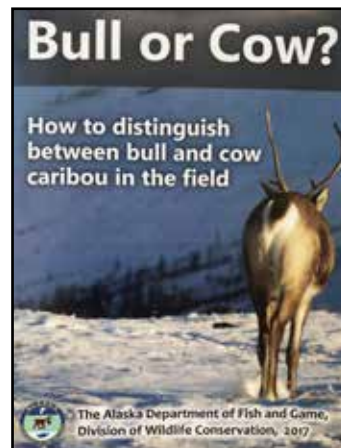
- In Units 9B, and 17-18, the edible meat of the **front quarters** and **hindquarters** must remain naturally attached to the bone until the meat has been transported from the field or is processed for human consumption (see page 22).
- In Units 13, 19, 21A, 21E, 23, 24, 25A, 25B, and 25D the edible meat of the **front quarters**, **hindquarters**, and **ribs** must remain naturally attached to the bone until the meat has been transported from the field or is processed for human consumption (see page 22).

Additional salvage requirements for Copper Basin Community Subsistence Harvest hunts exist, see the CSH hunt conditions online at hunt.alaska.gov.

Caribou Hunters:

Know Your Targets! Be sure to check out the caribou identification guide online at:

<http://www.adfg.alaska.gov/index.cfm?adfg=caribouhunting.resources>

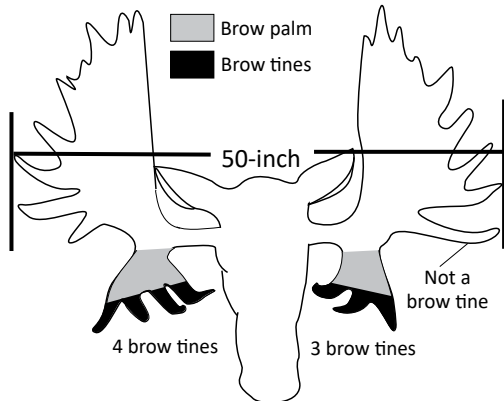


Identifying a legal moose in antler restricted hunts

In many units, regulations restrict the harvest of bull moose to a specific antler size or configuration. The accompanying illustrations provide general assistance to hunters in field identification of moose antler size and configuration. It must be emphasized that moose antlers vary considerably. Each hunter is responsible for determining if a moose is legal before attempting to take it.

Legal bull moose in areas with a 50-inch antler OR number of brow tines restriction:

Antler restrictions are defined by both an antler spread and a brow tine restriction. The brow tine portion of the 50-inch antler restriction is intended to help verify a legal moose if the hunter is uncertain about antler spread. If uncertain about the antler spread, count brow tines. If uncertain about the number of brow tines, don't shoot!



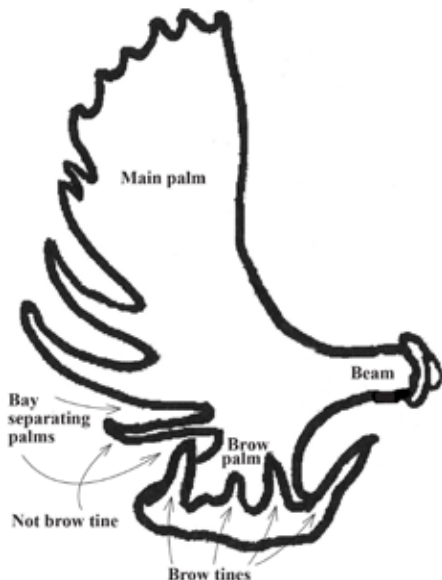
50-inch antlers means the antlers of a bull moose with a spread of 50 inches or more measured in a straight line perpendicular to the centerline of the skull.

In some areas of the state, bulls with antlers less than 50 inches wide are legal if they have at least 3 brow tines on EITHER side. In other areas, bulls with antlers less than 50 inches wide must have at least 4 brow tines on EITHER side to be legal. Be sure to check the regulations for the brow tine minimum requirement in the area you are hunting.

However, if the antlers are 50 or more inches wide, it doesn't matter how many brow tines are present, the moose is legal. Likewise, if the moose has the required number of brow tines, it is legal regardless of the antler spread.

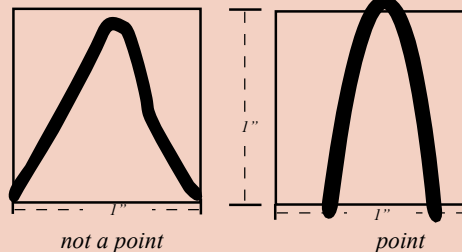
To accurately identify and count brow tines, bulls must be viewed from the front; viewing from the side runs a risk of counting main palm points as brow tines. Distinguishing legal brow tines can be difficult. Brow tines emerge from the brow palm or near the base of the antler and typically project forward.

Antlers must be salvaged where there are antler restrictions; such antlers must remain naturally attached to the unbroken or uncut skull plate if the required number of brow tines are not present. If antlers must be salvaged, they may not be altered prior to completion of all salvage requirements.



“Brow tine” means a tine emerging from the first branch or brow palm on the main beam of a moose antler; the brow palm is separated from the main palm by a wide bay; a tine originating in or after this bay is not a brow tine.

Identifying a point or tine:



A point or tine is an antler projection at least one inch long, and longer than it is wide, with the width measured one inch or more from the tip; an antler point or tine originating within 2 inches from the base, and less than 3 inches in length will not be counted as a brow tine or point.

The use of electronic calls for moose hunting is prohibited.

Legal bull moose in areas with a spike-fork restriction



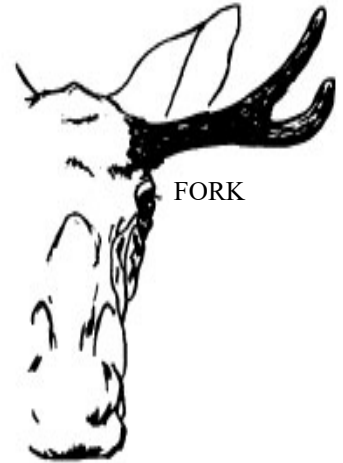
“*Spike*” means antlers of a bull moose with only one tine on at least one side; male calves are not spike bulls.

Legal bull moose in areas with a spike restriction (only in Units 7 and 15)

A spike-fork bull is legal if it has one antler on either side that is a SPIKE (1 point) or a FORK (2 points). The antler on the other side can be any configuration. Male calves are not considered spike bulls. Bulls with palmated antlers (paddles) seldom are legal under the “spike or fork” requirement.

A spike bull is legal if it has one antler on either side that is a SPIKE (1 point). The antler on the other side can be any configuration. Bulls with palmated antlers (paddles) seldom are legal under the “spike” requirement.

In Units 7 and 15, hunters must successfully complete the Moose Hunter Orientation prior to hunting moose. The orientation is available online at hunt.alaska.gov, and proof of certification must be carried in the field. See page 88 for more details.



“*Fork*” means antlers of a bull moose with only two tines on at least one antler.



Some male calves have a small amount of antler growth covered with hair and skin. These are still calves and are not legal in a spike, spike-fork, or antlered bull hunt. Male calves are only legal in antlerless, any moose, or any bull hunts that do not specifically prohibit the taking of calves.

If antlers must be salvaged, they may not be altered prior to completion of all salvage requirements. A damaged, broken or altered antler is not considered a spike-fork antler in Units 1B, that portion of 1C south of Point Hobart, including all Port Houghton drainages, and 3.

Special meat salvage requirements:

Edible meat must be salvaged. In addition, for moose taken before October 1:

- In Units 9B, and 17-18, the edible meat of the **front quarters** and **hindquarters** must remain naturally attached to the bone until the meat has been transported from the field or is processed for human consumption (see page 22).
- In Units 13, 19, 21, and 23-25, the edible meat of the **front quarters**, **hindquarters**, and **ribs** must remain naturally attached to the bone until the meat has been transported from the field or is processed for human consumption (see page 22).

Additional salvage requirements for Copper Basin Community Subsistence Harvest hunts exist, see the CSH hunt conditions online at hunt.alaska.gov.

To better understand the spike-fork 50-inch antler restriction, check out the DVD ‘*Is This Moose Legal?*’ at your nearest ADF&G office or online: www.legalmoose.adfg.alaska.gov
For some hunts, viewing of this video is required prior to hunting.

Attention all Nonresident Moose Hunters!

Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field. The orientation is available online at hunt.alaska.gov.

Identifying a legal muskox

For more muskox hunting tips visit:
hunt.alaska.gov



3-year-old bull in spring (left)
3-year-old cow in spring (right)



2-year-old bull in spring (center left)
3-year-old bull in spring (center right)



3-year-old bull in fall



Mature bull in fall



Mature cow in fall



Fig. 6

Bull muskox horn characteristics:

- Young bulls have larger horn mass than cows, but incomplete growth of a horn boss. **(Figs. 1 & 2)**
- By fall, 3-year-old bulls have a thin, but developed horn boss. **(Fig. 3)**
- Mature bulls (4 years old and older) develop a thick horn boss at the base of each horn. **(Fig. 4)**
- All mature bulls have horns that are thicker and more massive than mature cows **(Figs. 4 & 5)**
- It is unreliable to identify sex based solely on the color of horn tips or presence of white hair between horns.

Cow muskox horn characteristics:

- Cows do not have a horn boss at any age. Mature cows (4 years old and older) have horn bases that are small, dark, and visible. **(Fig. 5)**
- Cow horn diameter is smaller and less massive than bulls. From a distance, the length of the hook may be similar to bull horns.
- Young cows have incomplete growth of horn bases and considerable white hair between the horns.

How many animals do you see in **Fig. 6**?

- Know what is behind your target before you shoot.
- Muskox cluster together as herd animals making separate individuals hard to see.
- Calves, yearlings, and 2-year-olds often stand behind larger animals for protection.
- Take your time! The group will eventually disperse giving you a clear shot.

Photos courtesy of:
Figs. 2,4,6: Patrick Jones

Trophy destruction is required in some hunts, which consists of removing the horns within 2 inches of the eye level at the kill site. See permit for details.



Identifying a legal ram

Figure 1 - Full-curl ram

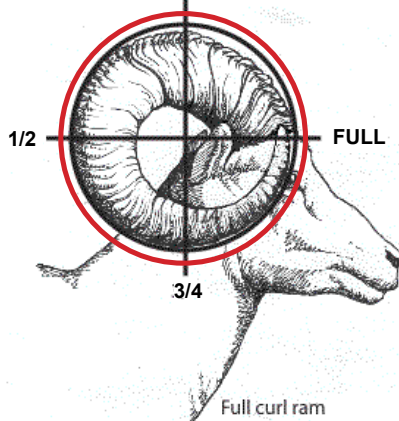
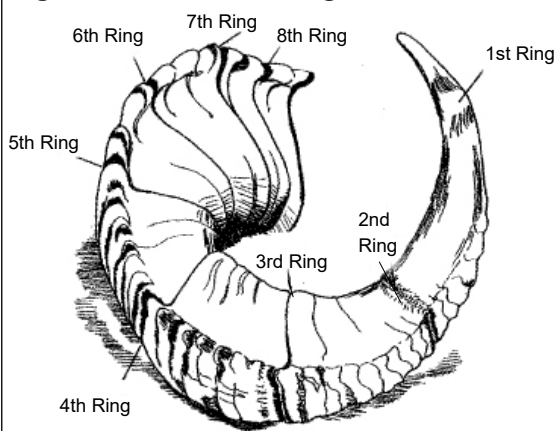


Figure 2 - Ram with both horns broken



Figure 3 - Annual horn rings



Attention all Sheep Hunters!

Beginning July 1, 2026, a person must have successfully completed a department-approved hunter orientation course before hunting sheep in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is one ram with full-curl horn or larger. Course materials will be posted at hunt.alaska.gov when they become available.

A legal ram under a full-curl regulation is:

- A full-curl ram, whose tip of at least one horn has grown through 360° of a circle described by the outer surface of the horn, as viewed from the side (**Figure 1**).
- A ram with the tips of both horns broken which means the lamb tip is completely absent. Horn tips that are chipped or cracked are not considered broken if any portion of the lamb tip is present (**Figure 2**).

Lamb tip characteristics:

- » a length of less than four inches;
- » the inside surface of the lamb tip is distinctly concave when compared to the remainder of the horn;
- » the lamb tip is the section of a horn grown during the first six months of a sheep's life and is the section of horn distal of the first annulus, which is the swelling of the horn that forms during the first winter of life.

- A ram at least 8 years old as determined by counting annual horn rings and segments (**Figure 3**). If a ram's horns are not legal based on degree of curl or broken tips, you are responsible for counting at least 8 true annuli before attempting to take the ram. It is difficult and ill-advised to age a ram in the field by only counting horn rings because of false annuli and narrow horn segments on older rams.

For more tips on judging legal sheep visit: hunt.alaska.gov

A legal ram under an any ram hunt is:

Any ram. It can be difficult to tell the difference between ewes and young rams.

Ram horn sealing requirements:

Horns from rams harvested in areas where sealing is required must be **permanently** sealed prior to exporting from Alaska; it is illegal to transport sheep horns outside the state before sealing.

The horns, along with the harvest or permit report, must be presented to an ADF&G representative for sealing within 30 days of the date of kill, or sooner if permit or harvest ticket requires. Horns must be attached to the skull plate for sealing purposes. If the hunter is unable to present horns in person for sealing, another individual must provide the hunter's completed harvest report with horns at the time of sealing.

NOTE: Sheep sealing is available at most ADF&G offices Monday through Friday, except holidays. Sheep sealing is not available anywhere in Arctic or Western Alaska, so plan accordingly.

In areas where sheep horns must be sealed, they may not be altered prior to sealing.

From Aug 1-Sept 20, aircraft may only be used by and for sheep hunters to place and remove hunters and camps, maintain existing camps, and salvage harvested sheep. A person may not use or employ an aircraft to locate sheep or direct hunters to sheep during the open sheep hunting season. This prohibition does not prohibit any flight maneuvers necessary to make an informed and safe landing in the field.

More information on sheep, including the '**Dall Sheep Hunting Full-Curl Identification Guide**', is available at <http://www.adfg.alaska.gov/index.cfm?adfg=sheephunting.resources>

Definitions

airport - an airport listed in the current Federal Aviation Administration Alaska Supplement and aviation chart.

antler - the annually cast and regenerated bony growth originating from the pedicle portion of the skull in members of the deer family.

antlerless - the absence of antlers.

ATV (all-terrain vehicle) - a motorized tracked vehicle, or a vehicle with four or more wheels operated on land weighing less than 1,000 pounds dry weight, except for snowmachines.

bag limit - the maximum number of animals of any one game species a person may take in the unit or portion of a unit in which the taking occurs. Animals disturbed in the course of legal hunting do not count toward the bag limit.

bait - any material, excluding scent lures, placed to attract an animal by its sense of smell or taste; bait does not include those parts of legally taken animals that are not required to be salvaged as edible meat if the parts are not moved from the kill site.

big game - black bear, brown/grizzly bear, bison, caribou, Sitka black-tailed deer, elk, mountain goat, moose, muskox, Dall sheep, wolf, and wolverine.

boat - a vehicle, vessel, or watercraft operated in or on water deep enough to float it at rest; includes hovercraft, airboats, personal watercraft, and amphibious vehicles.

bow - see page 20.

brow tine - a tine emerging from the first branch or brow palm on the main beam of a moose antler; the brow palm is separated from the main palm by a wide bay; a tine originating in or after this bay is not a brow tine; an antler point or tine originating within 2 inches from the base, and less than 3 inches in length, will not be counted as a brow tine; see pages 30-31.

brown bear - *Ursus arctos*, including grizzly bears; the terms brown bear and grizzly bear are synonymous.

buck - a male deer.

bull moose - a male moose.

calf - a moose, caribou, elk, muskox, or bison less than 12 months old.

crossbow - a bow, mounted on a stock, which mechanically holds the string at partial or full draw, that shoots projectiles which are generally called bolts or quarrels.

cub bear - a brown/grizzly bear in 1st or 2nd year of life, or a black bear (including the cinnamon and blue color phases) in the 1st year of life.

dire emergency - a situation in which a person:

- (A) is in a remote area;
- (B) is involuntarily experiencing an absence of food required to sustain life;
- (C) will be unable to perform the functions necessary for survival, leading to high risk of death or serious and permanent health problems, if wild game food is not immediately taken and consumed; and
- (D) cannot expect to obtain other food sources in time to avoid the consequences described in (C) above.

domestic mammals - muskox, bison, elk, and reindeer, if lawfully owned.

domicile - the true and permanent home of a person from which the person has no present intention of moving and to which the person intends to return when the person is away.

drainage - the area of land drained by a creek, stream, or river unless further defined in regulation.

Drawing permit - a permit issued to a limited number of people selected by means of a lottery held for people who have submitted a valid application for the permit and who agree to abide by the conditions specified for each hunt.

edible meat -

big game (except bear): the meat of the ribs, neck, brisket, front quarters as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna (knee), hindquarters as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock), and the meat along the backbone between the front and hindquarters;

bear: the meat of the front quarters and hindquarters and meat along the backbone (backstrap);

small game birds (except cranes, geese, and swan): the meat of the breast;

cranes, geese, and swan: the meat of the breast, the meat of the legs (femur and tibia-fibula), and the meat of the upper wings (humerus);

However, edible meat of big game or small game birds does not include: meat of the head, meat that has been damaged and made inedible by the method of taking; bones, sinew, and incidental meat reasonably lost as a result of boning or a close trimming of the bones; or viscera.

field - an area outside of established year-round dwellings, businesses, or other developments associated with a city,

town, or village; "field" does not include permanent hotels or roadhouses on the state road system or state or federally maintained airports.

front quarter - the front leg and shoulder, including the scapula, as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna.

full-curl horn - see page 33.

fur animal - beaver, coyote, Arctic fox, red fox, lynx, flying squirrel, ground squirrel, or red squirrel that has not been domestically raised; fur animal is a classification of animals subject to taking with a hunting license.

furbearer - beaver, black bear, coyote, Arctic fox, red fox, lynx, fisher, marten, mink, weasel, muskrat, river otter, squirrel, marmot, wolf, or wolverine; furbearer is a classification of animals subject to taking with a trapping license.

game - any species of bird, reptile, or mammal, including a feral domestic animal, found or introduced in the state, except domestic birds and mammals; game may be classified by regulation as big game, small game, furbearers or other categories.

grizzly bear - the terms brown bear and grizzly bear are synonymous.

handicraft - a finished product in which the shape or appearance of the natural material has been substantially changed by skillful use of hands, such as sewing, carving, etching, scrimshawing, painting, or other means and which has substantially greater monetary and aesthetic value than the unaltered natural material alone.

harass - to repeatedly approach an animal in a manner which results in the animal altering its behavior.

hide - see skin.

highway - the driveable surface of any constructed road.

hindquarter - means the hind leg, excluding the pelvis, as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock).

household - that group of people domiciled in the same residence.

hunting area - that portion of a game management unit where a season and a bag limit for a species are set.

inboard motor - any motor located within the confines of the boat.

meat-on-bone - meat remains naturally attached to the bone. Requirements vary by area or type of hunt. Check specific hunt requirements.

Continued...

Definitions (continued)

moose antler - see pages 30-31.

motorized vehicle - a motor-driven land, water, or air conveyance.

motorized land vehicle - any motorized vehicle operated on land; includes hovercraft and airboats.

muzzleloader - see page 20.

naturally shed antler - any portion of an antler which has the base (burr) intact and has not been physically removed by cutting, sawing, or breaking from the skull.

nonresident - a person who is not a resident of Alaska.

nonresident alien - a person who is neither a citizen nor a permanent resident of the United States.

peace officer - a police officer of the state or a person authorized by the Commissioner of Fish and Game.

permit hunt - a hunt for which permits are issued on a Drawing, Registration, Targeted, or Tier II hunt basis.

processed for human consumption - prepared for immediate consumption or prepared in such a manner, and in an existing state of preservation, as to be fit for human consumption after a 15-day period.

Registration permit - a hunting permit issued to a person who agrees to the conditions specified for each hunt; permits are issued in the order applications are received, and are issued:

- (A) beginning on a date announced by the department and continuing throughout the season, or until the season is closed by emergency order when a harvest quota is reached;
- (B) beginning on a date announced by the department and continuing until a predetermined number of permits have been issued.

regulatory year - July 1 through June 30 of the following calendar year.

resident -

- a person (including an alien) who is physically present in Alaska with the intent to remain indefinitely and make a home here, has maintained that person's domicile in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding application for a license, and is not claiming residency or obtaining benefits under a claim of residency in another state, territory, or country; or
- a member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has been stationed in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license; or

- a dependent of a resident member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has lived in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license; or
- a person who does not otherwise qualify as a resident may not qualify by virtue of an interest in an Alaska business.

salvage - to transport the edible meat, heart, liver, kidneys, head, skull or hide, as required by statute or regulation, of a game animal or small game bird to the location where the edible meat, heart, liver, or kidneys will be consumed by humans or processed for human consumption in a manner which saves or prevents the edible meat from waste, and the head, skull or hide will be put to human use.

sealing - the placement of an official marker or seal by an authorized representative of the ADF&G on an animal hide and/or skull, and may include:

- (A) collecting and recording biological information concerning the conditions under which the animal was taken;
- (B) measuring the specimen submitted for sealing;
- (C) retaining specific portions of the animal for biological information such as a pre-molar tooth from a bear.

second-degree of kindred - a father, mother, brother, sister, son, daughter, spouse, grandparent, grandchild, brother- or sister-in-law, son- or daughter-in-law, father- or mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepsister, stepbrother, stepson, or stepdaughter.

skin, hide, and pelt - are all the same, and mean any untanned external covering of any game animal's body; but does not include a handicraft or other finished product; skin, hide, or pelt of a bear means the entire external covering with claws attached.

small game - all species of grouse, hare (other than Belgian hare), ptarmigan, waterfowl, cranes, and snipe.

snowmachine - a motor vehicle of 850 pounds or less gross vehicle weight, primarily designed to travel over snow, and supported, in part by skis, belts, or tracks; snowmachine and snowmobile are synonymous.

take - taking, pursuing, hunting, fishing, trapping, or in any manner disturbing, capturing, or killing or attempting to take, pursue, hunt, fish, trap, or in any manner capture or kill fish or game.

Targeted permit - a permit issued on short notice and a lottery basis to an applicant who has previously registered

and is willing to participate in a hunt under short notice.

Tier I - when the board has identified a game population that is customarily and traditionally used for subsistence and where it is anticipated that a reasonable opportunity can be provided to all residents who desire to engage in that subsistence use.

Tier II - when the board has identified a game population that is customarily and traditionally used for subsistence and where, even after nonsubsistence uses are eliminated, it is anticipated that a reasonable opportunity to engage in the subsistence use cannot be provided to all eligible residents.

tine or point - see page 31.

transport - ship, carry, import, export, or receive or deliver for shipment, carriage, or export.

trophy - a mount of a big game animal, including the skin of the head (cape) or the entire skin, in a lifelike representation of the animal; trophy also includes a "European mount" in which the horns or antlers and the skull or a portion of the skull is mounted for display.

unclassified game - any species of game not otherwise classified as big game, deleterious exotic wildlife, fur animal, furbearer, or small game.

unit - one of the 26 geographical areas listed under Game Management Units in the codified hunting and trapping regulations and the game unit maps of Alaska.

wireless communication - electronic communication of any form that is transmitted through the air without requiring any cable or wires between two or more devices.

year - calendar year unless another year is specified.

youth hunt - a hunt limited to a child aged 10-17 and an accompanying adult that is a licensed resident hunter 21 years of age or older. If the child is a nonresident, the accompanying adult must be a resident parent, stepparent, or legal guardian of the child. For big game, the bag limit counts against both the youth and the accompanying adult, see page 16 for exceptions for deer.

Note: Some of these definitions appear elsewhere in this book, where they are most needed for reference. The form shown in other parts of the book may be slightly different to help the reader better understand the intent of the language.

Common violations

Below are some common violations hunters should be aware of:

- Leaving the kill site for any reason without first validating your harvest ticket or permit (see *Harvest tickets*, page 14 and *Permits*, page 15).
- Failing to salvage all meat of big game animals (except wolves and wolverines) and small game birds for human consumption. Some restrictions apply to bears taken at certain times of the year in specific areas. If you don't want all of the meat, contact someone in the nearest community and offer them the meat. You may legally transfer the meat to another person (see *Salvage*, page 22, *Transfer of Possession*, page 21, and *Definitions: edible meat*, page 34).
- Failing to leave evidence of sex naturally attached to the meat when the hunt is restricted to one sex. Antlers are not proof of sex, except for deer when the antlers are naturally attached to an entire carcass. Horns are proof of sex for Dall sheep; both horns must be salvaged. In most units, the evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide of bears (see *Evidence of Sex*, page 22).
- Transporting antlers or horns to the departure point from the field (landing strip, trail head, road, river, etc.) before bringing out the meat. Antlers or horns may be transported simultaneously with the last load of meat (see *Transporting requirements*, page 21).
- Leaving any part of a harvested animal on a public road or right-of-way is littering and is illegal. Leave guts, hides, etc., in the field and out of sight of roads and trails.

Illegal take of game

Every hunter is responsible for taking legal game. Sometimes, mistakes happen and the animal harvested is not legal. When this happens, the hunter is subject to criminal penalties. What is the best thing a hunter can do if this happens?

Under hunting and trapping regulations in Alaska, there is no law that requires a person to self-report their unlawful take of game. Ethical hunters will obligate themselves to take ownership of the mistake and self-report to authorities, but they may not know the best steps to proceed.

Each year, self-reporting of violations accounts for some wildlife cases where animals have been taken unlawfully. By reporting yourself to Alaska Wildlife Troopers you maintain high ethical standards and will be treated differently than if your actions were discovered through investigations by authorities.

Follow these steps if you have taken game illegally:

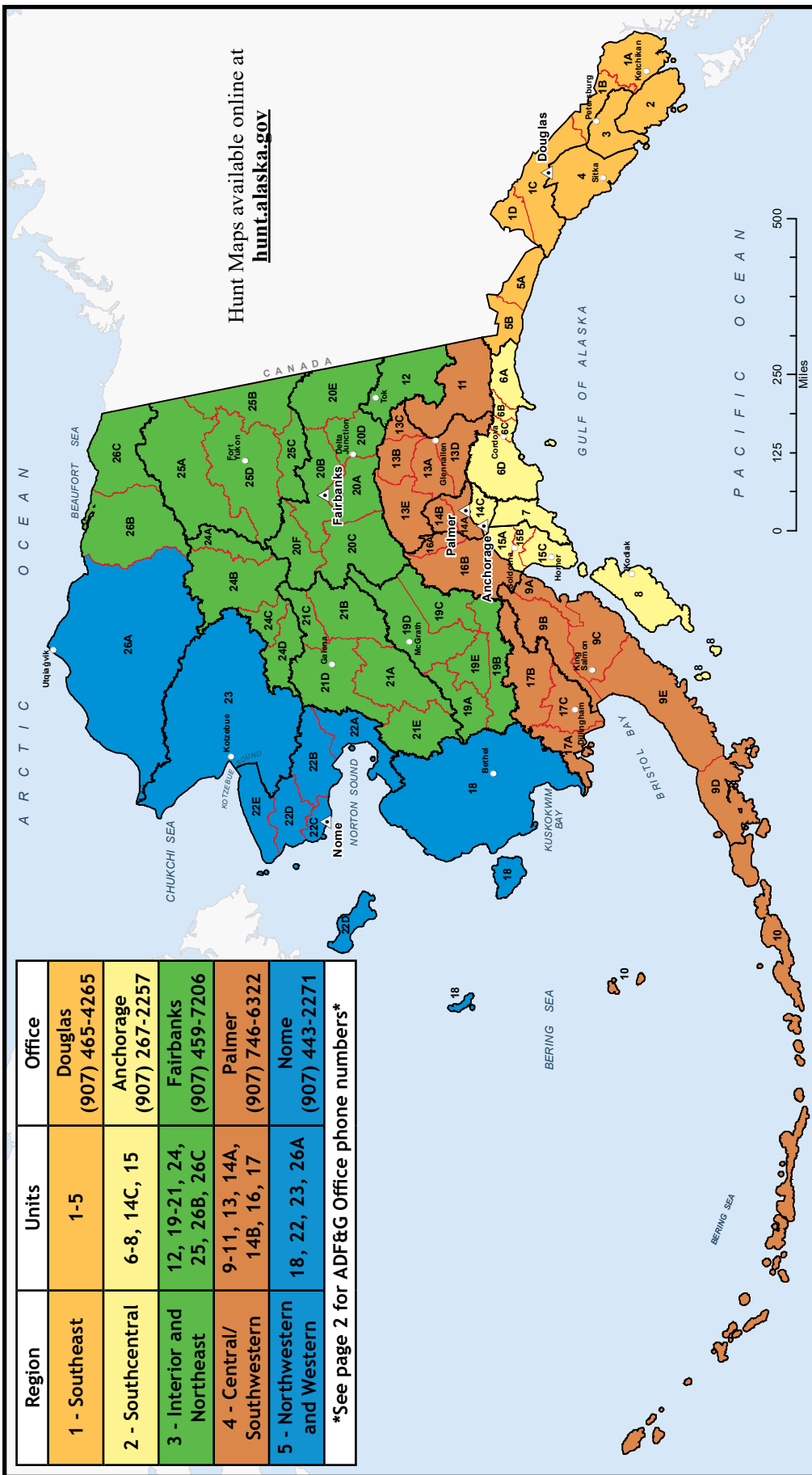
1. Immediately validate your harvest ticket or permit for the appropriate species.
2. As soon as possible after taking illegal game, contact your local Alaska Wildlife Troopers office (see page 2 for a list of office locations and phone numbers). Advise them of your situation and your location.
3. After harvesting an animal, you must comply with salvage requirements for that species. The Alaska Wildlife Troopers will tell you where to take the animal.
4. Keep the meat in the best condition possible. This may mean you will need to come out of the field to prevent spoilage.

After self-reporting your violation, you can expect an Alaska Wildlife Trooper will speak to you about your hunt and taking of game. Any salvaged meat, hide, antlers, or horns will be seized. According to Alaska law, animals taken unlawfully are the property of the state. The meat is usually donated to a charitable organization but may be retained as evidence. Hides, horns, or antlers will be retained by Alaska Wildlife Troopers until instructed by the court. You will likely receive a citation for taking the animal illegally; however you will receive a substantially lower fine and other potential leniency compared to not self-reporting. In most situations, Alaska Wildlife Troopers will recommend that fines be consistent with self-reporting in other areas of the state and that the illegal take be resolved as a "violation" instead of a "criminal" offence.

Hunters who do not self-report their error risk being discovered by Alaska Wildlife Troopers in the future. Carefully consider your actions after you take an animal unlawfully in Alaska. Your next decision can determine the consequences of your actions.

Maximum Weights of Some Alaska Species			
<i>Estimated maximum weights of animals that hunters might handle and transport.</i>			
<i>species</i>	<i>live weight (lbs.)</i>	<i>carcass weight (lbs.)^a</i>	<i>boned-out carcass weight (lbs.)^b</i>
<i>bison</i>	2000	1200	684
<i>black bear</i>	350	210	120
<i>brown bear</i>	1250	750	428
<i>caribou</i>	500	300	171
<i>Dall sheep</i>	230	138	79
<i>elk</i>	1350	810	462
<i>moose</i>	1650	990	564
<i>mountain goat</i>	280	168	96
<i>muskox</i>	800	480	274
<i>Sitka black-tailed deer</i>	200	120	68
^a Weight following removal of viscera, head, hide, and lower legs.			
^b Weight of carcass meat after all bones are removed.			

Game Management Units



Region	Units	Office
1 - Southeast	1-5	Douglas (907) 465-4265
2 - Southcentral	6-8, 14C, 15	Anchorage (907) 267-2257
3 - Interior and Northeast	12, 19-21, 24, 25, 26B, 26C	Fairbanks (907) 459-7206
4 - Central/Southwestern	9-11, 13, 14A, 14B, 16, 17	Palmer (907) 746-6322
5 - Northwestern and Western	18, 22, 23, 26A	Nome (907) 443-2271
See page 2 for ADF&G Office phone numbers		

About the Unit maps on the following pages:

This Game Management Units map of Alaska and the individual unit maps found throughout the following section on seasons and bag limits are included to help you determine the area in which a regulation applies. These maps are not intended to reflect exact unit or restricted area boundaries. For exact boundaries, please refer to the written description at the beginning of each unit, and consult a large-scale topographical map of the area. Not all roads, streams, and geographical features are illustrated because of the small scale. Hunters are advised that additional restrictions may be imposed by the land owner. See page 2 for phone numbers of ADF&G offices in the communities noted on these maps.

HOW TO READ THE UNIT PAGES CORRECTLY

Unit 7 Seward

Unit 7: Gulf of Alaska drainages between Gore Point and Cape Fairfield, including the Nellie Juan and Kings River drainages, the Kenai River drainages upstream of a line from the mouth of the Russian River, continuing southerly along the Chugach National Forest boundary to the upper end of Upper Russian Lake; and including the drainages into Upper Russian Lake east of the Chugach National Forest boundary, the drainages into the south side of Turnagain Arm west of and including the Portage Creek drainage, and east of 150° W. long., and all Kenai Peninsula drainages east of 150° W. long., from Turnagain Arm to the Kenai River, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines.

State restricted areas on pg. 58

State restricted areas are shown on the unit maps.

OPEN TO:	R = RESIDENTS ONLY	B = RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N = NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	
			PERMIT/ HUNT #*
			SEASON
Black Bear			
- See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. - Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required.			
R	7	Three bears	HT
N	7	South of the city limits of Seward at 60° 4' 58" N. Lat.	HT
B	7	remainder	HT
Brown/ Grizzly Bear			
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. - See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. - If you wound a brown bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year. - Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.			
B	7	One bear	Aug 10-June 15
Caribou			
- One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Homer, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 1 - In bag limit, "caribou" means an animal of either sex.			
B	7	north of the Sterling Highway and west of the Seward Highway	DC001
B	7	remainder	no open season
Goat			
- Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. - If a nanny is taken in Units 7 or 15, the hunter is prohibited from hunting any goats in Units 7 and 15 for 5 regulatory years. - Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. - Hunters may not possess more than one goat registration permit for Units 7 and 15 at the same time. - All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov.			
B	7	One goat by permit	DG331-DG352
B	7	One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Homer, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Oct 24. Only select hunt areas open, number of permits to be announced.	Nov 1-Nov 14 (may be announced)

This column depicts if there is any ticket or permit required. "HT" means a harvest ticket is required.

Where a permit hunt number appears, the first letter indicates which type of permit is required:
A = Targeted
D = Drawing
R = Registration
T = Tier II

Season dates are shown in the last column.
Please note seasons for permit hunts may differ from the printed season shown here. Actual dates can be found on the individual permits.

Game Management Unit. See statewide map on page 37.

This provides the area description of the unit and any subunits.

This column depicts if a hunt is open to Alaska residents (R), nonresidents (N) or both (B).

The italic column describes the unit or the portion of the unit where the hunt occurs.

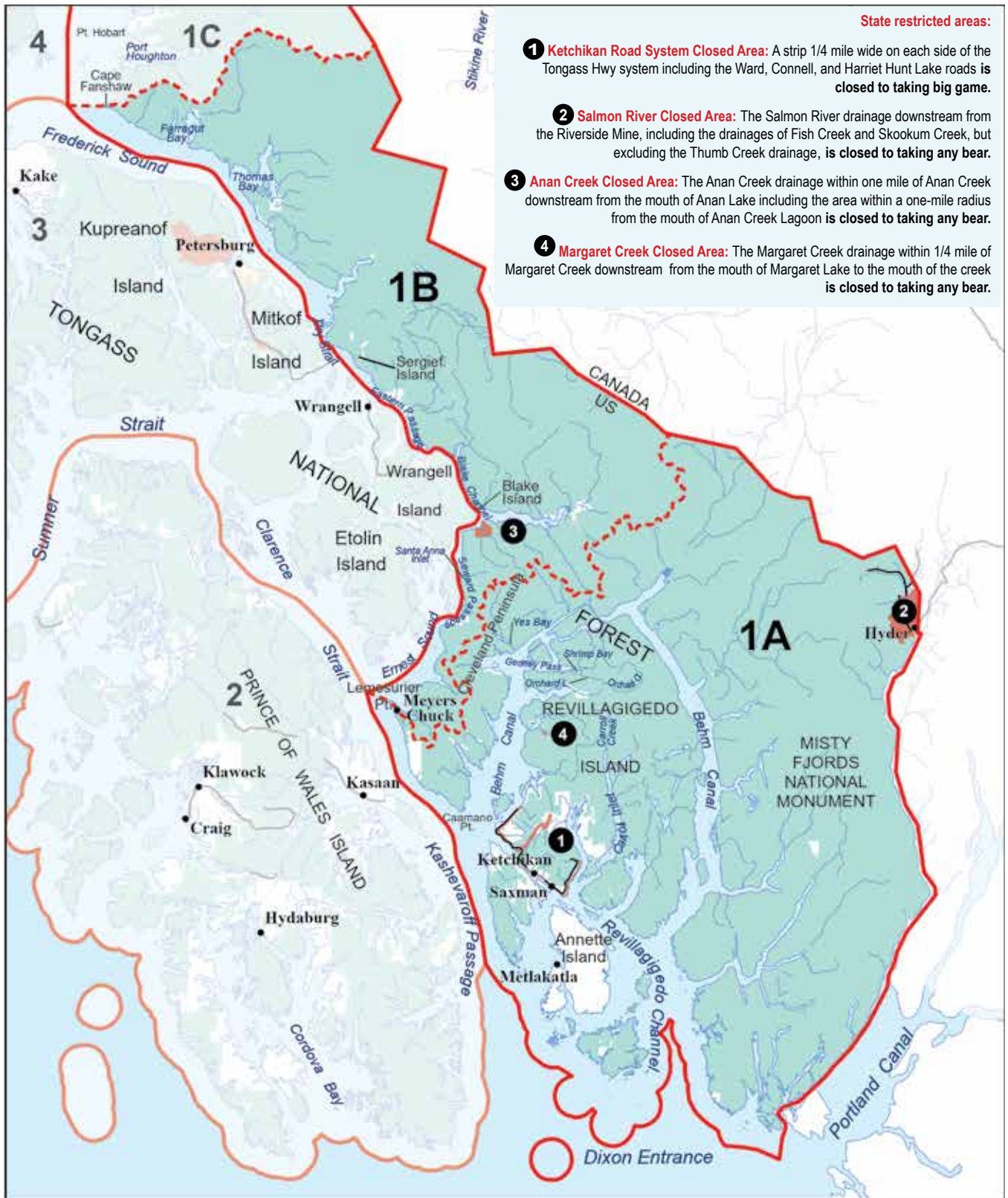
This section describes the bag limit (listed in red) and special restrictions, such as spike-fork or antler restrictions.

An "OR" symbol between a list of hunts, as shown here, informs you that while you may apply for more than one of these hunts, you may only take one bag limit or the other, not both.

Additionally, Registration permits have specific pickup locations and dates they are available, as shown here.

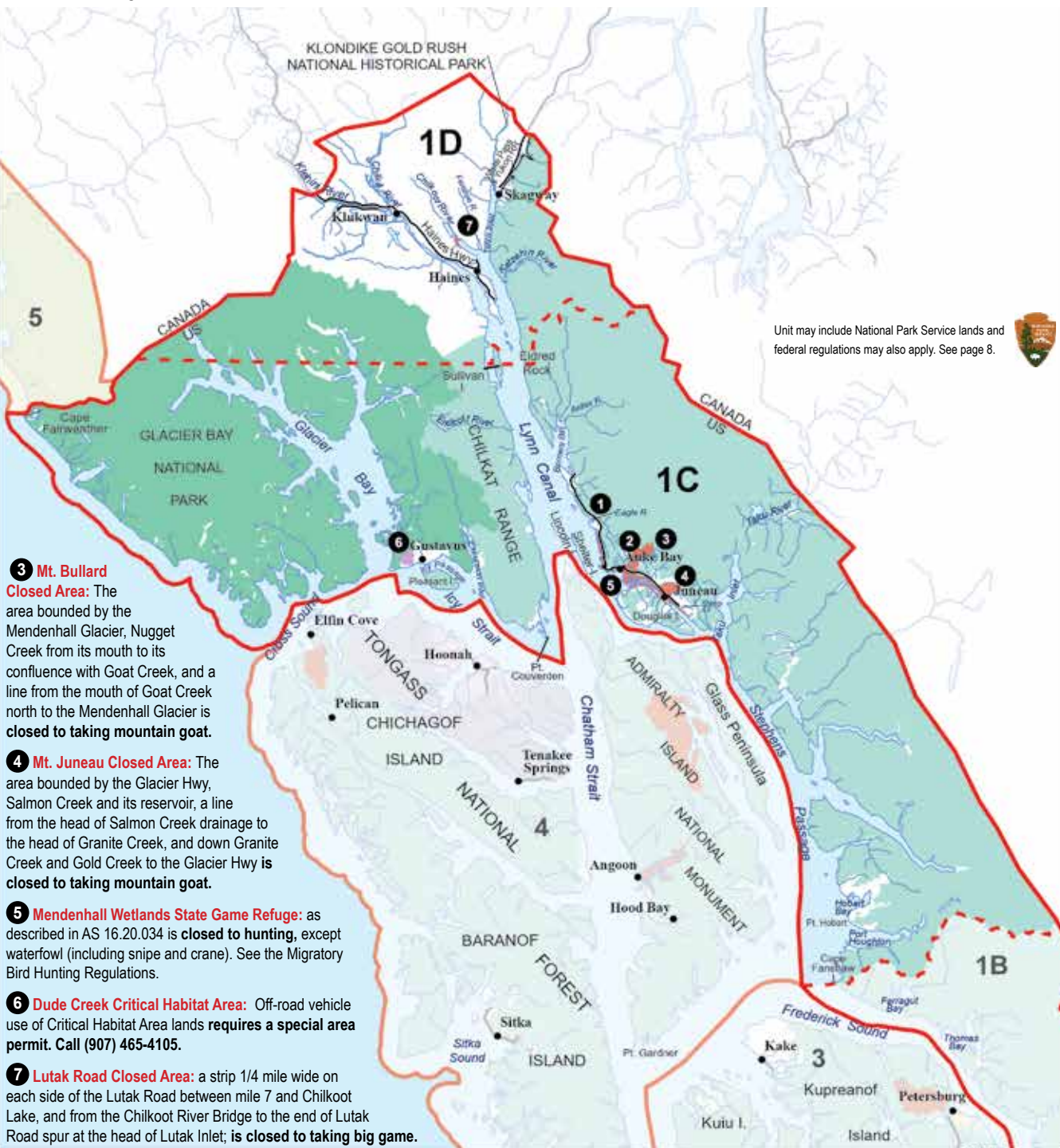
Hunt types are also noted at the bottom of each unit page.

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



State Restricted Areas:

- 1 Juneau Road System Closed Area:** The area between the coast and a line 1/4 mile inland of the following road systems: Glacier Hwy from Mile 0 to the northern bank of Peterson Creek, Douglas Hwy from the Douglas city limits to the northeast bank of Fish Creek, Mendenhall Loop Road and Thane Road; **is closed to taking big game.**
- 2 Mendenhall Lake Closed Area:** The area within 1/4 mile of Mendenhall Lake, the U.S. Forest Service Mendenhall Glacier Visitor's Center and the Center's parking area; **is closed to hunting.**



Unit 1 Southeast Mainland

State restricted
areas on pgs. 39-40

Unit 1: All mainland drainages from Dixon Entrance to Cape Fairweather, those islands east of the center line of Clarence Strait from Dixon Entrance to Caamano Point, all islands in Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Taku Inlet, Pleasant Island, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines;

Unit 1A: all drainages in Unit 1 south of the latitude of Lemesurier Point including all drainages into Behm Canal and excluding all drainages of Ernest Sound;

Unit 1B: all drainages in Unit 1 between the latitude of Lemesurier Point and the latitude of Cape Fanshaw, including all drainages of Ernest Sound and Farragut Bay, and including the islands east of the center lines of Frederick Sound, Dry Strait (between Sergief and Kadin islands), Eastern Passage, Blake Channel (excluding Blake Island), Ernest Sound and Seward Passage;

Unit 1C: that portion of Unit 1 draining into Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Cape Fanshaw and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, including Berners Bay, and Sullivan Island, and that portion north of Icy Strait and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, including Pleasant Island, and excluding drainages into Farragut Bay;

Unit 1D: that portion of Unit 1 north of the latitude of Eldred Rock, and excluding Sullivan Island and the drainages of Berners Bay.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear		•A white-colored bear may not be taken in Units 1C and 1D. •See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. •Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required. •If you wound a black bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year.								
R	1C south of Taku	Two bears but not more than one may be a blue or glacier bear				HT	Sept 1-June 30			
N		One bear	Nonresident hunters using a registered guide, or accompanied by resident second-degree of kindred, see pg. 10							
		One bear by permit	Nonresident hunters NOT using a registered guide, and NOT accompanied by resident second-degree of kindred, see pg. 10		DL018					
R	1A 1B 1C 1D remainder	Two bears but not more than one may be a blue or glacier bear				HT	Sept 1-June 30			
N		One bear								
Brown/ Grizzly Bear		•Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. •See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. •Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. •If you wound a brown bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year.								
B	1A 1B 1C remainder	One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14				RB062	Sept 15-Dec 31			
		One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Mar 1				RB072	Mar 15-May 31			
B	1C Berners Bay drainages	One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14				RB063	Sept 15-Dec 31			
		One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Mar 1				RB073	Mar 15-May 31			
R	1C Chilkat Range mountains	One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14				RB063	Sept 15-Dec 31			
N		One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14								
R		One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Mar 1				RB073	Mar 15-May 31			
N		One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Mar 1								

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Brown/ Grizzly Bear <i>continued</i>										
B	1D	One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14				Hunters must watch the brown bear identification video “Take a Closer Look” before obtaining a permit	RB050	Sept 15-Dec 31		
		One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Mar 1					RB051	Mar 15-May 31		
Deer • Same day airborne hunting of deer allowed, see pg. 19. • Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass, with or without viscera. • Mule deer and white-tailed deer may be harvested, see pg. 28 for more information.										
B	1A	Four bucks						HT	Aug 1-Dec 31	
B	1B	Two bucks							Aug 1-Dec 31	
B	1C	Douglas Island	Four deer total only one of which may be a doe			bucks	Aug 1-Sept 14			
						any deer	Sept 15-Dec 31			
B	1C	Lincoln, Shelter, and Sullivan islands	Four deer total			bucks	Aug 1-Sept 14			
						any deer	Sept 15-Dec 31			
B	1C	remainder	Two bucks				Aug 1-Dec 31			
B	1D								no open season	
Goat • Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov. • If you wound a goat, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year. • Resident hunters that harvest a nanny in Unit 1D are prohibited from taking a goat in Unit 1D for the next regulatory year.										
B	1A	Revillagigedo Island South, that portion bounded on the north beginning at the north banks of Roosevelt Lagoon, Naha River and Heckman Lake to the inlet of Naha River into Heckman Lake; then southeast along the valley to the east shoreline of the Salt Lagoon at the head of George Inlet, then south along the east coastline of George Inlet then south to Mountain Point, and continuing along the southern shoreline of Revillagigedo Island through Tongass Narrows around Clover Passage to the point of beginning				One goat by permit	DG005 DG006	Aug 15-Dec 31		
B	1A 1B	Cleveland Peninsula south of the divide between Yes Bay and Santa Anna Inlet		One billy by permit			DG008	Aug 1-Dec 31		
B	1B	north of Bradfield Canal and the north fork of the Bradfield River		One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning July 15			RG004	Aug 1-Dec 31		
R	1A	remainder		Two goats by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning July 15			RG002	Aug 1-Dec 31		
N	1B	remainder		One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning July 15			RG001	Aug 1-Dec 31		
B	1C	draining into Lynn Canal and Stephens Passage between Antler River and Eagle Glacier/River			One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15			RG012	Oct 1-Nov 30	

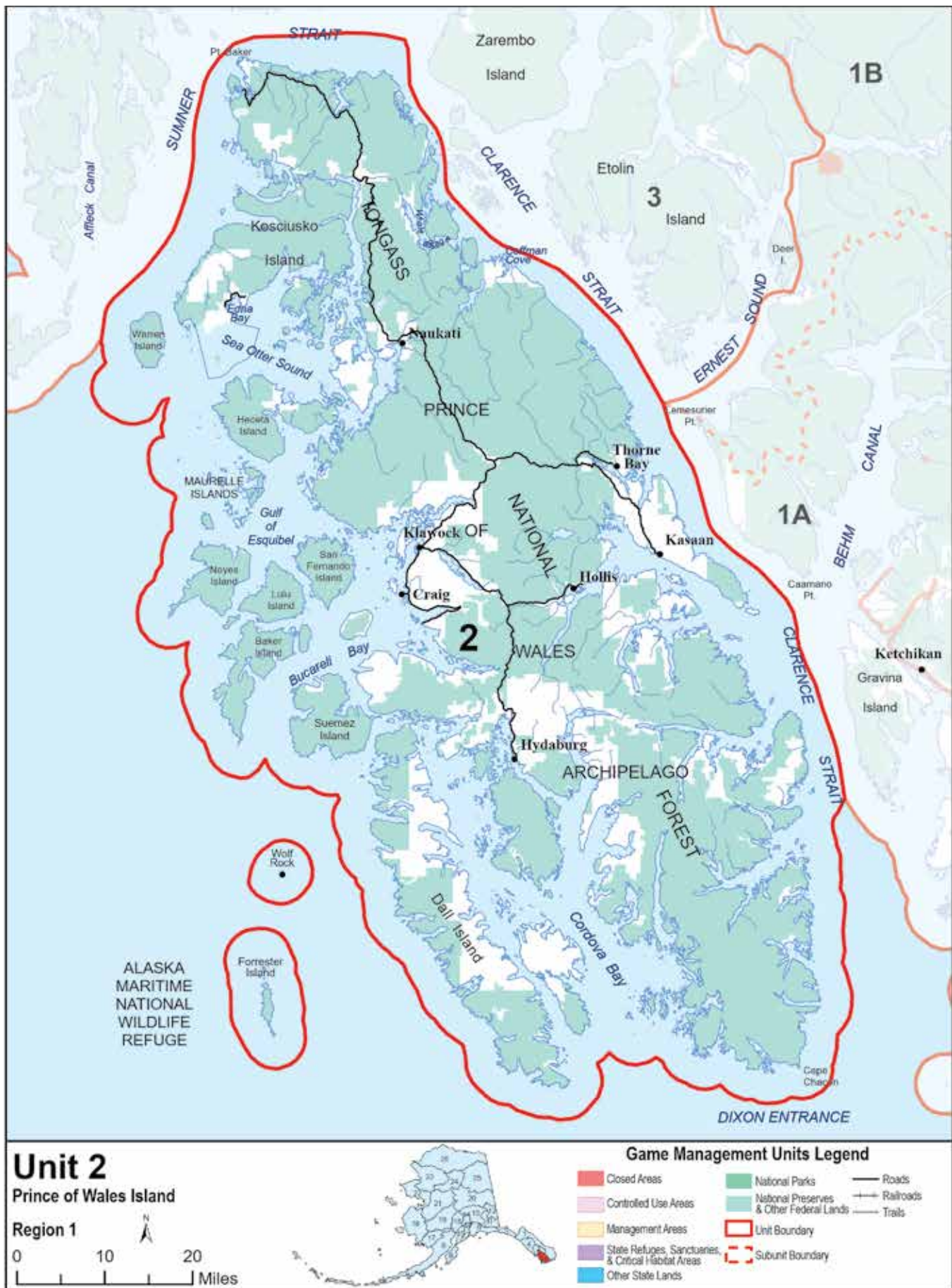
*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Goat continued										
B	1C	draining into Stephens Passage between Eagle Glacier/River and the mouth of Little Sheep Creek, except that portion of Unit 1C bounded by Montana Creek Trail, McGinnis Creek to its headwaters, then due north to the edge of the south side of the Mendenhall Glacier, then north and west along the edge of the Mendenhall and Herbert Glaciers, then along the southwest side of Herbert Glacier/River back to the Montana Creek Trail, and also excluding that portion above 2000 feet and south of the west ridge of West Peak							no open season	
B	1C	that portion bounded by Montana Creek Trail, McGinnis Creek to its headwaters, then due north to the edge of the south side of the Mendenhall Glacier, then north and west along the edge of the Mendenhall and Herbert Glaciers, then along the southwest side of Herbert Glacier/River back to the Montana Creek Trail							no open season	
B	1C	that mainland portion draining into the south bank of Little Sheep Creek, above 2,000 feet and south of the west ridge of West Peak, with the contour and ridge being the boundary, Gastineau Channel south of Little Sheep Creek, Stephens Passage, and Taku Inlet between the mouth of Little Sheep Creek and Taku Glacier, including that portion on the south side of Blackerby Ridge encompassed by a line from Observation Peak west along the ridgeline down to the 1,000-foot contour, east along that contour to the north shore of Salmon Creek Reservoir, north of the main drainage into the head of the reservoir following that drainage south and east up to the ridgeline and east to Olds Mountain.				One goat by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15		RG014	Aug 1-Nov 30	
R	1C	drainages of the Chilkat Range south of the south bank of the Endicott River		One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15			RG015	Aug 1-Nov 30		
N								Sept 1-Nov 30		
B	1C	remainder	One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15					RG013	Aug 1-Nov 30	
R	1D	that portion between Taiya Inlet/River and the White Pass & Yukon Railroad	One goat by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15				RG024	Sept 15-Nov 30		
N			One billy by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15							
R	1D	that portion north of the northwest saddle of Tukgahgo Mt. east of the Chilkat River, south of the U.S./Canada Border and south and west of the Ferebee River and Glacier to Lutak Inlet, excluding that portion of the Takshanuk Range north of the mouth of Goat Hollow east to Assignment Pass			One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15		RG023	Sept 15-Nov 15		
N					One billy by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15					
R	1D	that portion between the Ferebee River and Glacier and Taiya River and Inlet, and between the White Pass & Yukon Railroad and the Katzehin River		One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15			RG024	Sept 15-Nov 30		
N				One billy by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15						
R	1D	that portion of Takshanuk Range extending from the northwest saddle of Tukgahgo Mountain to the city of Haines			One goat every four regulatory years by permit available in person in Haines and Skagway beginning July 15. Youth hunt only			RG025	Sept 15-Nov 15	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Goat continued							
R	1D remainder	One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15				RG026	Aug 1-Dec 31
N		One billy by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, and Petersburg beginning July 15					
Moose		• In Units 1B and 1C, that portion south of Point Hobart, including all Port Houghton drainages, a damaged, broken, or altered antler is not considered a spike-fork antler. • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.					
B	1A	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, and Petersburg beginning Aug 14				RM022	Sept 15-Oct 15
B	1B	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side, or antlers with 2 or more brow tines on both sides by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Craig, Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14				RM038	Sept 15-Oct 15
B	1C	Berners Bay drainages				no open season	
B	1C	south of Point Hobart, including all Port Houghton drainages	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side, or antlers with 2 or more brow tines on both sides by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Craig, Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14			RM038	Sept 15-Oct 15
B	1C	west of Excursion Inlet, north of Icy Passage (Gustavus hunt area)	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14			RM049	Sept 15-Oct 15
B	1C	remainder	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14			RM046	Sept 15-Oct 15
R	1D	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit				TM059	Sept 15-Oct 7
N							
Wolf		• No nonresident locking-tag required. • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.					
B	1	Five wolves				Aug 1-May 31	
Wolverine		• Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.					
B	1	One wolverine				Sept 1-Feb 15	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Unit 2 Prince of Wales Island

No state restricted areas in unit

Unit 2: Prince of Wales Island and all islands west of the center lines of Clarence Strait and Kashevarof Passage, south and east of the center lines of Sumner Strait, and east of the longitude of the westernmost point on Warren Island, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear		• See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required. • If you wound a black bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year.								
R	2	Two bears but not more than one may be a blue or glacier bear						HT	Sept 1-June 30	
N		One bear	Nonresident hunters using a registered guide, or accompanied by resident second-degree of kindred, see pg. 10							
		One bear by permit	Nonresident hunters NOT using a registered guide, and NOT accompanied by resident second-degree of kindred, see pg. 10				DL027	Sept 1-Dec 31		
							DL028	Jan 1-June 30		
Deer		• 🌟 Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • Same day airborne hunting of deer allowed, see pg. 19. • Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass, with or without viscera.								
B	2 🌟	Four bucks						HT	Aug 1-Dec 31	
Wolf		• All wolves taken in Unit 2 must be sequentially numbered or marked by the hunter, the hunter must call the ADF&G Ketchikan office at (907) 225-2475 within 7 days of take to report the date and location of take, and all hides must be sealed within 15 days of take.								
B	2	Five wolves						Sept 1-Mar 31		
Wolverine		• Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.								
B	2	One wolverine						Sept 1-Feb 15		

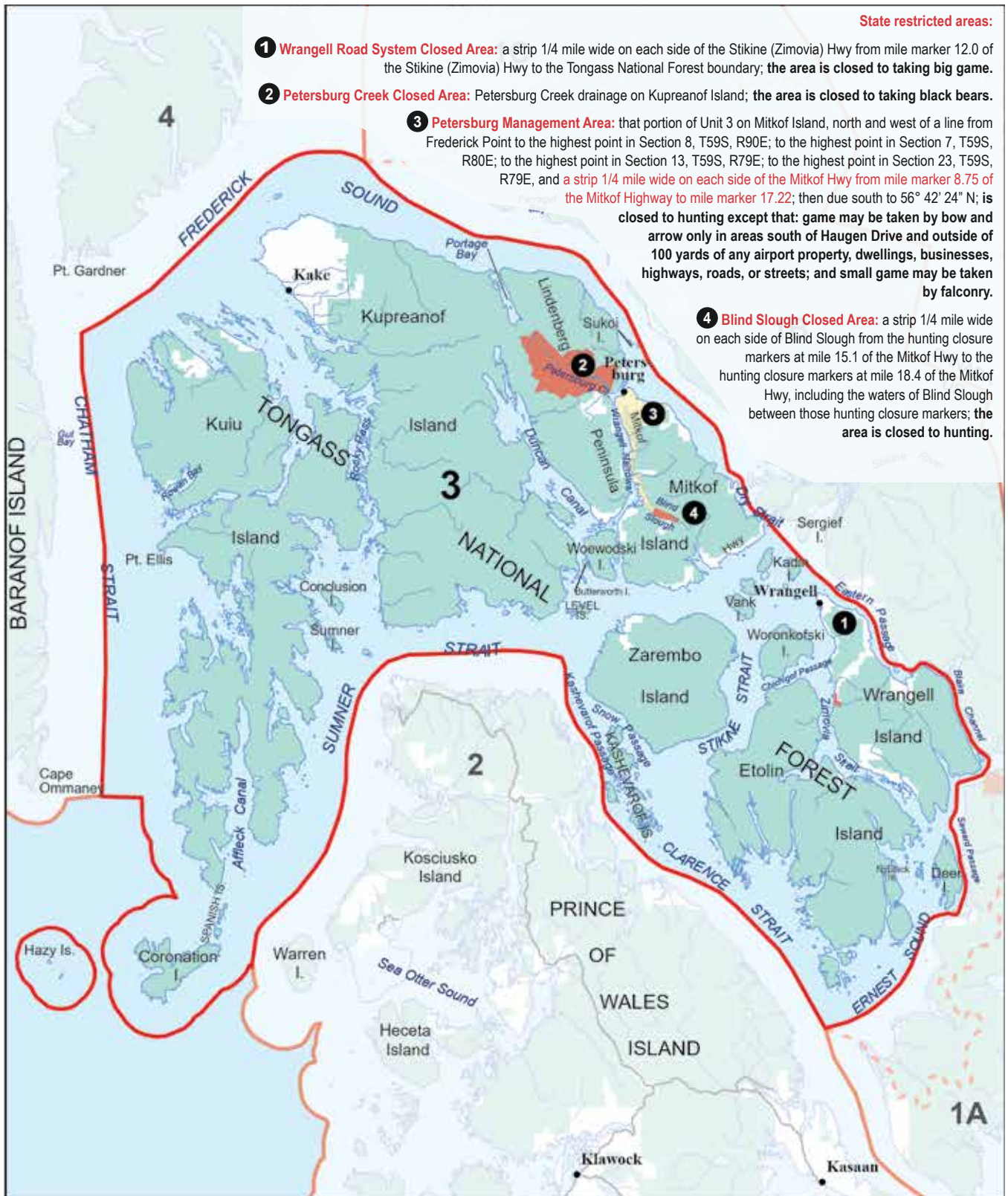
*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Aspen Luber with her first Sitka black-tailed deer.

State restricted areas:

- ① **Wrangell Road System Closed Area:** a strip 1/4 mile wide on each side of the Stikine (Zimovia) Hwy from mile marker 12.0 of the Stikine (Zimovia) Hwy to the Tongass National Forest boundary; **the area is closed to taking big game.**
- ② **Petersburg Creek Closed Area:** Petersburg Creek drainage on Kupreanof Island; **the area is closed to taking black bears.**
- ③ **Petersburg Management Area:** that portion of Unit 3 on Mitkof Island, north and west of a line from Frederick Point to the highest point in Section 8, T59S, R90E; to the highest point in Section 7, T59S, R80E; to the highest point in Section 13, T59S, R79E; to the highest point in Section 23, T59S, R79E, and a strip 1/4 mile wide on each side of the Mitkof Hwy from mile marker 8.75 of the Mitkof Highway to mile marker 17.22; then due south to 56° 42' 24" N; **is closed to hunting except that: game may be taken by bow and arrow only in areas south of Haugen Drive and outside of 100 yards of any airport property, dwellings, businesses, highways, roads, or streets; and small game may be taken by falconry.**
- ④ **Blind Slough Closed Area:** a strip 1/4 mile wide on each side of Blind Slough from the hunting closure markers at mile 15.1 of the Mitkof Hwy to the hunting closure markers at mile 18.4 of the Mitkof Hwy, including the waters of Blind Slough between those hunting closure markers; **the area is closed to hunting.**



Unit 3 Petersburg-Wrangell

Region 1

0 10 20
Miles



Game Management Units Legend

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| Closed Areas | National Parks | Roads |
| Controlled Use Areas | National Preserves & Other Federal Lands | Trails |
| Management Areas | Unit Boundary | |
| State Refuges, Sanctuaries, & Critical Habitat Areas | Subunit Boundary | |
| Other State Lands | | |

Unit 3 Petersburg-Wrangell

State restricted areas on pg. 47

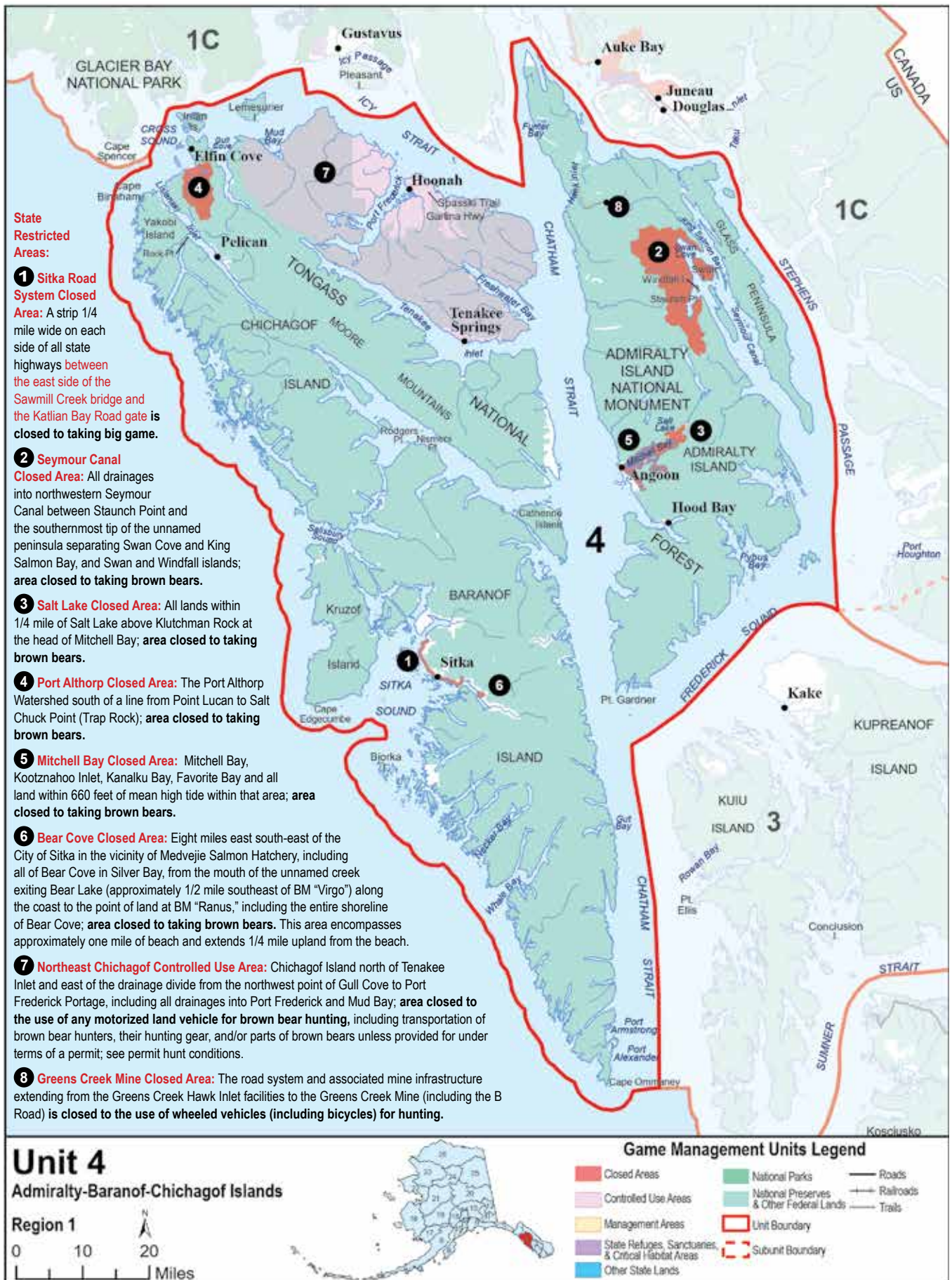
Unit 3: All islands west of Unit 1B, north of Unit 2, south of the center line of Frederick Sound, and east of the center line of Chatham Strait, including Coronation, Kuiu, Kupreanof, Mitkof, Zarembo, Kashevarof, Woronkofski, Etolin, Wrangell, and Deer islands and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear <										

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Elk •In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.										
B	3	Etolin Island area bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of Stikine Strait and Clarence Strait, running southeast following the midline of Clarence Strait, down to its intersection with Ernest Sound, then northeast following the midline of Ernest Sound, excluding Niblack Islands, to its intersection with Zimovia Strait, then northwest following the western shoreline of Zimovia Strait to its intersection with Chichagof Passage, then west along the midline of Chichagof Passage to its intersection with Stikine Strait, then southwest along the midline of Stikine Strait back to the point of beginning				One bull by bow and arrow only by permit	DE318	Sept 1-Sept 30		
						One bull by permit	DE321	Oct 1-Oct 15		
						One bull by permit	DE323	Oct 16-Oct 31		
						One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Craig, Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Oct 30	RE325	Nov 15-Nov 30		
R	3	Zarembo Island	One bull by permit				DE324	Oct 1-Oct 31		
B	3	remainder	no open season							
Moose •In Unit 3, a damaged, broken, or altered antler is not considered a spike-fork antler. •Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. •In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. •In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. •Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.										
B	3	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side, or antlers with 2 or more brow tines on both sides by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Craig, Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Sitka beginning Aug 14						RM038	Sept 15-Oct 15	
Wolf •No nonresident locking-tag required. •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.										
B	3	Five wolves							Aug 1-May 31	
Wolverine •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.										
B	3	One wolverine							Sept 1-Feb 15	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



State restricted
areas on pg. 50

Unit 4: All islands south and west of Unit 1C and north of Unit 3, including Admiralty, Baranof, Chichagof, Yakobi, Inian, and Lemesurier Islands, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY		
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON		
Brown/ Grizzly Bear		• Nonresidents hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • Nonresidents using an Alaska-licensed guide must obtain a Registration permit. Nonresidents guided by a resident relative must obtain a Drawing permit. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • If you wound a brown bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year. • Hunters must watch the brown bear identification video “Take a Closer Look” before obtaining a permit.							
		R	(outside drainages) Chichagof Island south and west of a line that follows the crest of the island from Rock Point (58° N. lat., 136°21’ W. long.), to Rodgers Point (57°35’ N. lat., 135°33’ W. long.) including Yakobi and other adjacent islands; Baranof Island south and west of a line that follows the crest of the island from Nismeni Point (57°34’ N. lat., 135°25’ W. long), to the entrance of Gut Bay (56°44’ N. lat., 134°38’ W. long), including the drainages into Gut Bay, and including Kruzof and other adjacent islands	One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg and Sitka beginning Aug 14		RB077	Sept 15-Dec 31		
		One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg and Sitka beginning Aug 14		Nonresident guided by Alaska-licensed guide, see pg. 10					
		One bear every four regulatory years by permit		Nonresident guided by resident relative, see pg. 10	DB077				
		R		4	One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg and Sitka beginning Mar 1			RB088	Mar 15-May 31
		N			One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg and Sitka beginning Mar 1				
One bear every four regulatory years by permit		Nonresident guided by resident relative, see pg. 10	DB088						
R	4 remainder	One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg and Sitka beginning Aug 14		RB077	Sept 15-Dec 31				
N		One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg and Sitka beginning Aug 14				Nonresident guided by Alaska-licensed guide, see pg. 10			
One bear every four regulatory years by permit		Nonresident guided by resident relative, see pg. 10	DB077						
R		4	One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg and Sitka beginning Mar 1			RB089	Mar 15-May 20		
N			One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg and Sitka beginning Mar 1					Nonresident guided by Alaska-licensed guide, see pg. 10	
One bear every four regulatory years by permit			Nonresident guided by resident relative, see pg. 10	DB089					

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Deer ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. - Same day airborne hunting of deer allowed, see pg. 19. - Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass, with or without viscera.							
R	4★	Chichagof Island east of Port Frederick and north of Tenakee Inlet, excluding drainages running south into Tenakee Inlet	Three deer total	bucks	HT	Aug 1-Sept 14	
N				any deer		Sept 15-Dec 31	
			Two bucks			Aug 1-Dec 31	
R	4★	remainder	Six deer total	bucks	HT	Aug 1-Sept 14	
N				any deer		Sept 15-Dec 31	
			Two bucks			Aug 1-Dec 31	
Goat - Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. - Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. - All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov. - If you wound a goat, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year.							
B	4	Baranof Island	One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Douglas, Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg and Sitka beginning July 15. Some zones may be closed by emergency order due to overharvest concerns.			RG150	Aug 1-Dec 31
Wolf Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	4	Five wolves					Aug 1-Apr 30
Wolverine Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	4	One wolverine					Sept 1-Feb 15

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Emily Pearce with a billy she harvested in Unit 4.



Unit 5 Yakutat

State restricted
area on pg. 53

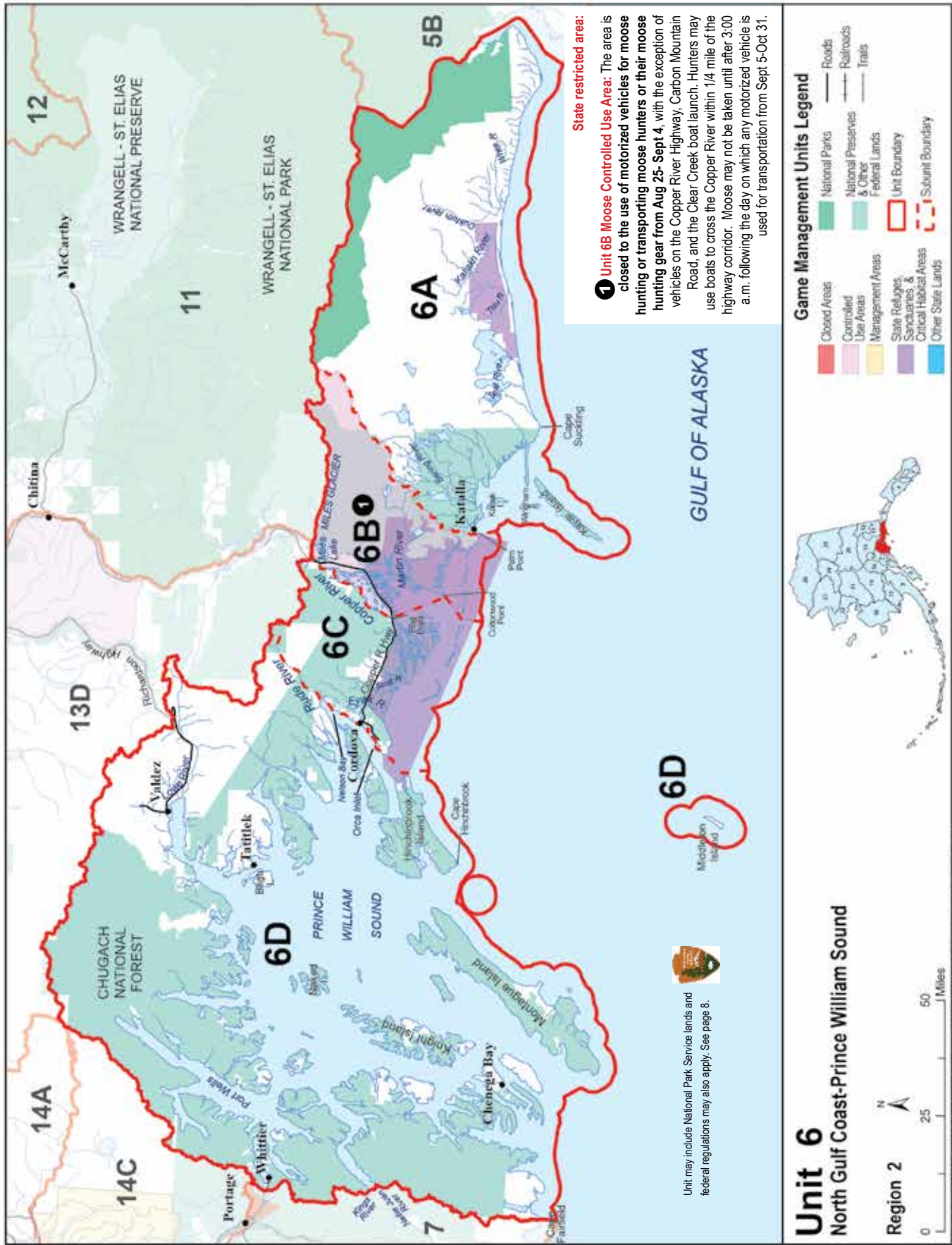
Unit 5: all Gulf of Alaska drainages and islands between Cape Fairweather and the center line of Icy Bay, including Guyot Hills, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines;

Unit 5A: all drainages in Unit 5 east of Yakutat Bay, Disenchantment Bay, and the eastern edge of Hubbard Glacier, and includes the islands of Yakutat and Disenchantment bays;

Unit 5B: the remainder of Unit 5.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear </							

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Unit 6 North Gulf Coast-Prince William Sound State restricted area on pg. 55

Unit 6: All Gulf of Alaska and Prince William Sound drainages from the center line of Icy Bay (excluding the Guyot Hills) to Cape Fairfield, including Kayak, Hinchinbrook, Montague, and adjacent islands, and Middleton Island, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines, but excluding the Copper River drainage upstream from Miles Glacier, and excluding those drainages on the north side of Miles Glacier and the Nellie Juan and Kings River drainages;

Unit 6A: Gulf of Alaska drainages in Unit 6 east of Palm Point near Katalla, including Kanak, Wingham, and Kayak islands;

Unit 6B: Gulf of Alaska and Copper River Basin drainages in Unit 6 west of Palm Point near Katalla, east of the west bank of the Copper River, and east of a line from Flag Point to Cottonwood Point;

Unit 6C: drainages in Unit 6 west of the west bank of the Copper River, and west of a line from Flag Point to Cottonwood Point, and drainages east of the east bank of Rude River and drainages into the eastern shore of Nelson Bay and Orca Inlet;

Unit 6D: the remainder of Unit 6.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear		• Black bears may not be taken from a boat in Unit 6D. • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required.								
B	6A 6B	One bear						HT	Aug 20-June 30	
B	6C	One bear						HT	Sept 1-June 30	
B	6D	One bear by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Cordova, Fairbanks, Glennallen, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 25						RL065	Sept 10-June 10	
Brown/ Grizzly Bear		• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • If you wound a brown bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.								
B	6A 6B 6C	One bear every regulatory year							Sept 1-June 10	
B	6D	Montague Island	One bear every four regulatory years by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Cordova, Fairbanks, Glennallen, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Sept 29 and Mar 16					RB100	Oct 15-Dec 31	
								RB101	Apr 1-May 25	
B	6D	remainder	One bear every four regulatory years						Oct 15-May 25	
Deer		• Same day airborne hunting of deer allowed, see pg. 19. • Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass, with or without viscera.								
R	6	Five deer total					bucks	HT	Aug 1-Sept 30	
							any deer		Oct 1-Dec 31	
N		Four deer total					bucks		Aug 1-Sept 30	
							any deer		Oct 1-Dec 31	
Goat		• Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. • If a nanny is taken in Unit 6, the hunter is prohibited from hunting any goats in Unit 6 for 5 regulatory years. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov.								
B	6A 6B	One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Cordova, Fairbanks, Glennallen, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 4						RG202- RG226	Aug 20-Jan 31	
B	6C	One goat by permit available in person in Cordova beginning Sept 15						RG230- RG232	Sept 24-Jan 31	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Goat continued							
B	6D	One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Cordova, Fairbanks, Glennallen, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 25				RG242- RG245, RG249- RG266	Sept 15-Jan 31
		One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov beginning Sept 21 at 9am. Limited number of permits available.				RG248	Oct 1-Oct 31
Moose • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.							
R	6A	all drainages into Gulf of Alaska, from Cape Suckling to Palm Point	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Cordova beginning Aug 4			RM160	Sept 1-Nov 30
N			One bull by permit			DM160	
R	6A	remainder	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Sept 1-Nov 30
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side				
R	6B	One bull by permit available in person in Cordova beginning Aug 4				RM164	Sept 1-Oct 31
R	6C	One bull by permit				DM167	Sept 1-Oct 31
B	6D	One bull				HT	Sept 1-Sept 30
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	6	Five wolves					Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	6	One wolverine					Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Lily Reynolds with her first Sitka black-tailed deer, harvested in Unit 2.

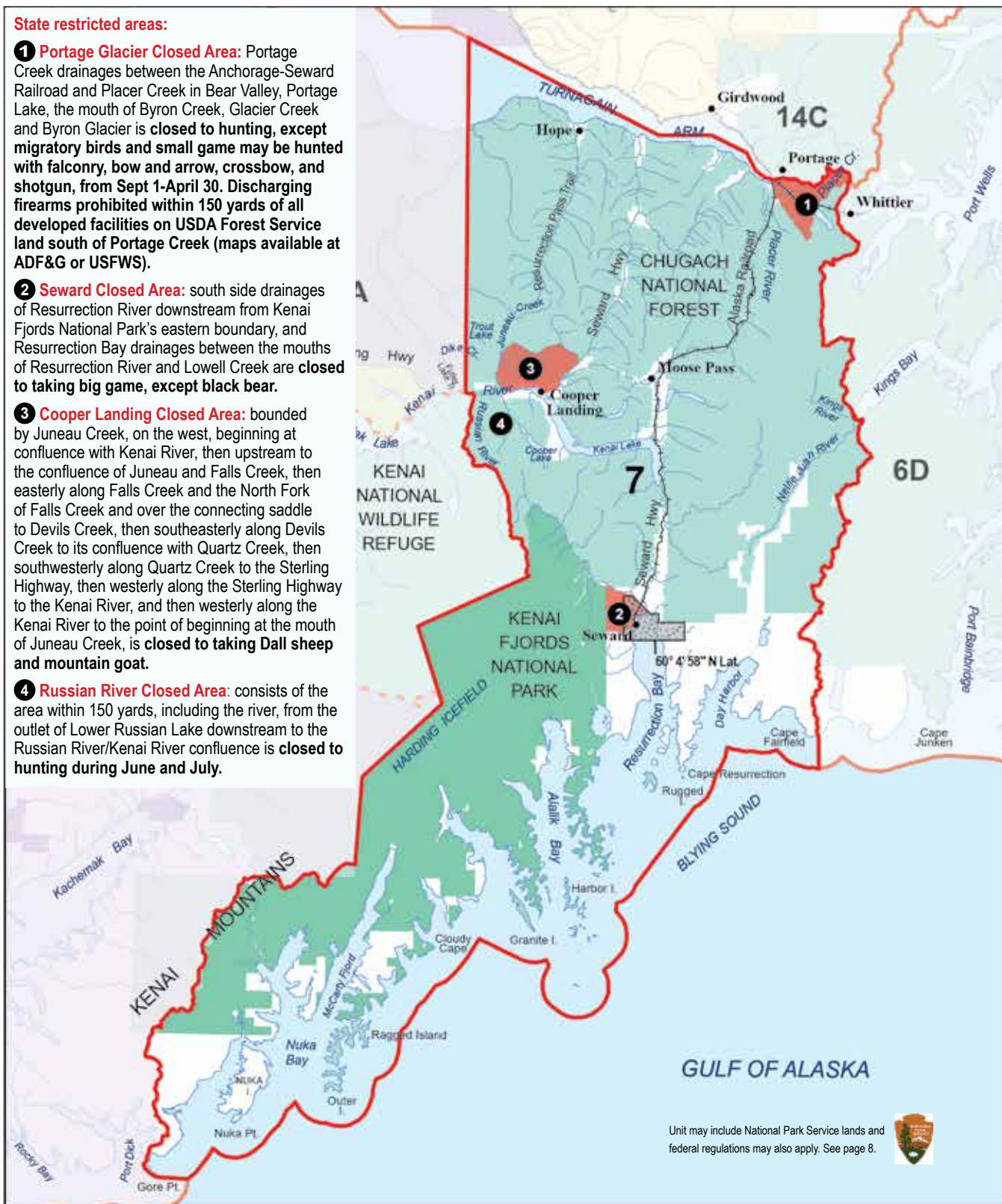
State restricted areas:

1 Portage Glacier Closed Area: Portage Creek drainages between the Anchorage-Seward Railroad and Placer Creek in Bear Valley, Portage Lake, the mouth of Byron Creek, Glacier Creek and Byron Glacier is **closed to hunting, except migratory birds and small game may be hunted with falconry, bow and arrow, crossbow, and shotgun, from Sept 1-April 30. Discharging firearms prohibited within 150 yards of all developed facilities on USDA Forest Service land south of Portage Creek (maps available at ADF&G or USFWS).**

2 Seward Closed Area: south side drainages of Resurrection River downstream from Kenai Fjords National Park's eastern boundary, and Resurrection Bay drainages between the mouths of Resurrection River and Lowell Creek are **closed to taking big game, except black bear.**

3 Cooper Landing Closed Area: bounded by Juneau Creek, on the west, beginning at confluence with Kenai River, then upstream to the confluence of Juneau and Falls Creek, then easterly along Falls Creek and the North Fork of Falls Creek and over the connecting saddle to Devils Creek, then southeasterly along Devils Creek to its confluence with Quartz Creek, then southwesterly along Quartz Creek to the Sterling Highway, then westerly along the Sterling Highway to the Kenai River, and then westerly along the Kenai River to the point of beginning at the mouth of Juneau Creek, is **closed to taking Dall sheep and mountain goat.**

4 Russian River Closed Area: consists of the area within 150 yards, including the river, from the outlet of Lower Russian Lake downstream to the Russian River/Kenai River confluence is **closed to hunting during June and July.**



Unit may include National Park Service lands and federal regulations may also apply. See page 8.



Unit 7

Seward

Region 2

0 10 20 Miles



Game Management Units Legend

Closed Areas	National Parks	Roads
Controlled Use Areas	National Preserves & Other Federal Lands	Railroads
Management Areas	Unit Boundary	Trails
State Refuges, Sanctuaries & Critical Habitat Areas	Subunit Boundary	
Other State Lands	City Boundary	

Unit 7 Seward

State restricted
areas on pg. 58

Unit 7: Gulf of Alaska drainages between Gore Point and Cape Fairfield, including the Nellie Juan and Kings River drainages, the Kenai River drainages upstream of a line from the mouth of the Russian River, continuing southerly along the Chugach National Forest boundary to the upper end of Upper Russian Lake; and including the drainages into Upper Russian Lake east of the Chugach National Forest boundary, the drainages into the south side of Turnagain Arm west of and including the Portage Creek drainage, and east of 150° W. long., and all Kenai Peninsula drainages east of 150° W. long., from Turnagain Arm to the Kenai River, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required.							
R	7	south of the city limits of Seward at 60° 4' 58" N. Lat.	Three bears			HT	no closed season
N			One bear				
B	7	remainder	Three bears			HT	no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • If you wound a brown bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.							
B	7	One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Homer, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 4				RB300	Aug 10-June 15
Caribou • In bag limit, “caribou” means an animal of either sex.							
B	7	north of the Sterling Highway and west of the Seward Highway	One caribou by permit			DC001	Aug 10-Sep 20
B	7	remainder	no open season				
Goat • Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. • If a nanny is taken in Units 7 or 15, the hunter is prohibited from hunting any goats in Units 7 and 15 for 5 regulatory years. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • Hunters may not possess more than one goat registration permit for Units 7 and 15 at the same time. • All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov.							
B	7	⌈	One goat by permit			DG331-DG352	Aug 10-Oct 15
		⌋	One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Homer, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Oct 20. Only select hunt areas open, number of permits to be announced.			RG331-RG352	Nov 1-Nov 14 (may be announced)
Moose • All hunters must complete the Moose Hunter Orientation prior to hunting. Orientation and quiz are available online at hunt.alaska.gov, see below. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31. • Spike, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.							
B	7	Placer River drainages, and that portion of Placer Creek drainages (Bear Valley) outside the Portage Glacier Closed Area		One bull by permit		DM210	Aug 20-Sept 30
R				One antlerless moose by permit		DM211	Aug 20-Oct 10
B	7	remainder	One bull with a spike on at least one side or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Sept 1-Sept 25

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

Attention all Moose Hunters in Units 7 and 15!

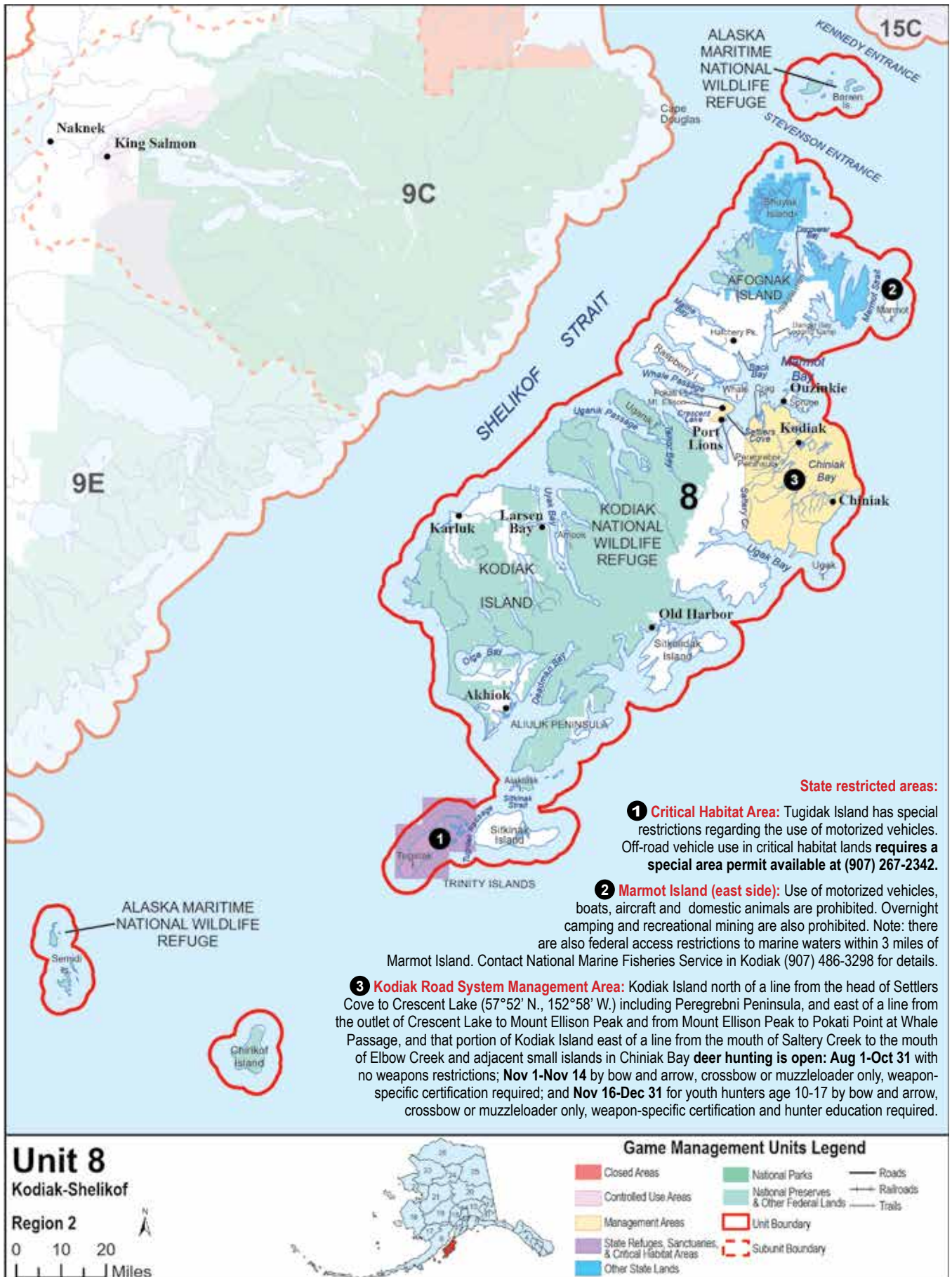
All hunters are required to successfully complete the Moose Hunter Orientation prior to hunting moose in Units 7 and 15. The orientation is available online at hunt.alaska.gov. You may print the certification card online or contact ADF&G at (907) 267-2257 to obtain your certification card; proof of certification must be carried in the field.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Sheep - Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. - Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. - Full-curl horn definition and drawings can be found on pg. 33. - Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill and must accompany meat from the field.							
R	7	east of Fuller Lake trail, south of Dike Creek and a straight line from the source of Dike Creek east through the divide south of Trout Lake to Juneau Creek, west of Juneau Creek, and north of the Sterling Highway		One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit		DS150	no open season
N				One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit			
R	7	south of the Sterling Highway, west of Seward Highway, and north and east of Kenai Lake		One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit		DS156	Aug 10-Sept 20
N				One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit			
R	7 remainder			One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only		HT	Aug 1-Aug 5
N				One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only			
R				One ram with full-curl horn or larger			Aug 10-Sept 20
N				One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years			
Wolf •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	7	Five wolves					Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	7	One wolverine					Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Ray Jacobsen with a black bear he harvested in Unit 6.



Unit 8 Kodiak-Shelikof

State restricted
areas on pg. 61

Unit 8: All islands southeast of the center line of Shelikof Strait, including Kodiak, Afognak, Whale, Raspberry, Shuyak, Spruce, Marmot, Sitkalidak, Amook, Uganik, and Chirikof islands, the Trinity Islands, the Semidi Islands, the Barren Islands and other adjacent islands and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY		
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON		
Brown/ Grizzly Bear		• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • If you wound a brown bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year.									
B	8	Northeastern portion of Kodiak Island, including all drainages into Chiniak, Anton Larsen and northeast Ugak (east of the Saltery Creek drainage) bays, including Spruce, Near, Long, Woody, and Ugak islands				One bear every four regulatory years by permit available in person in Kodiak beginning Sept 30		RB230	Oct 25-Nov 30		
						One bear every four regulatory years by permit available in person in Kodiak beginning Mar 3		RB260	Apr 1-May 15		
B	8 remainder					One bear every four regulatory years by permit		DB201-DB228, DB261-DB263	Oct 25-Nov 30		
								DB231-DB258, DB291-DB293	Apr 1-May 15		
One bear every four regulatory years by permit						DB101-DB128, DB161-DB163	Oct 25-Nov 30				
						DB131-DB158, DB191-DB193	Apr 1-May 15				
N											
Caribou (feral reindeer)											
B	8	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Homer, Kodiak, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Jul 15						RC080	Aug 1-Jan 31		
Deer		• Same day airborne hunting of deer allowed, see pg. 19. • Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass, with or without viscera.									
B	8	Kodiak Road System Management Area		One buck				HT	Aug 1-Oct 31		
				One deer by bow and arrow, crossbow, or muzzleloader only					Nov 1-Nov 14		
				One deer by bow and arrow, crossbow, or muzzleloader only; Youth hunt only					Nov 16-Dec 31		
R	8 remainder	Three deer total				bucks		HT	Aug 1-Sept 30		
						any deer			Oct 1-Dec 31		
N		One buck						Aug 1-Dec 31			
Elk		• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • If you wound an elk, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year.									
B	8 Raspberry Island	One bull by permit						DE702	Oct 1-Oct 12		
								DE704	Oct 11-Oct 22		
R		One cow by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Kodiak beginning Sept 24. Number of permits to be announced.						RE706	Oct 23-Nov 30		
N		One cow by permit						DE706			

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY		
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON		
Elk continued									
B	8	Southwest Afognak, that portion of Afognak Island and adjacent islands south and west of a line from head of Back Bay (58° 05.3' N, 152° 45.7' W) to Hatchery Peak (58° 07.2' N, 152° 47.5' W), to head of Malina Bay (58° 09.3' N 152° 51.0' W)				One bull by permit		DE711	Sept 25-Oct 9
						One cow by permit		DE713	Oct 8-Oct 22
						One elk by permit available in person in Kodiak, Homer, Anchorage, Palmer, Soldotna, and Fairbanks, beginning Sept 30		RE755	Oct 23-Dec 31
R	8	Eastern Afognak, that portion of Afognak Island east of main north-south logging road (1100 Road) from the Danger Bay logging camp (58° 08.2' N, 152° 32.9' W north to its terminus at Discoverer Bay (58° 19.6' N, 152° 21.8' W) and adjacent islands west of Marmot Strait				One elk by permit available in person in Port Lions and Ouzinkie beginning Sept 22 at 9am. Limited number of permits available.		RE752	Sept 25-Oct 22
One elk by permit						DE721	Sept 25-Oct 9		
						DE723	Oct 8-Oct 22		
B						One elk by permit available in person in Kodiak, Anchorage, Palmer, Soldotna, Fairbanks, and Homer beginning Sept 30		RE755	Oct 23-Dec 31
R	8 remainder	One elk by permit available in person in Port Lions and Ouzinkie beginning Sept 22 at 9am. Limited number of permits available.				RE756		Sept 25-Oct 22	
One elk by permit						DE715	Sept 25-Oct 9		
						DE717	Oct 8-Oct 22		
B	One elk by permit available in person in Anchorage, Kodiak, Palmer, Soldotna, Fairbanks, and Homer beginning Sept 30		RE755	Oct 23-Dec 31					
Goat • Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov.									
B	8	Kodiak Island, south and west of a line from Spiridon Bay, along the Spiridon River to its headwaters, then southwest along the Kodiak Spine across Koniag Peak to the headwaters of Midway Creek, then along Midway Creek to Midway Bay				Two goats, only one may be a billy, by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Homer, Kodiak, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning July 30		RG480	Aug 20-Mar 31
B	8 remainder	One goat by permit				DG471-DG479		Aug 20-Oct 25	
One goat by permit available beginning Sept 30 in person as follows: Permit RG471-474-Port Lions; RG476-Old Harbor. No aircraft access except state maintained airports and saltwater.						RG471-RG474, RG476	Nov 1-Mar 31		
						RG478 RG479	Nov 1-Dec 15		
						RG488 RG489	Dec 16-Jan 31		
R	One goat by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Kodiak beginning Sept 30. No aircraft access except state maintained airports and saltwater.								
One goat by bow and arrow, crossbow, or muzzleloader only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Kodiak beginning Sept 30. No aircraft access except state maintained airports and saltwater.									

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

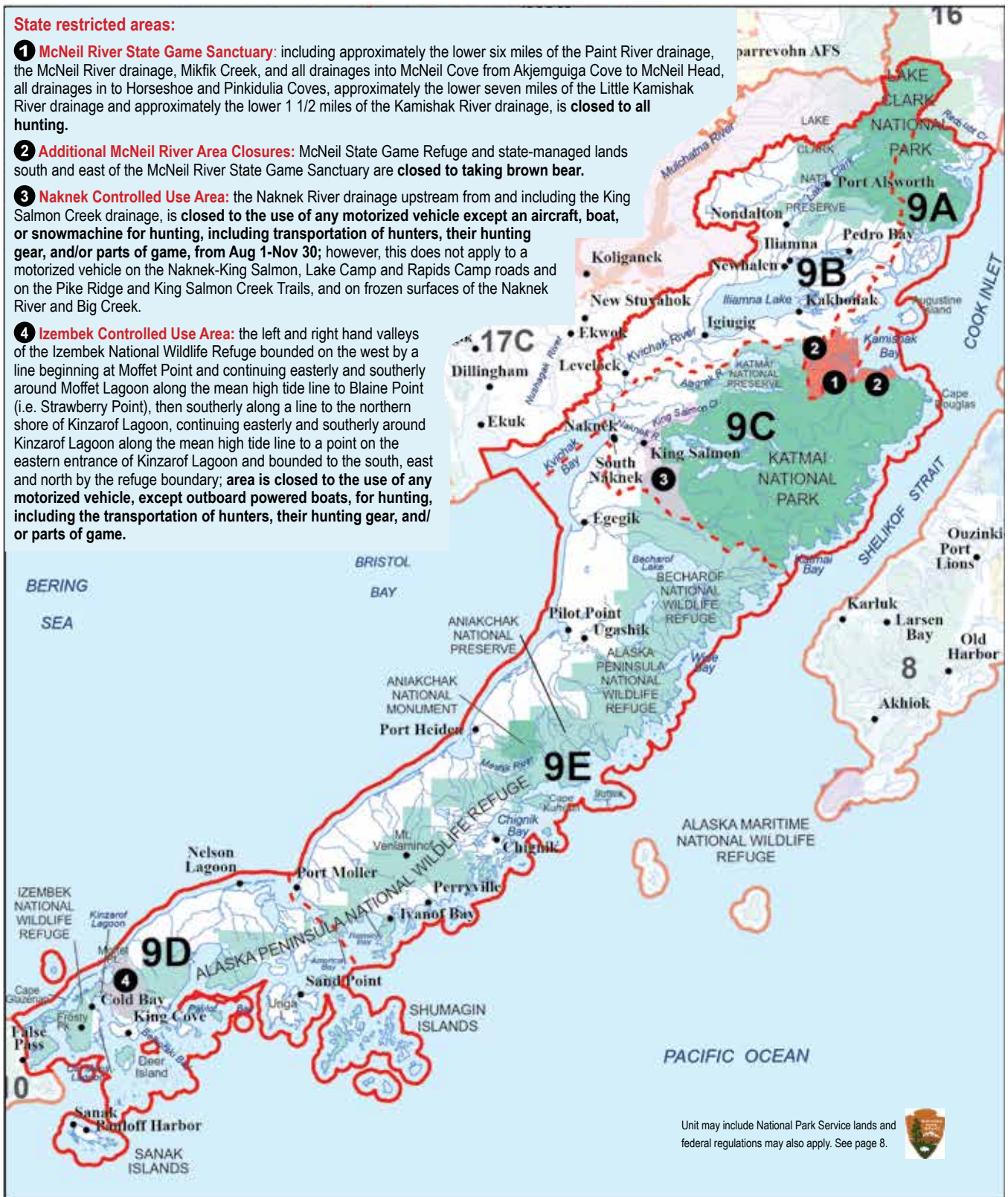
State restricted areas:

① McNeil River State Game Sanctuary: including approximately the lower six miles of the Paint River drainage, the McNeil River drainage, Mikfik Creek, and all drainages into McNeil Cove from Akjemguiga Cove to McNeil Head, all drainages in to Horseshoe and Pinkidulia Coves, approximately the lower seven miles of the Little Kamishak River drainage and approximately the lower 1 1/2 miles of the Kamishak River drainage, is **closed to all hunting**.

② Additional McNeil River Area Closures: McNeil State Game Refuge and state-managed lands south and east of the McNeil River State Game Sanctuary are **closed to taking brown bear**.

③ Naknek Controlled Use Area: the Naknek River drainage upstream from and including the King Salmon Creek drainage, is **closed to the use of any motorized vehicle except an aircraft, boat, or snowmachine for hunting, including transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, from Aug 1-Nov 30**; however, this does not apply to a motorized vehicle on the Naknek-King Salmon, Lake Camp and Rapids Camp roads and on the Pike Ridge and King Salmon Creek Trails, and on frozen surfaces of the Naknek River and Big Creek.

④ Izembek Controlled Use Area: the left and right hand valleys of the Izembek National Wildlife Refuge bounded on the west by a line beginning at Moffet Point and continuing easterly and southerly around Moffet Lagoon along the mean high tide line to Blaine Point (i.e. Strawberry Point), then southerly along a line to the northern shore of Kinzarof Lagoon, continuing easterly and southerly around Kinzarof Lagoon along the mean high tide line to a point on the eastern entrance of Kinzarof Lagoon and bounded to the south, east and north by the refuge boundary; **area is closed to the use of any motorized vehicle, except outboard powered boats, for hunting, including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game.**



Unit 9

Alaska Peninsula

Region 4

0 30 60 Miles

Game Management Units Legend

Closed Areas	National Parks	Roads
Controlled Use Areas	National Preserves & Other Federal Lands	Railroads
Management Areas	Unit Boundary	Trails
State Refuges, Sanctuaries, & Critical Habitat Areas	Subunit Boundary	
Other State Lands		

Unit 9 Alaska Peninsula

State restricted areas on pg. 64

Unit 9: The Alaska Peninsula and adjacent islands, including drainages east of False Pass, Pacific Ocean drainages west of and excluding the Redoubt Creek drainage, drainages into the south side of Bristol Bay, drainages into the north side of Bristol Bay east of Etolin Point, and including the Sanak and Shumagin islands, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines;

Unit 9A: that portion of Unit 9 draining into Shelikof Strait and Cook Inlet between the southern boundary of Unit 16 (Redoubt Creek) and the northern boundary of Katmai National Park and Preserve;

Unit 9B: that portion of Unit 9 in the Kvichak River drainage, except those lands drained by the Kvichak River and Kvichak Bay between Alagnak River drainage and the Naknek River drainage;

Unit 9C: that portion of Unit 9 in the Alagnak (Branch) River drainage, the Naknek River drainage, lands drained by Kvichak River and Kvichak Bay between Alagnak River drainage and the Naknek River drainage, and all land and water within Katmai National Park & Preserve;

Unit 9D: that portion of Unit 9 in all Alaska Peninsula drainages west of a line from the southernmost head of Port Moller to the head of American Bay, including the Shumagin Islands and other islands of Unit 9 west of the Shumagin Islands;

Unit 9E: the remainder of Unit 9.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.							
B	9	Three bears					no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.							
B	9A 9C 9D 9E	┐ One bear every four regulatory years by permit				RB368	no open season
		OR ┐ One bear every four regulatory years by permit				RB370	no open season
B	9B	┐ One bear every four regulatory years by permit				RB369	no open season
		OR ┐ One bear every four regulatory years by permit				RB370	no open season
**Brown Bear hunts above open only in fall of odd-numbered years and spring of even-numbered years.							
Resident brown bear hunting under RB525 in Unit 9 is by Registration permit only; no tag required							
R	9	near villages	One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov and in person in King Salmon beginning June 24			RB525	no closed season
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations apply to the following “Residents Only” hunts (see pg. 25)							
R	9B	One bear every regulatory year by permit; contact King Salmon for availability				RB502	Sept 1-May 31
R	9E	all drainages into the Pacific Ocean between Cape Kumliun and the border of Unit 9E and 9D		One bear every regulatory year by permit; contact King Salmon for availability			Nov 1-Dec 31
Caribou • Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see page 12. • ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • In bag limit, “caribou” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means male caribou. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or processed for human consumption in Unit 9B. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.							
R	9A 9C	★ that portion within the Alagnak River drainage	One caribou by permit			RC503	no open season

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Caribou continued							
R	9B	Two caribou by permit				RC503	no open season
R	9C	that portion north of the north bank of the Naknek River and south of the Alagnak River drainage		Two caribou by permit		RC503	no open season
R	9D	Three caribou				HT	Aug 1-Oct 21 Nov 15-Mar 31
N		Two bulls					Aug 1-Oct 21
R	9C	south of the north bank of the Naknek River	One caribou by permit			TC505	Aug 10-Oct 10 Nov 1-Feb 28
R	9E ★	One caribou by permit					Aug 10-Oct 10 Nov 1-Apr 30
B	9C 9E	remainder ★	no open season				
Moose ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. - In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. - Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. - Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or processed for human consumption in Unit 9B. - Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.							
R	9A	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning Aug 12				RM271	Sept 1-Sept 15
N		One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning Aug 12				RM281	Sept 5-Sept 15
R	9B	┌ One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Unit 9B villages or in King Salmon beginning Aug 12				RM272	Sept 1-Sept 25
		└ One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Unit 9B villages or in King Salmon beginning Nov 12					Dec 15-Jan 15
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Unit 9B villages or in King Salmon beginning Aug 12				RM282	Sept 5-Sept 15
R	9C ★	┌ One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning Aug 12				RM272	Sept 1-Sept 25
		└ One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning Nov 12					Dec 1-Jan 15
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning Aug 12				RM282	Sept 5-Sept 20
R	9D	One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning Nov 12				RM271	Dec 15-Jan 20
N		no open season					
R	9E	┌ One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning Aug 12				RM271	Sept 10-Sept 25
		└ One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning Nov 12					Dec 1-Jan 20
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning Aug 12				RM281	Sept 10-Sept 25

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OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Sheep		- Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. - Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. - See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on pg. 33. - Horns must accompany meat from the field. - Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.					
R	9	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only				HT	Aug 1-Aug 5
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only					
R		One ram with full-curl horn or larger					Aug 10-Sept 20
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years					
Wolf		- Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. - No nonresident locking-tag required.					
B	9	Ten wolves per day					Aug 10-June 30
Wolverine		Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.					
B	9	One wolverine					Sept 1-Feb 28

*Hunt numbers starting with a "C" = Community, "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Ridge Luber and Rye Boylan on a successful grouse hunt.

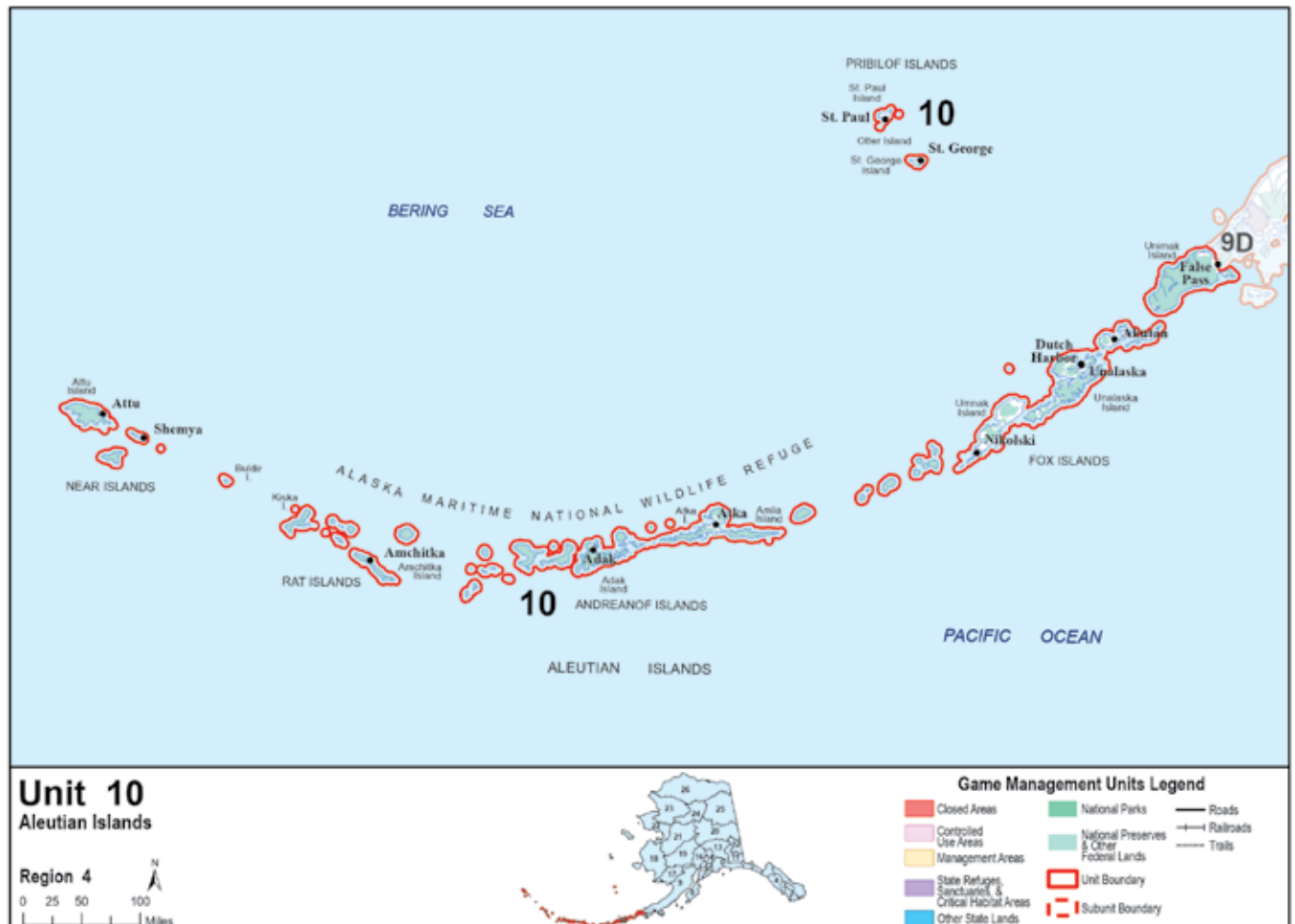
Unit 10 Aleutian Islands

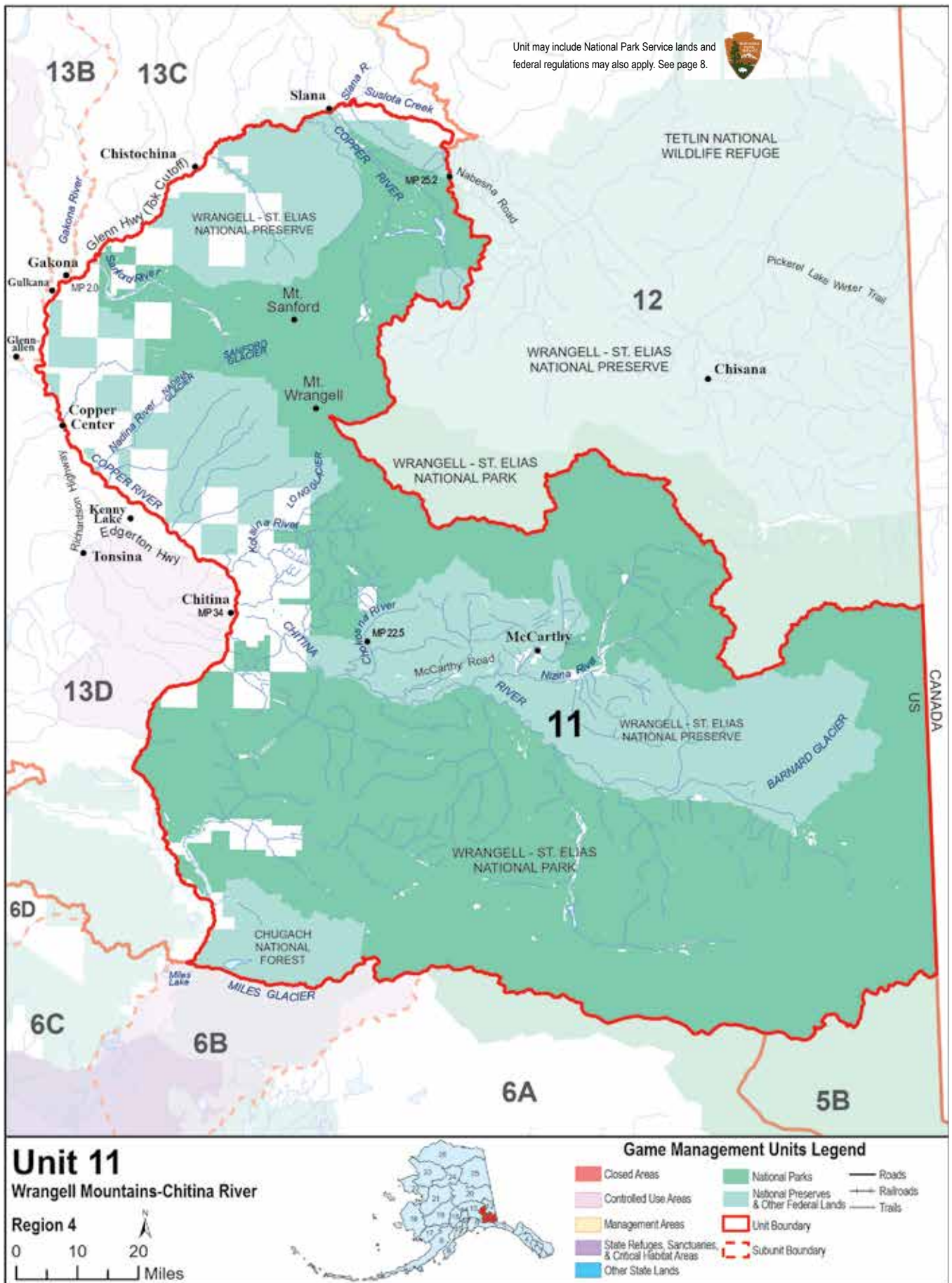
No state restricted areas in unit

Unit 10: The Aleutian Islands, Unimak Island and the Pribilof Islands, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Brown/ Grizzly Bear		•Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. •See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. •Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.					
B	10	Unimak Island	One bear every four regulatory years by permit			DB375	Oct 1-Dec 31
						DB376	May 10-May 31
Resident brown bear hunting under RB525 in Unit 10 is by Registration permit only; no tag required.							
R	10	near villages	One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning June 24			RB525	no closed season
Caribou		★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8.					
B	10	Adak Island	No limit; no more than two bulls. Bulls may not be taken Jan 1-Aug 9.			HT	no closed season
B	10	Unimak Island ★	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in King Salmon beginning July 8			RC205	may be announced
B	10	Umnak Island ★	no open season				
B	10	remainder	No limit			HT	no closed season
Wolf		•Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. •No nonresident locking-tag required.					
B	10	Ten wolves per day					Aug 10-June 30

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.





Unit 11 Wrangell Mountains-Chitina River

No state restricted
areas in unit

Unit 11: That area draining into the Copper River from the north side of Miles Glacier, and east of the easternmost bank of the Copper River from Miles Glacier north to the Slana River, then along the east bank of the Slana River to Suslota Creek, then south of the south bank of Suslota Creek to Noyes Mountain.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY		
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS					PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear •See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.									
B	11	Three bears					HT	no closed season	
Brown/ Grizzly Bear •No resident locking-tag required. •Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. •See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. •Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.									
B	11	One bear every regulatory year						Aug 10-June 30	
Bison •Nonresidents can only be awarded one bison permit per lifetime.									
R	11	east of the Copper River, south of the Klawasi River and west of a line from Mount Sanford to Mount Wrangell to Long Glacier, west of the Kotsina River				One bison every ten regulatory years by permit		DI454	Sept 1-Mar 31
N						One bison per lifetime by permit			
Goat •Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. •Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. •All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov.									
B	11	One goat by permit available in person in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Glennallen, Palmer, and Tok, or by mail from Glennallen beginning Aug 12					RG580	Sept 1-Nov 30	
Moose •Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. •In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. •In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. •Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.									
R	11	that portion east of the east bank of the Copper River upstream from and east of the east bank of the Slana River	One bull by permit. Available only by application, see the Subsistence Permit Hunt Supplement for details.				CM300	Aug 20-Sept 20	
			One bull by permit				DM250	Aug 20-Sept 17	
One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit in person in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Glennallen, Palmer, Slana Ranger Station, and Tok beginning July 30				RM291					
One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available in person in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Glennallen, Palmer, Slana Ranger Station, and Tok beginning July 30									
N									
R	11	remainder	One bull by permit. Available only by application, see the Subsistence Permit Hunt Supplement for details.				CM300	Aug 20-Sept 20	
One bull by permit				DM250					
B			One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side				HT		

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

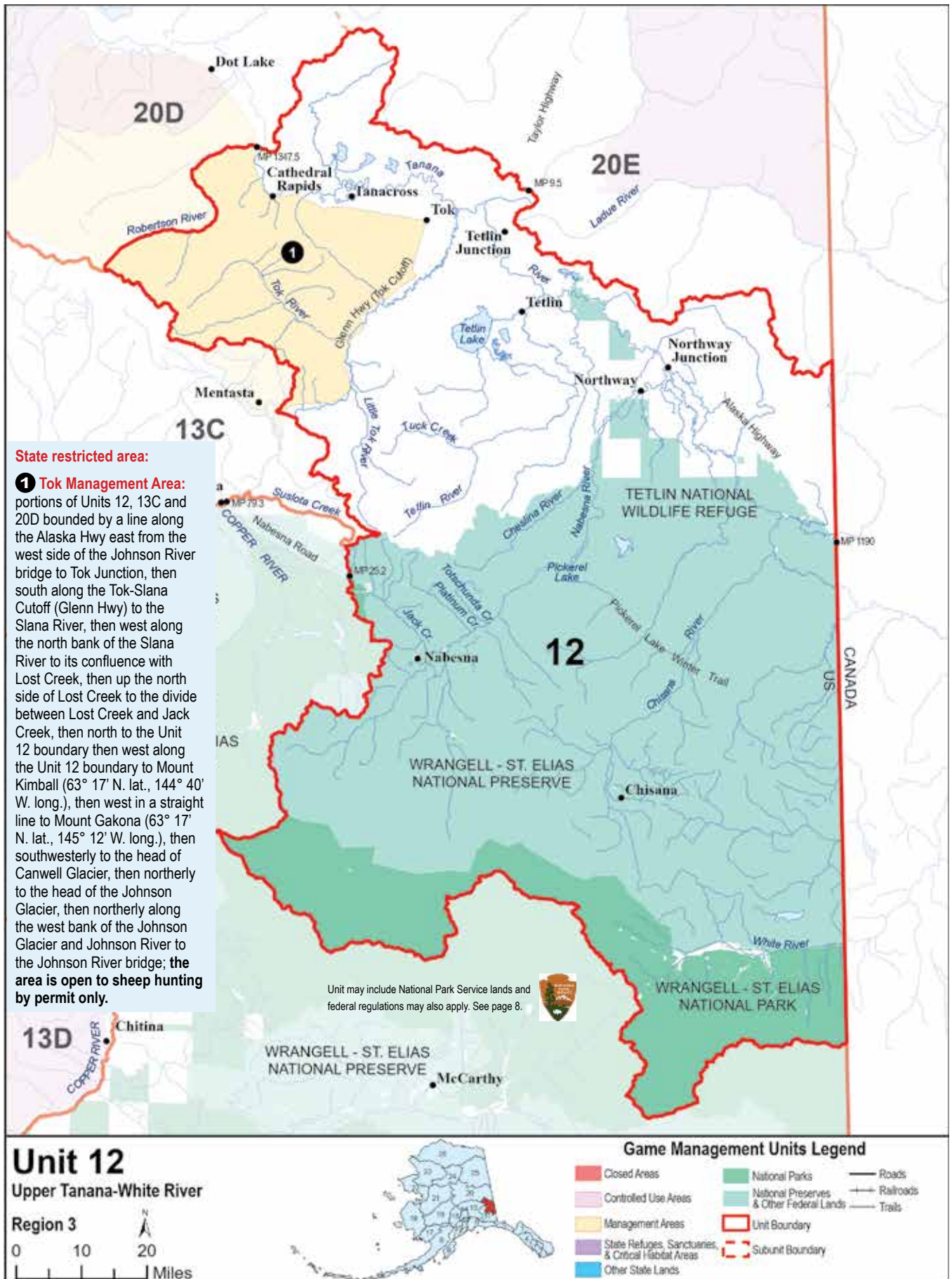
Mule deer and white-tailed deer may be harvested. See page 28 for more information.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Sheep		•Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. •Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. •See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on pg. 33. •Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill and horns must accompany meat from the field.					
R	11	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only				HT	Aug 1-Aug 5
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only					
R		One ram with full-curl horn or larger					Aug 10-Sept 20
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years					
Wolf		•Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.					
B	11	Five wolves					Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine		•Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.					
B	11	One wolverine					Sept 1-Jan 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Rachel Swierk with a caribou she harvested in the youth draw hunt.



Unit 12 Upper Tanana-White River

State restricted
area on pg. 72

Unit 12: the Tanana River drainage upstream from the Robertson River, including all drainages into the east bank of the Robertson River, and the White River drainage in Alaska, but excluding the Ladue River drainage.

A portion of this unit is within a predator control area; see special regulations online at hunt.alaska.gov.

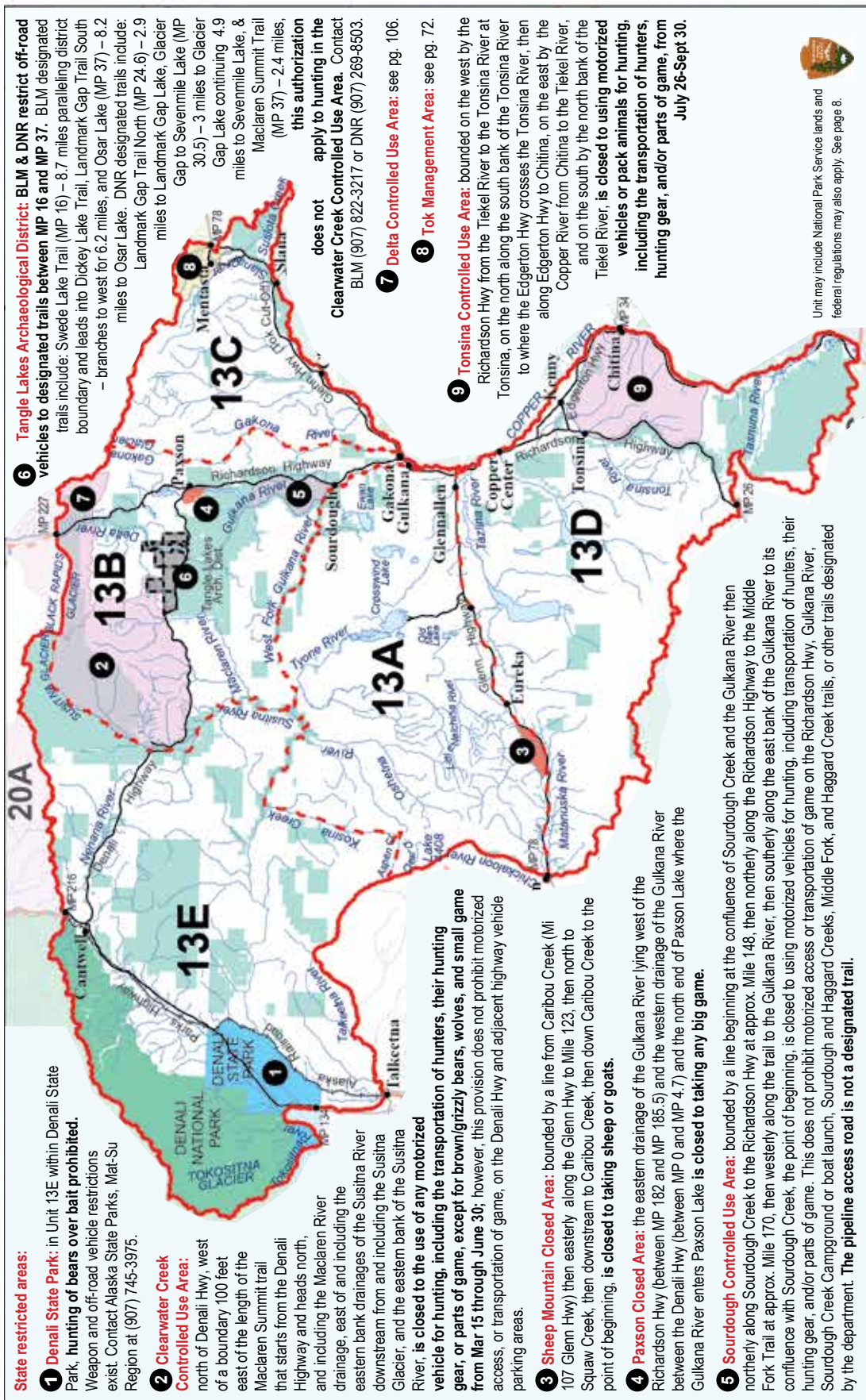
OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.							
B	12	Three bears				HT	no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.							
R	12	Two bears every regulatory year					Aug 10-June 30
N		One bear every regulatory year					
Caribou • In bag limit, “bull” means male caribou. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.							
R	12	west of the Glenn Highway (Tok Cutoff) and south of the Alaska Highway within the Tok River drainage	One bull			HT	Sept 1-Sept 20
R	12	west of the Glenn Highway (Tok Cutoff) and south of the Alaska Highway excluding the Tok River drainage (Macomb Herd)	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Delta Junction, Tok, and Fairbanks beginning July 30			RC835	Aug 10-Aug 27
B	12	remainder	no open season				
Moose • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.							
R	12	that portion including all drainages into the west bank of the Little Tok River, from its headwaters in Bear Valley at the intersection of the unit boundaries of Units 12 and 13 to its junction with the Tok River, and all drainages into the south bank of the Tok River from its junction with the Little Tok River to the Tok Glacier	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Aug 24-Aug 28 Sept 8-Sept 17
			One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side, by permit. Available only by application, see the Subsistence Permit Hunt Supplement for details.			CM300	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Sept 8-Sept 17
R	12	remainder of that portion in the Tok River drainage upstream of a line from Peak 5885 at 63° 9.243 N. Lat., 143° 24.248 W. long., to MP 105 of the Glenn Highway (Tok Cutoff) at 63° 7.438 N. Lat., 143° 18.135 W. Long., then south along the Glenn Highway (Tok Cutoff) to the Little Tok River Bridge at mile 98.2; and within the Little Tok River drainage upstream of the Little Tok River Bridge at mile 98.2	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Aug 24-Aug 28 Sept 8-Sept 17
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side				Sept 8-Sept 17
B	12	east of the Nabesna River and south of the winter trail running southeast from Pickerel Lake to the U.S./Canada border	One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Sept 1-Sept 30

*Hunt numbers starting with a "C" = Community, "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

Mule deer and white-tailed deer may be harvested. See page 28 for more information.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Moose <i>continued</i>							
R	12	that portion within the Nabesna River drainage west of the east bank of the Nabesna River upstream from the southern boundary of the Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Glennallen, Palmer, Slana Ranger Station, and Tok beginning July 30			RM291	Aug 20-Sept 17
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Glennallen, Palmer, Slana Ranger Station, and Tok beginning July 30				
R	12	remainder	One bull			HT	Aug 24-Aug 28 Sept 8-Sept 17
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side				Sept 8-Sept 17
Sheep - Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. - Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. - Horns must accompany meat from the field. - See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on pg. 33. - Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	12	within Tok Management Area	One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit			DS102	Aug 10-Sept 20
R	12	remainder	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only			HT	Aug 1-Aug 5
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only				
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger				Aug 10-Sept 20
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years				
Wolf - Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. - No nonresident locking-tag required.							
B	12	Ten wolves					Aug 1-Apr 30
Wolverine Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	12	One wolverine					Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Unit may include National Park Service lands and federal regulations may also apply. See page 8.

Unit 13 Nelchina-Upper Susitna

Region 4



0 30 60 Miles

Game Management Units Legend



Unit 13 Nelchina-Upper Susitna

State restricted
areas on pg. 75

Unit 13: That area westerly of the easternmost bank of the Copper River and drained by all tributaries into the west bank of the Copper River from Miles Glacier north to the confluence with the Slana River, then along the east bank of the Slana River to Suslota Creek, and that area of the Slana River drainage north of the south bank of Suslota Creek; the drainages into the Delta River upstream from Falls Creek and Black Rapids Glacier; the drainages into the Nenana River upstream from the southeast corner of Denali National Park at Windy; the drainage into the Susitna River upstream from its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainage into the east bank of the Chulitna River upstream to its confluence with Tokositna River; the drainages of the Chulitna River (south of Denali National Park) upstream from its confluence with the Tokositna River; the drainages into the north bank of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River between its confluences with the Talkeetna and Chulitna Rivers; the drainages into the north and east bank of the Talkeetna River, including the Talkeetna River, to its confluence with Clear Creek, the eastside drainages of a line up the south bank of Clear Creek to the first unnamed creek on the south, then up that unnamed creek to lake 4408, along the northeast shore of lake 4408, then southeast in a straight line to the northernmost fork of the Chickaloon River; the drainages into the east bank of the Chickaloon River below the line from lake 4408; the drainages of the Matanuska River above its confluence with the Chickaloon River;

Unit 13A: that portion of Unit 13 bounded by a line beginning at the Chickaloon River bridge at Mile 77.7 on the Glenn Highway, then along the Glenn Highway to its junction with the Richardson Highway, then east to the east bank of the Copper River, then northerly along the east bank of the Copper River to its junction with the Gulkana River, then northerly along the west bank of the Gulkana River to its junction with the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then westerly along the west bank of the West Fork of the Gulkana River to its source, an unnamed lake, then across the divide into the Tyone River drainage, down an unnamed stream into the Tyone River, then down the Tyone River to the Susitna River, then down the southern bank of the Susitna River to the mouth of Kosina Creek, then up Kosina Creek to its headwaters, then across the divide and down Aspen Creek to the Talkeetna River, then southerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Chickaloon River bridge, the point of beginning;

Unit 13B: that portion of Unit 13 bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of the Copper River and the Gulkana River, then up the east bank of the Copper River to the Gakona River, then up the east bank of the Gakona River and Gakona Glacier to the boundary of Unit 13, then westerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Susitna Glacier, then southerly along the west bank of the Susitna Glacier and the Susitna River to the Tyone River, then up the Tyone River and across the divide to the headwaters of the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then down the West Fork of the Gulkana River to the confluence of the Gulkana River and the Copper River, the point of beginning;

Unit 13C: that portion of Unit 13 east of the east bank of the Gakona River and Gakona Glacier;

Unit 13D: that portion of Unit 13 south of Unit 13A;

Unit 13E: the remainder of Unit 13.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.								
B	13A 13B 13C 13E	Three bears				HT	no closed season	
	13D	Five bears						
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.								
B	13E	within Denali State Park	Two bears every regulatory year				Aug 10-June 15	
B	13	remainder	Two bears every regulatory year				no closed season	
Bison • Nonresidents can only be awarded one bison permit per lifetime.								
R	13D	east of the Edgerton Highway	One bison every ten regulatory years by permit				DI454	Sept 1-Mar 31
N			One bison per lifetime by permit					
Caribou								
B	13						no open season	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

Mule deer and white-tailed deer may be harvested. See page 28 for more information.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/HUNT #*	SEASON	
Goat										
• Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. • Information on sex identification available with permit. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov.										
B	13D	south of the Tiekel River and east of a line beginning at the confluence of the Tiekel and Tsina rivers	One goat by permit available in person in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Palmer, and Glennallen, or by mail from Glennallen beginning Aug 5					RG580	Sept 1-Nov 30	
B	13D	remainder	One goat by permit					DG720	Aug 10-Nov 30	
B	13	remainder	no open season							
Moose										
• ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see pg. 12. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.										
R	13★	One bull by permit. Available only by application, see the Subsistence Permit Hunt Supplement for details.						CM300	Aug 20-Sept 20	
		One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side						HT	Sept 1-Sept 20	
		One bull by permit						DM348		
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit						DM335-DM339		
Sheep										
• Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on pg. 33. • Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill and horns must accompany meat from the field.										
R	13A	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only						HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only							Aug 10-Sept 20	
R		One ram with full-curl horn or larger								
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years								
R	13B	within Delta Controlled Use Area	One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit					DS203	Aug 10-Aug 25	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit					DS003		
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit					DS204	Aug 26-Sept 20	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit					DS205		
R	13B	remainder	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only					HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only						Aug 10-Sept 20	
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger							
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years							
B	13C	within Tok Management Area	One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit					DS102	Aug 10-Sept 20	

*Hunt numbers starting with a "C" = Community, "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Sheep <i>continued</i>							
R	13C remainder	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only				HT	Aug 1-Aug 5
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only					
R		One ram with full-curl horn or larger					Aug 10-Sept 20
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years					
R	13D	east of a line along the west side of Tazlina Glacier, Tazlina Lake and Mendeltna Creek to the Richardson Highway	One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit			DS165	Aug 10-Sept 20
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit			DS065 DS265	
R	13D	west of a line along the west side of Tazlina Glacier, Tazlina Lake and Mendeltna Creek	One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit			DS160	Aug 10-Sept 20
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit			DS260	
R	13D remainder	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only				HT	Aug 1-Aug 5
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only					
R		One ram with full-curl horn or larger					Aug 10-Sept 20
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years					
R	13E	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only				HT	Aug 1-Aug 5
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only					
R		One ram with full-curl horn or larger					Aug 10-Sept 20
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years					
Wolf •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. •No nonresident locking-tag required.							
B	13	Ten wolves per day					Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	13	One wolverine					Sept 1-Feb 15

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Elias Barton harvested his first spruce grouse.

State restricted areas:

Portions of Hatcher Pass have additional firearms restrictions, contact Alaska State Parks, Mat-Su Region at (907) 745-3975.

4 Goose Bay State Game Refuge and 6 Willow Mountain Critical Habitat Area: see pg. 80.

8 Hatcher Pass Youth Management Area: the area consists of that portion of Unit 14A within the upper Little Susitna River drainage upstream of mile 13.6 on Hatcher Pass Road (Gold Mint Trail parking area) and ¼ mile away from the road including Archangel and Fishhook creeks, and upper Little Susitna River drainages. Also, portions of the upper Willow Creek drainage upstream of the confluence of Willow and Craigie creeks, including Grubstake Gulch and Homestake creeks, Summit Lake, and Bullion and Skyscraper mountains. There is no discharge of firearms allowed within ¼ mile of the road. From August 10 to August 25, the area is closed to small game hunting except that small game may be taken by youth hunters 17 years old or younger accompanied by a licensed hunter 21 years old or older who has successfully completed a certified hunter education course if the youth has not successfully completed a certified hunter education course. Hunter orange outerwear is required (vest or coat).

3 Palmer Hay Flats State Game Refuge: has restrictions regarding use of motorized vehicles, boats and aircraft (for details, see refuge General Permit requirements at <http://refuges.adfg.alaska.gov> or call (907) 861-3200, (907) 861-2112): a) Glenn Hwy: No off-road vehicles (including ATVs and snow machines) may be used within ½ mile of the Glenn Hwy but are allowed on the frozen surface of the Knik River and Wasilla Creek as discussed below, and on the Rabbit Slough access road. b) Refuge Lands: with the exception noted above, off-road vehicles (including ATVs and snow machines) weighing less than 1,000 lbs. GVW may only be used on refuge lands Nov 9 – Mar 31 provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. If operating on the frozen surface of the Knik River or Wasilla Creek, the ice cover must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle. c) Cottonwood Creek Trail: may be open to off-road vehicles from late-Aug–Nov 15 only if the department determines trail conditions warrant use. When open, trail is restricted to vehicles less than 1,000 lbs. GVW and travel is only permitted on the marked trail from the western edge of the refuge along the north bank of Palmer Slough to a sign at the end of the trail. All trail users are subject to Special Area Permit requirements. d) Motorized watercraft: are allowed year-round on the Knik and Matanuska rivers, and on Knik Arm. On Wasilla Creek (Rabbit Slough), motorized watercraft may be used year-round, except that on weekends from July 15 - Aug 15 motorized watercraft capable of producing more than 42 lbs. of thrust or 3hp are prohibited. On all other refuge waters, you may use a motorized watercraft with a motor of 20hp or less only from Aug 16 - Mar 31. e) Aircraft: landing is prohibited from Apr 1 - Nov 9.

2 Susitna Flats Game Refuge: see pg. 90.

1 Palmer Wasilla Management Area: The portion of Unit 14A bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of the Parks Hwy and the Glenn Hwy, then east and north along the Glenn Hwy to the Palmer Fishhook Rd., then west and north along the Palmer Fishhook Rd. to the Faulk Rd. intersection, then west along the road and section line to Tex Al Dr. and along Tex Al Dr. to the Wasilla Fishhook Rd., to Welch Rd., then west along Welch Rd. to the south bank of the Little Susitna River, then west along the south bank of the Little Susitna River to the bridge at North Shushana Dr., then south along N. Shushana Dr. to Shrock Rd., then west along Shrock Rd. to Church Rd., then south along Church Rd. to the Parks Hwy, then west along the Parks Hwy to Vine Rd., then south along Vine Rd. to Knik-Goose Bay Rd., then north along Knik Goose Bay Rd. to Fairview Loop Rd., then south and east along Fairview Loop Rd. to the Parks Hwy, then east along the Parks Hwy to the intersection with the Glenn Hwy; the area is closed to hunting except that: Big game may be taken with a muzzleloader, shotguns with slugs, crossbow, and bow and arrow only, with weapon-specific certification. Small game, deleterious exotic wildlife and fur animals may be taken by muzzleloader, shotguns, air rifle, falconry, or bow and arrow only. Weapons certification is required for muzzleloader for all game, bow and arrow and crossbow for big game, and shotgun hunters (Basic Hunter Education for big game. Additional weapons restrictions exist in the city limits of Palmer and Wasilla.

5 Nancy Lake State Recreation Area and 7 Willow Creek State Recreation Area: weapon and off-road vehicle restrictions exist. Contact Alaska State Parks, Mat-Su Region at (907) 745-3975.

Unit 14A-14B

Matanuska-Susitna Valley

Region 4

0 10 20 Miles



Game Management Units Legend

Closed Areas	National Parks	Roads
Controlled Use Areas	National Preserves & Other Federal Lands	Railroads
Management Areas	Unit Boundary	Trails
State Refuges, Sanctuaries, & Critical Habitat Areas	Subunit Boundary	
Other State Lands		

Units 14A -14B Matanuska-Susitna Valley

State restricted
areas on pg. 79

Unit 14: Drainages into the north side of Turnagain Arm west of and excluding the Portage Creek drainage, drainages into Knik Arm, excluding drainages of the Chickaloon and Matanuska rivers in Unit 13, drainages into the north side of Cook Inlet east of the Susitna River, drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River downstream from the Talkeetna River, and drainages into the south and west bank of the Talkeetna River to its confluence with Clear Creek, the westside drainages of a line up the south bank of Clear Creek to the first unnamed creek on the south, then up that unnamed creek to lake 4408, along the northeast shore of lake 4408, then southeast in a straight line to the northernmost fork of the Chickaloon River, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines;

Unit 14A: drainages in Unit 14 bounded on the west beginning at the Matanuska-Susitna Borough boundary along longitude line 150°30'00" to the mouth of the Susitna River, then north along the east bank of the Susitna River, on the north by the north bank of Willow Creek and Peters Creek to its headwaters, then east along the hydrologic divide separating the Susitna River and Knik Arm drainages to the outlet creek at lake 4408, on the east by the eastern boundary of Unit 14, and on the south by Cook Inlet, Knik Arm, and the Matanuska-Susitna Borough boundary to the Glenn Highway bridge, then to the south bank of Knik Arm, then to the south bank of the Knik River from its mouth to its junction with Knik Glacier, across the face of Knik Glacier and along the north side of Knik Glacier to the Unit 6 boundary;

Unit 14B: that portion of Unit 14 north of Unit 14A.

Additional Refuge and Habitat areas in Units 14A and 14B:

4 Goose Bay State Game Refuge: the use of off-road vehicles (including snow machines and ATVs) is prohibited except that the use of vehicles off-road weighing less than 1,000 lbs GVW can be used on all refuge lands from Nov 9 – Mar 31 only when there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. If operating on frozen waterways the ice cover must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle. For details, see refuge General Permit requirements at <http://refuges.adfg.alaska.gov> or call (907) 861-3200, (907) 861-2112.

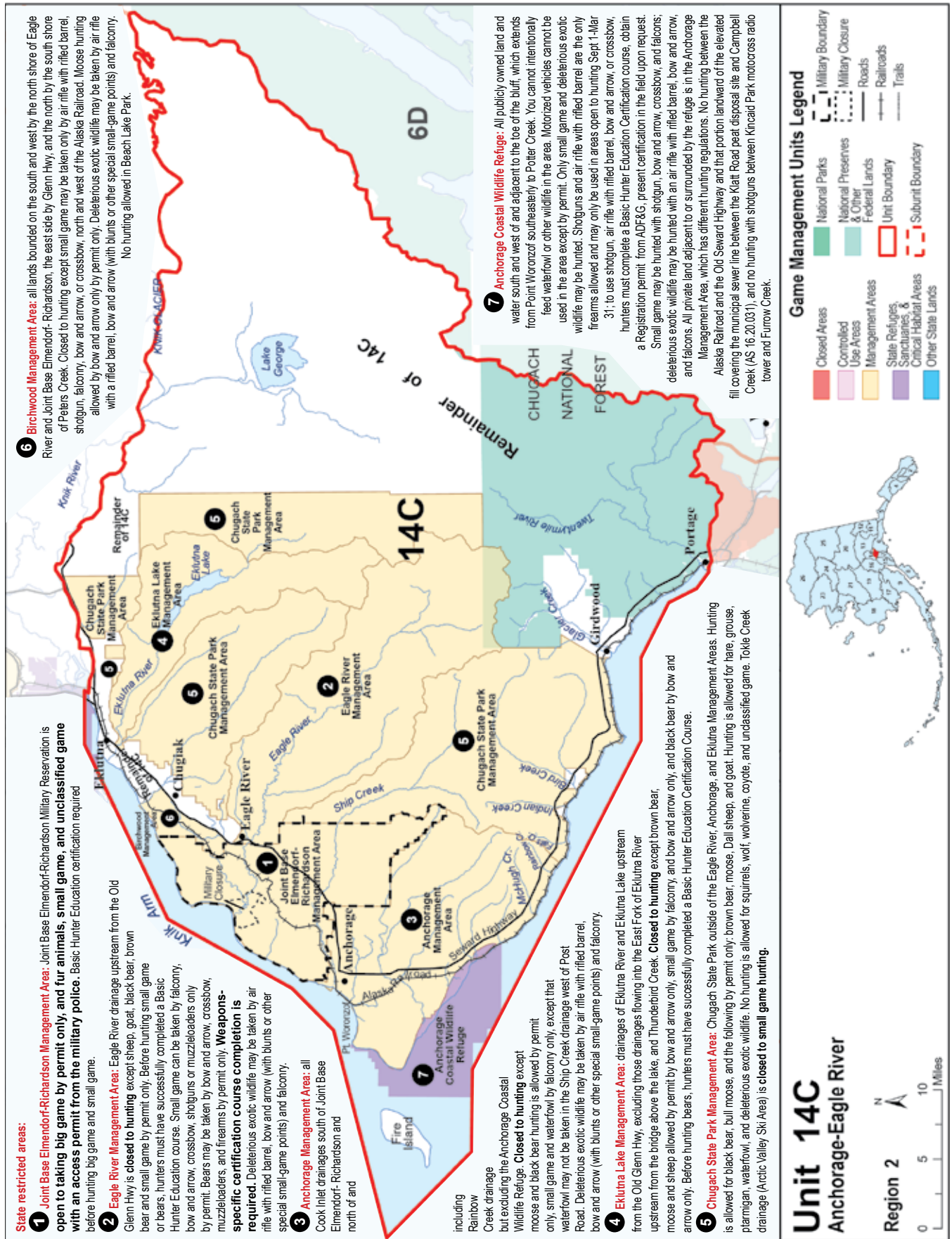
6 Willow Mountain Critical Habitat Area: the use of off-road vehicles (including snow machines and ATVs) is prohibited except that the use of vehicles off-road weighing less than 1,000 lbs GVW can be used a) year-round on designated trail, and b) on all refuge lands from Dec 1 – Mar 31 only when there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. If operating on frozen waterways the ice cover must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle. For details, see refuge General Permit requirements at <http://refuges.adfg.alaska.gov> or call (907) 861-3200, (907) 861-2112.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required.							
B	14A 14B	Three bears				HT	no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.							
B	14A	One bear every regulatory year					Sept 1-June 30
B	14B	One bear every regulatory year					Aug 10-June 30
Caribou • In bag limit, “bull” means a male caribou.							
B	14A 14B	One bull by permit				DC590	Aug 10-Sept 20 Dec 1-Mar 15
Goat • Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov.							
B	14A	south and east of the Matanuska River	One goat by permit			DG890 DG891	Sept 1-Sept 30
			One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Palmer beginning Oct 2			RG890 RG891	may be announced
B	14A 14B	remainder					no open season
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	14A 14B	Five wolves					Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	14A 14B	One wolverine					Sept 1-Jan 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Moose </							

*Hunt numbers starting with "A"= Targeted, "D or Y" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Unit 14C Anchorage-Eagle River

State restricted
areas on pg. 82

Unit 14C: That portion of Unit 14 south of Unit 14A.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required.							
B	14C	Lower Eagle River Valley	One bear by bow and arrow, crossbow, or muzzleloader only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage and Palmer beginning Aug 4			RL450	Sept 1-May 31
B	14C	Upper Eagle River Valley	One bear by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage and Palmer beginning Aug 4			RL460	Sept 1-June 15
B	14C	a portion of Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	One bear by shotgun only by permit			DL455	Sept 1-June 15
B	14C	McHugh Creek	One bear by bow and arrow, shotgun or muzzleloader only by permit			DL457	Oct 1-Oct 31
B	14C	remainder of Eagle River, remainder of Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson, Birchwood, and Anchorage Management Areas, excluding McHugh Creek				no open season	
B	14C	Eklutna Lake Management Area	One bear by bow and arrow only			HT	Sept 1-May 31
B	14C	Chugach State Park Management Area	One bear			HT	Sept 1-May 31
B	14C	remainder	Three bears			HT	no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • If you wound a brown bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.							
B	14C	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson, and Birchwood Mgmt. Areas, remainder of Anchorage, Eklutna Lake and Eagle River Management Areas				no open season	
B	14C	Chugach State Park within Eklutna Lake Management Area	One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow only by permit			DB468	Sept 1-May 31
B	14C	Chugach State Park Mgmt. Area and that portion of Eagle River Management Area above Icicle Creek	One bear every regulatory year by permit			DB470	Sept 1-May 31
B	14C	McHugh Creek drainage	One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow, shotgun or muzzleloader only by permit			DB477	Oct 1-Oct 31
B	14C	remainder	One bear every regulatory year				Sept 1-June 30
Goat • Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov.							
B	14C	East fork of Eklutna River, Eagle River, Bird Creek, and Glacier Creek	One goat by permit			DG852-DG858	Sept 1-Oct 15
B	14C	Twentymile River	One goat by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning July 21			RG878	Aug 16-Aug 31
R			One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 4	RG868	Sept 1-Oct 15		
N				RG881			
R			One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna. Season may be announced Nov 1-Nov 15			RG862	may be announced

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Goat continued							
B	14C Lake George	One goat by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning July 21				RG879	Aug 16-Aug 31
R		One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 4				RG869	Sept 1-Oct 15
N		One goat by permit				DG889	
R		One goat by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna. Season may be announced Nov 1-Nov 15.				RG864	may be announced
B	14C	remainder (excluding all areas listed above)				no open season	
Moose • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.							
B	14C	Birchwood Management Area	One bull by bow and arrow only by permit			DM448	Sept 1-Sept 30
B	14C	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson Management Area	One moose by muzzleloader only by permit			DM421	Sept 1-Nov 15 Dec 15-Jan 15
			One bull by muzzleloader only by permit			DM422	
			One antlerless moose by muzzleloader only by permit			DM423	
			One bull by bow and arrow only by permit			DM424	Sept 1-Nov 15
			One moose by bow and arrow only by permit			DM426 DM427	Dec 15-Jan 15
			One bull by bow and arrow only by permit			DM428	Sept 1-Sept 30
			One bull by bow and arrow only by permit			DM430	Oct 15-Nov 15
B	14C	Chugach State Park Management Area (excluding Ship Creek drainage)	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Sept 1-Sept 30
B	14C	Ship Creek drainage above Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson Management Area	One bull by permit			DM446	Sept 1-Sept 15
						DM447	Sept 16-Sept 30
			One bull by permit online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage beginning Oct 6. Number of permits to be announced.			RM435	Oct 25-Nov 30
R	14C	Anchorage Management Area	One antlerless moose by shotgun or muzzleloader only by permit			DM466 DM467	Nov 1-Nov 30
B	14C	Eagle River Management Area	no open season				
B	14C	Eklutna Lake Management Area	One bull by bow and arrow only by permit online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person available in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 4			RM445	Sept 1-Oct 20
B	14C	Twentymile River drainage	One bull by permit			DM210	Aug 20-Sept 30
R			One antlerless moose by permit			DM211	Aug 20-Oct 10
R	14C	the northern portion of the remainder of 14C	One bull by bow and arrow only by permit			DM444	Oct 20-Nov 15
R	14C	Knik River and Hunter Creek/Peters Creek and Little Peters Creek drainages	One antlerless moose by permit			DM441 DM443	Sept 1-Sept 30
B			One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	
B	14C	remainder	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by bow and arrow only			HT	Aug 22-Aug 29
			One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side				Sept 1-Sept 30

*Hunt numbers starting with “D” = Drawing, “HT” = Harvest ticket, “R” = Registration, “T” = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Sheep							

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

State restricted areas:

1 Skilak Loop Wildlife Management Area: the area consists of that portion of Units 15(A) and 15(B) bounded by a line beginning at the easternmost junction of the Sterling Hwy and the Skilak Loop Road (milepost 58), then due south to the south bank of the Kenai River, then southerly along the south bank of the Kenai River to its confluence with Skilak Lake, then westerly along the north shore of Skilak Lake to Lower Skilak Lake Campground, then northerly along the Lower Skilak Lake Campground Road and the Skilak Loop Road to its westernmost junction with the Sterling Hwy (milepost 75.1), then easterly along the Sterling Hwy to the point of origin. The area is closed to hunting and trapping, except that moose may be taken by permit only and small game may be taken by falconry or bow and arrow only from Oct 1 through Mar 1.

Youth hunters 17 years old or younger may hunt small game with standard 22 caliber rimfire firearm, crossbow, or shotgun only, from Aug 10 through Mar 31. Youth hunters must be accompanied by a licensed hunter 21 years old or older who has successfully completed a certified hunter education course if the youth has not successfully completed a certified hunter education course. See small game regulations for seasons and bag limits.

Federal restrictions apply, see <http://www.fws.gov/refuge/kenai/> or call (907) 262-7021. Wolf, coyote, and lynx may be taken under applicable hunting regulations from Nov 10 through Mar 31; however, there is no hunting allowed within 1/4 mile of boat launches or Engineer, Kelly, Petersen, and Hidden Lake campgrounds.

2 Kenai Controlled Use Area: Unit 15A north of the Sterling Hwy. The area is closed during moose hunting season to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of moose hunters, their hunting gear, and/or moose parts. However, this does not apply after 12:01 a.m. Sept 11, and does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose parts by aircraft to or from a publicly owned airport in the controlled use area.

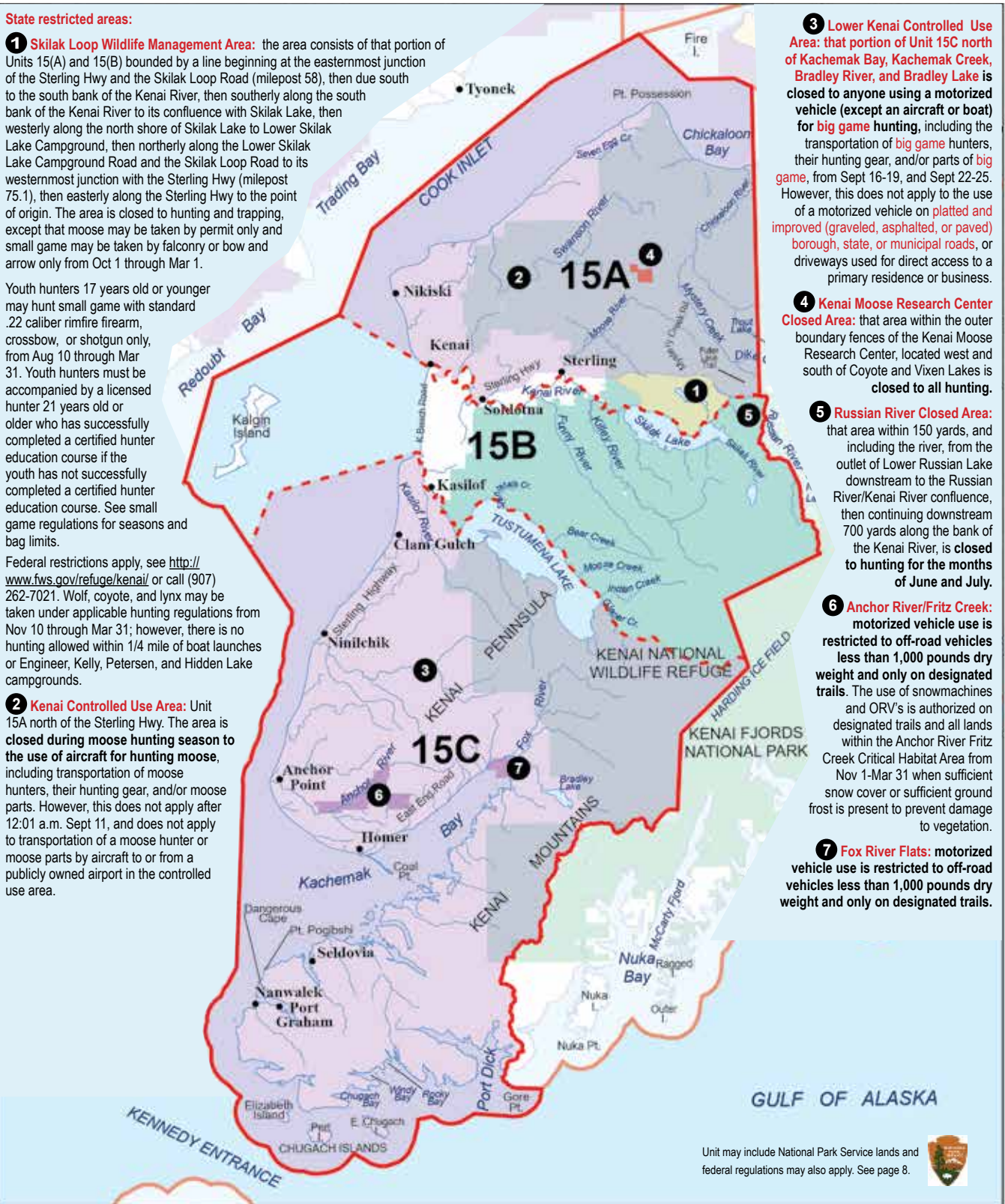
3 Lower Kenai Controlled Use Area: that portion of Unit 15C north of Kachemak Bay, Kachemak Creek, Bradley River, and Bradley Lake is closed to anyone using a motorized vehicle (except an aircraft or boat) for big game hunting, including the transportation of big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game, from Sept 16-19, and Sept 22-25. However, this does not apply to the use of a motorized vehicle on platted and improved (graveled, asphalted, or paved) borough, state, or municipal roads, or driveways used for direct access to a primary residence or business.

4 Kenai Moose Research Center Closed Area: that area within the outer boundary fences of the Kenai Moose Research Center, located west and south of Coyote and Vixen Lakes is closed to all hunting.

5 Russian River Closed Area: that area within 150 yards, and including the river, from the outlet of Lower Russian Lake downstream to the Russian River/Kenai River confluence, then continuing downstream 700 yards along the bank of the Kenai River, is closed to hunting for the months of June and July.

6 Anchor River/Fritz Creek: motorized vehicle use is restricted to off-road vehicles less than 1,000 pounds dry weight and only on designated trails. The use of snowmachines and ORV's is authorized on designated trails and all lands within the Anchor River Fritz Creek Critical Habitat Area from Nov 1-Mar 31 when sufficient snow cover or sufficient ground frost is present to prevent damage to vegetation.

7 Fox River Flats: motorized vehicle use is restricted to off-road vehicles less than 1,000 pounds dry weight and only on designated trails.



Unit may include National Park Service lands and federal regulations may also apply. See page 8.



Unit 15

Kenai

Region 2

0 10 20 Miles



Game Management Units Legend

- Closed Areas
- Controlled Use Areas
- Management Areas
- State Refuges, Sanctuaries, & Critical Habitat Areas
- National Parks
- National Preserves & Other Federal Lands
- Unit Boundary
- Subunit Boundary
- Roads
- Railroads
- Trails

Unit 15 Kenai

State restricted
areas on pg. 86

Unit 15: That portion of the Kenai Peninsula and adjacent islands draining into the Gulf of Alaska, Cook Inlet, and Turnagain Arm from Gore Point to the point where longitude line 150°00' W. crosses the coastline of Chickaloon Bay in Turnagain Arm, including Kalgin Island, and including that area lying west of longitude line 150°00'W. to the mouth of the Russian River, thence southerly along the Chugach National Forest boundary to the upper end of Upper Russian Lake; and including the drainages into Upper Russian Lake west of the Chugach National Forest boundary, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines;

Unit 15A: that portion of Unit 15 north of the north bank of the Kenai River and the north shore of Skilak Lake;

Unit 15B: that portion of Unit 15 south of the north bank of the Kenai River and the north shore of Skilak Lake, and north of the north bank of the Kasilof River, the north shore of Tustumena Lake, Glacier Creek, and Tustumena Glacier, and Kalgin Island;

Unit 15C: the remainder of Unit 15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY		
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS							PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required.											
R	15C	south of Bradley River, Bradley Lake, and Kachemak Creek				Three bears			HT	no closed season	
N						One bear					
B	15	remainder	Three bears					HT	no closed season		
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • If you wound a brown bear, it counts toward your bag limit for the regulatory year. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.											
B	15	One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Anchorage, Homer, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 4							RB300	Aug 10-June 15	
Caribou • In bag limit, “caribou” means an animal of either sex.											
B	15B	within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge Wilderness Area				One caribou by permit			DC608	Aug 10-Sept 20	
B	15C	north of the Fox River and east of Windy Lake				One caribou by permit			DC618	Aug 10-Sept 20	
B	15	remainder									no open season
Goat • Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. • If a nanny is taken in Units 7 or 15, the hunter is prohibited from hunting any goats in Units 7 and 15 for 5 regulatory years. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • Hunters may not possess more than one goat registration permit for Units 7 and 15 at the same time. • All goat hunters are required to successfully complete the online Mountain Goat Identification quiz prior to hunting, proof of completion must be carried in the field, see hunt.alaska.gov.											
R	15C	south of the divide from Jakolof Bay to Rocky Bay and north of the divide from Port Graham Bay to Windy Bay				One goat by permit available in Seldovia beginning June 10. Limited number of permits available.			RG364	Aug 10-Oct 15	
						One goat by permit			DG364		
						One goat by permit available in Anchorage, Palmer, Homer, and Soldotna or online at hunt.alaska.gov beginning Oct 20. Hunt may not be held.			RG374	Nov 1-Nov 14 may be announced	
B	15C	south of the divide from Port Graham Bay to Windy Bay		One goat by permit available in Nanwalek and Port Graham beginning July 8. Limited number of permits available.				RG365	Aug 10-Oct 15		
R				One goat by permit available in Anchorage, Palmer, Homer, and Soldotna or online at hunt.alaska.gov beginning Oct 20. Hunt may not be held.				RG375	Nov 1-Nov 14 may be announced		
B	15	remainder		One goat by permit				DG352-DG363	Aug 10-Oct 15		
				One goat by permit available in Anchorage, Palmer, Homer, and Soldotna or online at hunt.alaska.gov beginning Oct 20. Only select hunt areas open, number of permits to be announced.				RG352-RG363	Nov 1-Nov 14 may be announced		

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Moose		• All hunters must complete the Moose Hunter Orientation prior to hunting. Orientation and quiz are available online at hunt.alaska.gov. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31. • Spike, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.								
B	15A	Skilak Loop Wildlife Management Area						no open season		
R	15A	remainder	One bull with a spike on at least one side or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by bow and arrow only					HT	Aug 22-Aug 29	
			One bull with a spike on at least one side or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side						Sept 1-Sept 25	
N									no open season	
B	15B	Kalgin Island	One moose by permit available in person in Anchorage, Soldotna, Homer, and Palmer beginning Aug 4					RM572	Aug 20-Sept 25	
R	15B	remainder	One bull by permit					DM508	Sept 1-Sept 25	
B			One bull with a spike on at least one side or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by bow and arrow only					HT	Aug 22-Aug 29	
			One bull with a spike on at least one side or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side						Sept 1-Sept 25	
R	15C	southwest of a line from Point Pogibshi to the point of land between Rocky and Windy bays					One bull by permit	TM549	Sept 1-Sept 25 Nov 1-Nov 30	
N									no open season	
R	15C	that portion from the mouth of Deep Creek easterly along the south bank of Deep Creek to N 59° 55.183', W 151° 8.155', then southeasterly in a straight line to the unnamed creek at N 59° 54.342', W 151° 6.459', and easterly down the south bank of this stream to Caribou Lake and easterly along the south shore to the outlet of Fox Creek, then south along the west bank of Fox Creek to the mouth of Fox Creek, and along the mean high tide line to the point of origin		One bull with a spike on at least one side or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side, by bow and arrow only				HT	Aug 22-Aug 29	
				One bull with a spike on at least one side or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side					Sept 1-Sept 25	
				One bull by permit				DM518 DM516		
B				One antlerless moose, no person may take a calf or cow accompanied by a calf, by permit				DM549	Oct 20-Nov 20	
R				One moose by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced; Basic Hunter Education required.				AM550	may be announced	
N				One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side				HT	Sept 1-Sept 25	

*Hunt numbers starting with "A"= Targeted, "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

Attention all Moose Hunters in Units 7 and 15!

All hunters are required to successfully complete the Moose Hunter Orientation prior to hunting moose in Units 7 and 15. The orientation is available online at hunt.alaska.gov. You may print the certification card online or contact ADF&G at (907) 267-2257 to obtain your certification card; proof of certification must be carried in the field.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Moose continued							
R	15C remainder	One bull with a spike on at least one side or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by bow and arrow only				HT	Aug 22-Aug 29
		One bull with a spike on at least one side or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side					Sept 1-Sept 25
		One bull by permit				DM512 DM514 DM518	
		One moose by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced; Basic Hunter Education required.				AM550	
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side				HT	Sept 1-Sept 25
Sheep - Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. - Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. - Definition of full-curl horn and drawings see pg. 33. - Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill and must accompany meat from the field.							
R	15A	east of Fuller Lake trail, south of Dike Creek and a straight line from the source of Dike Creek, east through the divide south of Trout Lake to Juneau Creek, west of Juneau Creek and north of the Sterling Hwy	One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit			DS150	no open season
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit				
R	15 remainder	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only				HT	Aug 1-Aug 5
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only					
R		One ram with full-curl horn or larger					Aug 10-Sept 20
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years					
Wolf - Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. - No nonresident locking-tag required.							
B	15	Five wolves					Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	15	One wolverine					Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "A"= Targeted, "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

State restricted areas:

1 Susitna Flats Game Refuge: has restrictions regarding use of motorized vehicles and aircraft (for details, see refuge General Permit requirements at <http://refuges.adfg.alaska.gov> or call (907) 861-3200, (907) 861-2112: a) Refuge Lands: the use off road vehicles are prohibited except that those weighing less than 1,000 lbs. GVW (including ATVs and snow machines) may be used on refuge lands Nov 9 – Mar 31 provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. If operating on frozen waterways the ice cover must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle. If operating on the Enstar Gas Pipeline right-of-way, or the marked trails to Figure Eight Lake or Flat Horn Lake, the 12-inch snow cover requirement is waived but there must be sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. b) Aircraft: Landing is prohibited Apr 1 – May 15 in the High Density Spring Waterfowl Staging Area (defined roughly as the coastal marsh seaward of the forested bluff edge).

2 Trading Bay State Game Refuge: the use off-road vehicles are prohibited except that those weighing less than 1,000 lbs. dry vehicle weight (including ATVs and snow machines) may be used on refuge lands Nov 9 – Mar 31 provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. If operating on frozen waterways the ice cover must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle. For details, see refuge General Permit requirements at <http://refuges.adfg.alaska.gov> or call (907) 267-2342, (907) 861-2112.

3 Redoubt Bay Critical Habitat Area: the use off-road vehicles are prohibited except that those weighing less than 1,000 lbs. dry vehicle weight (including ATVs and snow machines) may be used on refuge lands Nov 9 – Mar 31 provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. If operating on frozen waterways the ice cover must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle. For details, see refuge General Permit requirements at <http://refuges.adfg.alaska.gov> or call (907) 267-2342, (907) 861-2112.

Unit may include National Park Service lands and federal regulations may also apply. See page 8.



Unit 16

Lower Susitna

Region 4

0 10 20 Miles



Game Management Units Legend

Closed Areas	National Parks	Roads
Controlled Use Areas	National Preserves & Other Federal Lands	Railroads
Management Areas	Unit Boundary	Trails
State Refuges, Sanctuaries, & Critical Habitat Areas	Subunit Boundary	
Other State Lands		

Unit 16 Lower Susitna

State restricted
areas on pg. 90

Unit 16: The drainages into Cook Inlet between Redoubt Creek and the Susitna River, including Redoubt Creek drainage, and the drainages on the west side of the Susitna River (including the Susitna River) upstream to its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainages into the west side of the Chulitna River (including the Chulitna River) upstream to the Tokositna River (including the Tokositna River), and drainages into the south side of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier, including the drainage of the Kanikula Glacier and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines;

Unit 16A: that portion of Unit 16 east of the east bank of the Yentna River from its mouth upstream to the Kahiltna River, east of the east bank of the Kahiltna River, and east of the Kahiltna Glacier;

Unit 16B: the remainder of Unit 16.

A portion of this unit is within a predator control area; see special regulations online at hunt.alaska.gov.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required. • Same day airborne hunting of black bear in Unit 16 from Oct 1-Aug 9 is allowed, see pg. 19.							
B	16B	within one mile of the mouth of Wolverine Creek (60.80° N. lat., 152.31° W. long.)		Five bears		HT	Sept 15-May 31
B	16	remainder	Five bears			HT	no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.							
B	16A	Two bears every regulatory year					no closed season
B	16B	within one mile of the mouth of Wolverine Creek (60.80° N. lat., 152.31° W. long.)		Two bears every regulatory year		Sept 15-May 31	
B	16B	remainder	Two bears every regulatory year			no closed season	
Caribou • In bag limit, “bull” means male caribou. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.							
B	16A	One bull				HT	Aug 10-Sept 20
B	16B	One bull				HT	Aug 10-Sept 30
Moose • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.							
B	16A	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by bow and arrow only				HT	Aug 10-Aug 19
		One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side					Aug 20-Sept 25
R	16B	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side				HT	Aug 20-Sept 25
		One bull by permit				TM565 TM567 TM569	Dec 15-Feb 28
N		One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side				HT	Aug 20-Sept 25

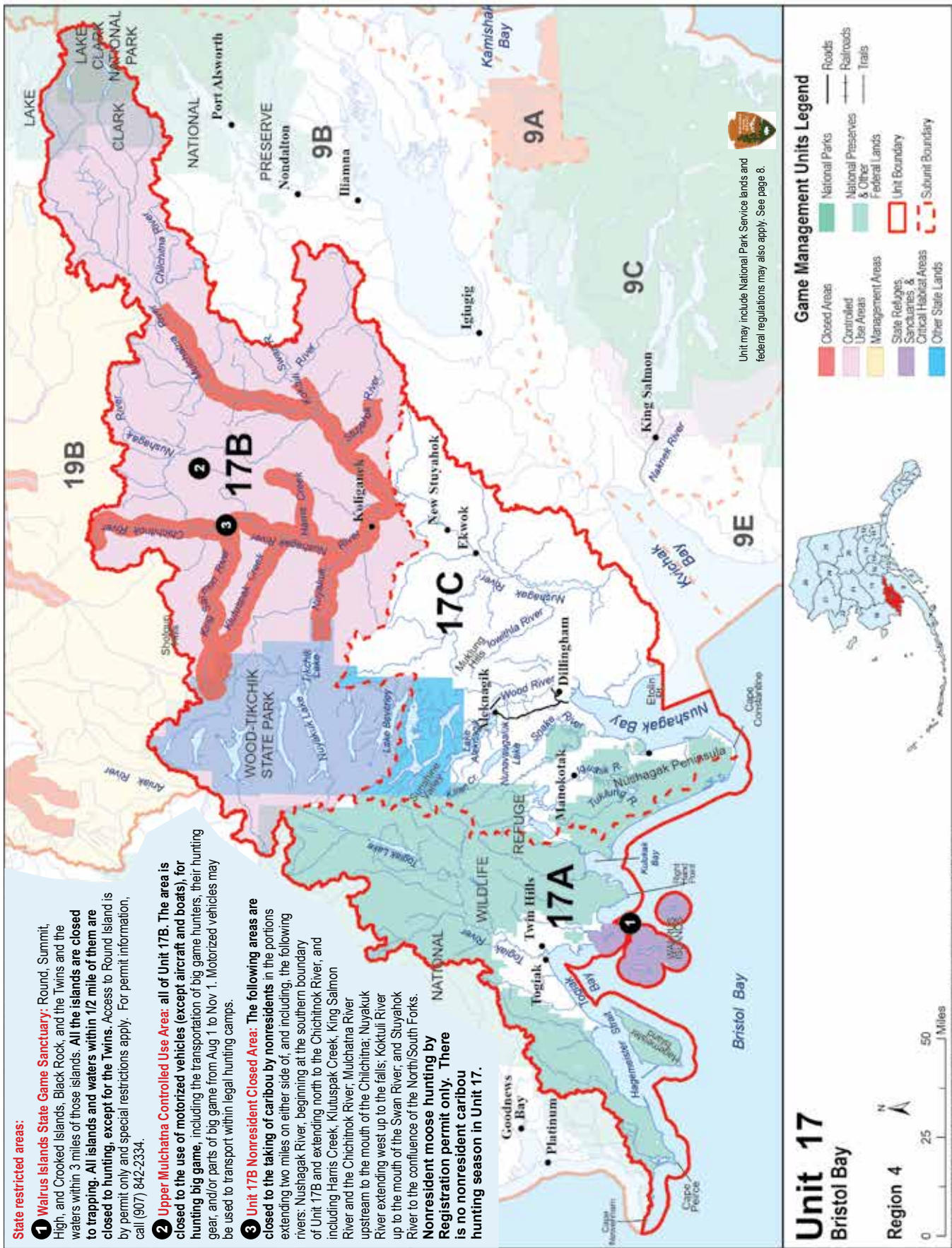
*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Sheep		•Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. •Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. •See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on pg. 33. •Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill and must accompany meat from the field.					
R	16	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only				HT	Aug 1-Aug 5
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only					
R		One ram with full-curl horn or larger					Aug 10-Sept 20
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years					
Wolf		•Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. •No nonresident locking-tag required.					
B	16A	Ten wolves, no more than five per day					Aug 10-Apr 30
B	16B	Ten wolves					Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine		•Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.					
B	16A	One wolverine					Sept 1-Jan 31
B	16B	One wolverine					Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Paul Beaudreault with a moose he harvested in Unit 20.



Unit 17 Bristol Bay

State restricted
areas on pg. 93

Unit 17: Drainages into Bristol Bay and the Bering Sea between Etolin Point and Cape Newenham, and all islands between these points, including Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines;

Unit 17A: that portion of Unit 17 in the drainages between Cape Newenham and Cape Constantine, and Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

Unit 17B: that portion of Unit 17 in the Nushagak River drainage upstream from and including the Mulchatna River drainage, and the Wood River drainage upstream from the outlet of Lake Beverley;

Unit 17C: the remainder of Unit 17.

A portion of this unit is within a predator control area; see special regulations online at hunt.alaska.gov.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY		
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON		
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required.									
B	17	Three bears						no closed season	
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.									
B	17	Two bears every regulatory year						no closed season	
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations apply to the following "Residents Only" hunt (see pg. 25)									
R	17	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Dillingham beginning June 24				RB500	no closed season		
Caribou • Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see pg. 12. • ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • In bag limit, "caribou" means an animal of either sex. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.									
R	17A	all drainages that terminate east of Right Hand Point ★	Two caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov and in person in Anchorage, Bethel, Dillingham, Fairbanks, Homer, King Salmon, Palmer, Soldotna, and at local license vendors beginning July 8			RC501	may be announced		
N			no open season						
R	17A 17B 17C	remainder east of the east banks of the Wood River, Lake Aleknagik, Agulowak River, Lake Nerka and the Agulukpak River	One caribou by permit			RC503	no open season		
N			no open season						
R	17C	remainder ★	Two caribou by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov and in person in Anchorage, Bethel, Dillingham, Fairbanks, Homer, King Salmon, Palmer, Soldotna, and at local license vendors beginning July 8			RC501	may be announced		
N			no open season						
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. • No nonresident locking-tag required.									
B	17	Ten wolves per day						Aug 10-Apr 30	
Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.									
B	17	One wolverine						Sept 1-Mar 31	

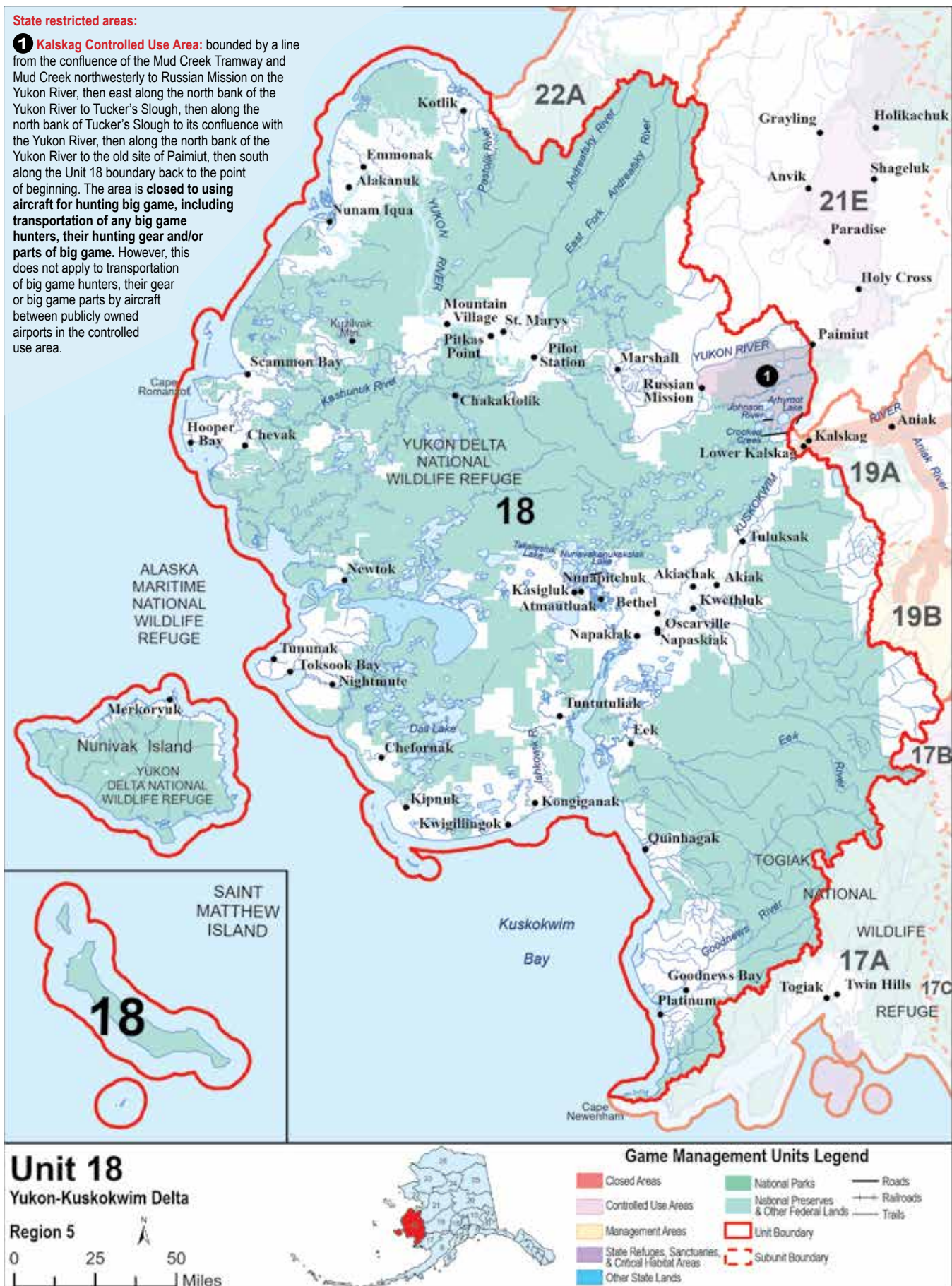
*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R = RESIDENTS ONLY	B = RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N = NONRESIDENTS ONLY		
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS			PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Moose		• In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.				
R	17A	One bull by permit available in person in Dillingham and Togiak beginning Aug 5. No aircraft use on, or within 2 miles of specific rivers and lakes; see hunt area map at hunt.alaska.gov for details.			RM573	Aug 25-Sept 25
		OR One antlerless moose by permit available in person in Dillingham and Togiak beginning Aug 5. No aircraft use on, or within 2 miles of specific rivers and lakes; see hunt area map at hunt.alaska.gov for details.			RM571	
		Two moose , only one may be an antlered bull (RM575), only one may be an antlerless moose (RM576), by permit available in person in Dillingham and Togiak beginning Dec 16			RM575	Jan 1-Feb 28
					RM576	
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit. No aircraft use on, or within 2 miles of specific rivers and lakes; see hunt area map at hunt.alaska.gov for details.			DM570	Sept 1-Sept 20
R	17B	the portions extending 2 miles on either side of, and including, the following rivers: Nushagak River, beginning at the southern boundary of Unit 17B and extending north to the Chichitnok River, and including Harris Creek, Klutuspak Creek, King Salmon River and the Chichitnok River; Mulchatna River upstream to the mouth of the Chilchitna; Nuyakuk River extending west up to the falls; Koktuli River up to the mouth of the Swan River; and Stuyahok River to the confluence of the North/South Forks			One bull by permit available in person in Dillingham July 8-Aug 31 and Nushagak River villages	Aug 20-Sept 15
					OR One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side	Sept 1-Sept 15
					One antlered bull by permit available in person in Dillingham and Nushagak River villages	may be announced
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available in person in Dillingham July 8-Sept 4			RM587	Sept 5-Sept 15
R	17B remainder	One bull by permit available in person in Dillingham July 8-Aug 31 and Nushagak River villages			RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
		OR One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Sept 1-Sept 15
		One antlered bull by permit available in person in Dillingham and Nushagak River villages			RM585	may be announced
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Sept 5-Sept 15
R	17C	One bull by permit available in person in Dillingham July 8-Aug 31 and Nushagak River villages			RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
		OR One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Sept 1-Sept 15
		One antlered bull by permit available in person in Dillingham and Nushagak River villages			RM585	may be announced

*Hunt numbers starting with “D” = Drawing, “HT” = Harvest ticket, “R” = Registration, “T” = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

State restricted areas:

1 Kalskag Controlled Use Area: bounded by a line from the confluence of the Mud Creek Tramway and Mud Creek northwesterly to Russian Mission on the Yukon River, then east along the north bank of the Yukon River to Tucker's Slough, then along the north bank of Tucker's Slough to its confluence with the Yukon River, then along the north bank of the Yukon River to the old site of Paimiut, then south along the Unit 18 boundary back to the point of beginning. The area is **closed to using aircraft for hunting big game, including transportation of any big game hunters, their hunting gear and/or parts of big game.** However, this does not apply to transportation of big game hunters, their gear or big game parts by aircraft between publicly owned airports in the controlled use area.



Unit 18 Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta

State restricted
area on pg. 96

Unit 18: That area draining into the Yukon and Kuskokwim Rivers westerly and downstream from a line starting at the downriver boundary of Paimiut on the north bank of the Yukon River then south across the Yukon River to the northern terminus of the Paimiut Portage, then south along the Paimiut Portage to its intersection with Arhymot Lake, then south along the northern and western bank of Arhymot Lake to the outlet at Crooked Creek (locally known as Johnson River), then along the south bank of Crooked Creek downstream to the northern terminus of Crooked Creek to the Yukon-Kuskokwim Portage (locally known as the Mud Creek Tramway), then along the west side of the tramway to Mud Creek, then along the westerly bank of Mud Creek downstream to an unnamed slough of the Kuskokwim River (locally known as First Slough or Kalskag Slough), then along the west bank of this unnamed slough downstream to its confluence with the Kuskokwim River, then southeast across the Kuskokwim River to its southerly bank, then along the south bank of the Kuskokwim River upriver to the confluence of a Kuskokwim River slough locally known as Old River, then across Old River to the downriver terminus of the island formed by Old River and the Kuskokwim River, then along the north bank of the main channel of Old River to Igylleq Creek (Whitefish Creek), then along the south and west bank of Igylleq Creek to Whitefish Lake, then directly across Whitefish Lake to Ophir Creek, then along the west bank of Ophir Creek to its headwaters at 61° 10.22' N. lat., 159° 46.05' W. long., and the drainages flowing into the Bering Sea from Cape Newenham on the south to and including the Pastolik River drainage on the north; Nunivak, St. Matthews, and adjacent islands between Cape Newenham and the Pastolik River, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines.

A portion of this unit is within a predator control area; see special regulations online at hunt.alaska.gov.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.							
B	18	Three bears					no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear		• No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.					
B	18	Two bears every regulatory year					Sept 1-June 30
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations apply to the following “Residents Only” hunt (see pg. 25)							
R	18	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Bethel beginning July 1				RB698	Sept 1-June 30
Caribou		• Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see pg. 12. • In bag limit, “caribou” means an animal of either sex. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.					
R	18	One caribou by permit				RC503	no open season
N							no open season
Moose		• ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.					
R	18★	Zone 1 Detailed zone description and zone maps can be found online at hunt.alaska.gov and at vendors within the hunt area. Refer to Registration permit RM615 hunt conditions for more details.	One bull, excluding male calves by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov July 31-Oct 15 and in person in Bethel and villages within the hunt area July 31-Aug 26			RM615	Sept 1-Sept 8
			One antlerless moose by permit			DM612	no open season
N			no open season				
	18★	Zone 2 Detailed zone description and zone maps can be found online at hunt.alaska.gov and at vendors within the hunt area. Refer to Registration permit RM615 hunt conditions for more details.	One bull, excluding male calves by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov July 31-Oct 15 and in person in Bethel and villages within the hunt area July 31-Aug 26			RM615	Sept 1-Oct 15
N			no open season				

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Moose continued										
R	18	south of the Eek River drainage and north of and including Carter Bay drainage	One bull excluding male calves by permit available in person in Eek, Quinhagak, and Tuntutuliak beginning July 31					RM617	Sept 1-Oct 15	
N	★							no open season		
R	18	that portion that drains into Kuskokwim Bay south of Carter Bay drainage (59° 10.8' N; 162° 0.2' W)	OR	One bull excluding male calves by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov and in person in Goodnews Bay and Platinum July 31-Aug 25. Harvest quota to be announced; season will be closed by emergency order when quota is reached.				RM620	Sept 1-Sept 30	
				One moose by permit available in person in Goodnews Bay and Platinum. Season may be announced Dec 1-Mar 31.				RM621	may be announced	
N		no open season								
R	18	remainder (includes Lower Yukon hunt area)	OR	Three moose, only one of which may be an antlered bull, no person may take a calf, or a cow accompanied by a calf				HT	Aug 1-Sept 30	
				Three antlerless moose					Oct 1-Nov 30	
				Three moose					Dec 1-Apr 30	
N			OR	One antlered bull					Sept 1-Sept 30	
				One antlerless moose					Dec 1-Mar 15	
Muskox •Muskox locking-tag required; resident fee reduced to \$25 for Registration hunts. •In all hunts evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.										
B	18	Nunivak Island	OR	One bull by permit				DX001	Aug 1-Sept 30	
				One bull by permit				DX003	Jan 15-Mar 31	
				One cow by permit available in person at ADF&G in Bethel on July 22, 8 a.m.		Permits issued on a first-come first-served basis, up to 5 permits available		RX060	Aug 1-Sept 30	
				One cow by permit available in person at ADF&G in Bethel on Jan 6, 8 a.m. and Mekoryuk beginning Jan 6, 6:30a.m.		Permits issued on a first-come first-served basis, number of permits to be announced		RX061	Jan 15-Mar 31	
B	18	Nelson Island	OR	One bull by permit		Permit available in person in Nightmute Jan 13 at 6:30am. Number of permits to be announced. Only one permit per household.		RX070	Feb 1-Mar 31	
				One cow by permit				RX071		
B	18	remainder	no open season							
Wolf •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. •No nonresident locking-tag required.										
B	18	Ten wolves							Aug 10-Apr 30	
Wolverine •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.										
B	18	Two wolverines							Sept 1-Mar 31	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

In Unit 18, taking game under provisions of either a hunting or trapping license using a shotgun or using loose shot in a muzzleloading firearm is ONLY ALLOWED using nontoxic shot size T (.20" diameter) or smaller, and hunters may not be in immediate possession of lead shot. Lead shot size T (.20" diameter) or smaller is prohibited.

State restricted areas:

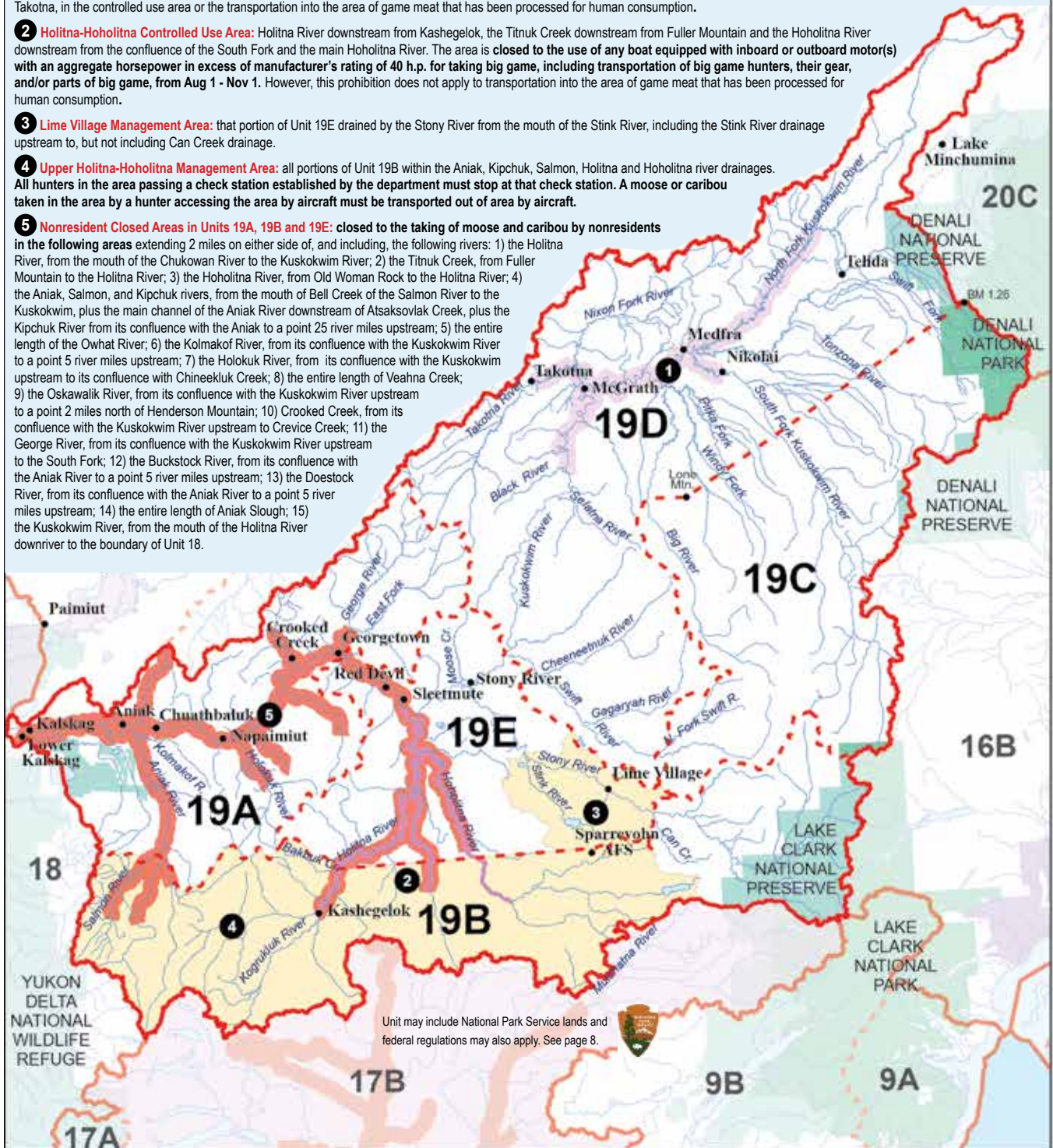
1 Upper Kuskokwim Controlled Use Area: that portion of Unit 19D extending 2 miles on either side of, and including, the Kuskokwim River, upstream from the mouth of the Black River to the mouth of the Swift Fork, 2 miles on either side of, and including, the Takotna River, from the mouth of the Takotna River to Takotna, and 2 miles on either side of, and including, the South Fork from the mouth of the South Fork to Nikolai. The area is **closed to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of any moose hunter, their hunting gear and/or moose parts Sept 1- Sept 25**. However, this does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter, their hunting gear, or moose parts by aircraft between publicly owned airports, including McGrath, Medfra, Nikolai, and Takotna, in the controlled use area or the transportation into the area of game meat that has been processed for human consumption.

2 Holitna-Hoholitna Controlled Use Area: Holitna River downstream from Kashegelo, the Titnuk Creek downstream from Fuller Mountain and the Hoholitna River downstream from the confluence of the South Fork and the main Hoholitna River. The area is **closed to the use of any boat equipped with inboard or outboard motor(s) with an aggregate horsepower in excess of manufacturer's rating of 40 h.p. for taking big game, including transportation of big game hunters, their gear, and/or parts of big game, from Aug 1 - Nov 1**. However, this prohibition does not apply to transportation into the area of game meat that has been processed for human consumption.

3 Lime Village Management Area: that portion of Unit 19E drained by the Stony River from the mouth of the Stink River, including the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including Can Creek drainage.

4 Upper Holitna-Hoholitna Management Area: all portions of Unit 19B within the Aniak, Kipchuk, Salmon, Holitna and Hoholitna river drainages. All hunters in the area passing a check station established by the department must stop at that check station. A moose or caribou taken in the area by a hunter accessing the area by aircraft must be transported out of area by aircraft.

5 Nonresident Closed Areas in Units 19A, 19B and 19E: closed to the taking of moose and caribou by nonresidents in the following areas extending 2 miles on either side of, and including, the following rivers: 1) the Holitna River, from the mouth of the Chukowan River to the Kuskokwim River; 2) the Titnuk Creek, from Fuller Mountain to the Holitna River; 3) the Hoholitna River, from Old Woman Rock to the Holitna River; 4) the Aniak, Salmon, and Kipchuk rivers, from the mouth of Bell Creek of the Salmon River to the Kuskokwim, plus the main channel of the Aniak River downstream of Atsakovik Creek, plus the Kipchuk River from its confluence with the Aniak to a point 25 river miles upstream; 5) the entire length of the Owhat River; 6) the Kolmakof River, from its confluence with the Kuskokwim River to a point 5 river miles upstream; 7) the Holokuk River, from its confluence with the Kuskokwim upstream to its confluence with Chineekuk Creek; 8) the entire length of Veahna Creek; 9) the Oskawalik River, from its confluence with the Kuskokwim River upstream to a point 2 miles north of Henderson Mountain; 10) Crooked Creek, from its confluence with the Kuskokwim River upstream to Crevice Creek; 11) the George River, from its confluence with the Kuskokwim River upstream to the South Fork; 12) the Buckstock River, from its confluence with the Aniak River to a point 5 river miles upstream; 13) the Doestock River, from its confluence with the Aniak River to a point 5 river miles upstream; 14) the entire length of Aniak Slough; 15) the Kuskokwim River, from the mouth of the Holitna River downriver to the boundary of Unit 18.



Unit 19

McGrath

Region 3

0 25 50 Miles

Game Management Units Legend

- Closed Areas
- Controlled Use Areas
- Management Areas
- State Refuges, Sanctuaries, & Critical Habitat Areas
- Other State Lands
- National Parks
- National Preserves & Other Federal Lands
- Unit Boundary
- Subunit Boundary
- Roads
- Railroads
- Trails

Unit 19 McGrath

State restricted
areas on pg. 99

Unit 19: the Kuskokwim River drainage upstream, excluding the drainages of Arhymot Lake, from a line starting at the outlet of Arhymot Lake at Crooked Creek (locally known as Johnson River), then along the south bank of Crooked Creek downstream to the northern terminus of Crooked Creek to the Yukon-Kuskokwim Portage (locally known as the Mud Creek Tramway), then along the west side of the tramway to Mud Creek, then along the westerly bank of Mud Creek downstream to an unnamed slough of the Kuskokwim River (locally known as First Slough or Kalskag Slough), then along the west bank of this unnamed slough downstream to its confluence with the Kuskokwim River, then southeast across the Kuskokwim River to its southerly bank, then along the south bank of the Kuskokwim River upriver to the confluence of a Kuskokwim River slough locally known as Old River, then across Old River to the downriver terminus of the island formed by Old River and the Kuskokwim River, then along the north bank of the main channel of Old River to Igyalleq Creek (Whitefish Creek), then along the south and west bank of Igyalleq Creek to Whitefish Lake, then directly across Whitefish Lake to Ophir Creek then along the west bank of Ophir Creek to its headwaters at 61° 10.22' N. lat., 159° 46.05' W. long.;

Unit 19A: that portion of Unit 19 in the Kuskokwim River drainage downstream from and including the George River drainage, and downstream from and excluding the Downey Creek drainage;

Unit 19B: that portion of Unit 19 in the Aniak River drainage upstream from and including the Salmon River drainage, the Holitna River drainage upstream from and including the Bakbuk Creek drainage, that area south of a line from the mouth of Bakbuk Creek to the radar dome at Sparrevohn Air Force Base, including the Hoholitna River drainage upstream from that line, and the Stony River drainage upstream from and including the Can Creek drainage;

Unit 19C: that portion of Unit 19 south and east of a line from Benchmark M#1.26 (approximately 1.26 miles south of the northwest corner of the original Mt. McKinley National Park boundary) to the peak of Lone Mountain, then due west to Big River, including the Big River drainage upstream from that line, and including the Swift River drainage upstream from and including the North Fork drainage;

Unit 19D: that portion of Unit 19 in the Kuskokwim River drainage upstream from and including the Swift River drainage, excluding Unit 19C;

Unit 19E: the remainder of Unit 19.

A portion of this unit is within a predator control area; see special regulations online at hunt.alaska.gov.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear •See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.								
B	19	Five bears					no closed season	
Brown/ Grizzly Bear •No resident locking-tag required. •See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. •Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. •Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.								
R	19	Two bears every regulatory year					no closed season	
N							Aug 10-June 30	
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations apply to the following “Residents Only” hunts (see pg. 25)								
R	19A	downstream of and including the Aniak River drainage	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Galena, Fairbanks, and McGrath beginning July 8			RB601	no closed season	
R	19B	Aniak River drainage	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Galena, Fairbanks, and McGrath beginning July 8			RB601	no closed season	
Bison •Nonresidents can only win one bison permit per lifetime. •Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption.								
R	19C 19D	One bison every ten regulatory years by permit					DI351	Aug 22-Oct 10
N		One bison per lifetime by permit						
R		One bull every ten regulatory years by permit					DI352	Mar 1-Mar 31
N		One bull per lifetime by permit						
Caribou •Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see pg. 12. •Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. •In bag limit, “caribou” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means male caribou. •In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.								
R	19A 19B	One caribou by permit					RC503	no open season
N	19E							no open season
B	19C	One bull					HT	Aug 10-Sept 20

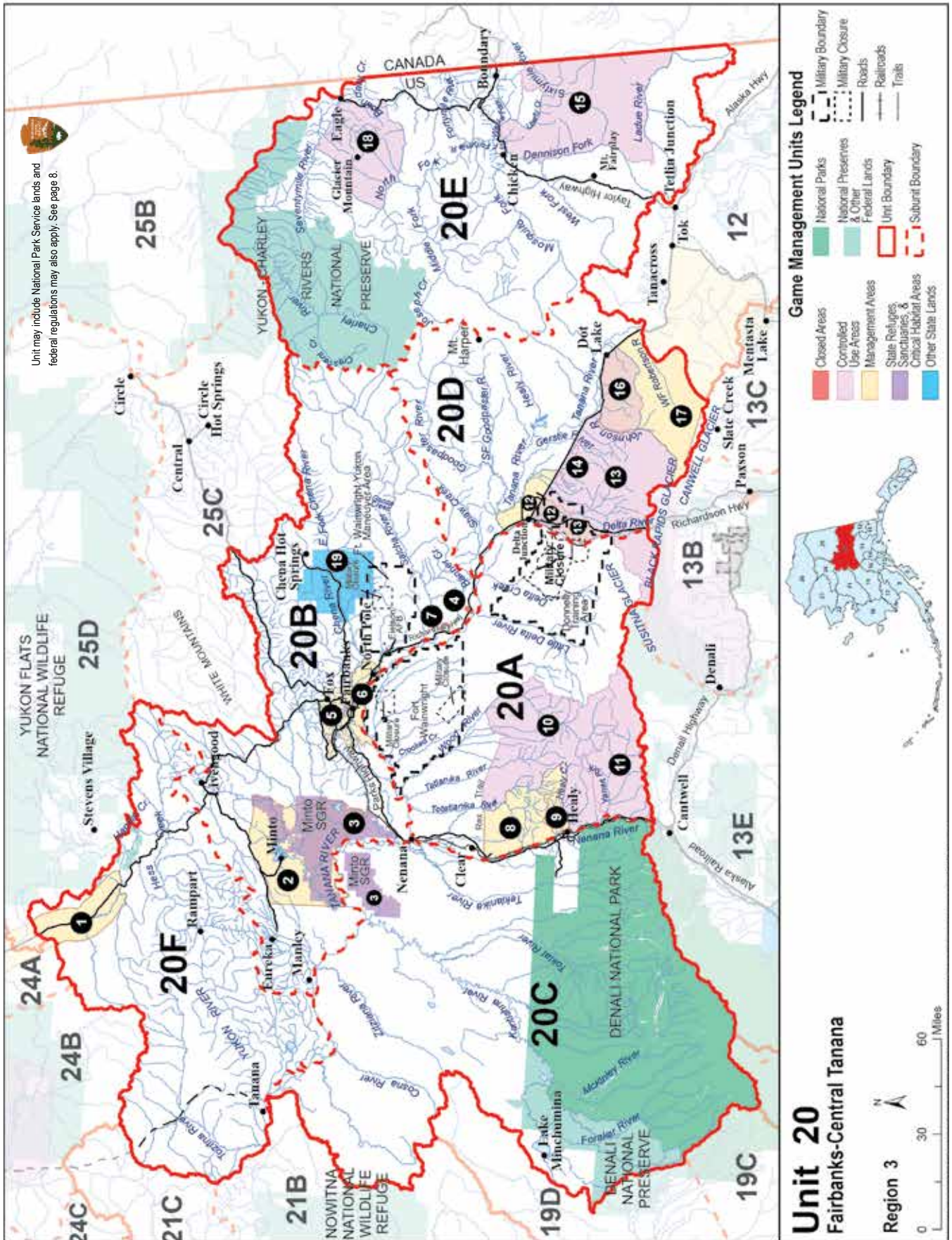
*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Caribou continued							
B	19D	One bull				HT	Aug 10-Sept 20
R		One bull by permit available in person at license vendors in McGrath, Nikolai, and Takotna beginning Jan 15				RC795	Feb 1-Feb 28
Moose • Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.							
R	19A	One antlered bull by permit				TM680	Aug 25-Sept 20
R	19B	within the Nonresident Closed Area	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side			HT	Sept 1-Sept 20
R	19B remainder	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side				HT	Sept 1-Sept 20
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side.					Sept 5-Sept 20
R	19C	west of the South Fork Kuskokwim, East of the Windy Fork Kuskokwim and north of a line between 62° 24' N, 154° 7' W and 62° 30' N, 153° 32' W	OR	One bull with spike-fork antlers 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov , or in person in McGrath, Anchorage, Fairbanks and Palmer beginning Aug 4 at 9am	Permits issued on a first-come, first-served basis	RM653	Sept 1-Sept 20
				One bull by permit available in person in McGrath and Nikolai beginning Jan 15; aircraft prohibited Jan 1-Feb 28		RM655	Feb 1-Feb 28
N							One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit.
R	19C remainder	OR	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	HT	Sept 1-Sept 20		
			One bull by permit	DM656			
					One bull by permit available in person in McGrath and Nikolai beginning Jan 15. Aircraft prohibited Jan 1-Feb 28.	RM655	Feb 1-Feb 28
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	HT	Sept 1-Sept 20		
R	19D	upstream from Selatna River	One antlered bull by permit available in person in McGrath, Nikolai, and Takotna July 20-Aug 14			RM650	Sept 1-Sept 25
N			no open season				
R			excluding 2 miles on either side from the mouth of the Selatna River upstream to the confluence of the South Fork and the North Fork of the Kuskokwim River, and 2 miles either side from the mouth of the South Fork to Nikolai, and 2 miles either side of the Takotna River from the mouth to the bridge at Takotna	One antlered bull	HT	Sept 1-Sept 25	
N			no open season				
R			excluding Black River drainage and Selatna River drainage	One bull by permit available in person in McGrath, Nikolai, and Takotna Jan 15.		RM660	Feb 1-Feb 28
N			no open season				

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Moose continued										
R	19D	downstream from and including Selatna River, excluding Cheeneetnuk and Gagaryah river drainages and 2 miles of the Swift River				One antlered bull by permit available in person in McGrath, Nikolai, and Takotna July 20-Aug 14		RM650	Sept 1-Sept 25	
						One antlered bull		HT	Sept 1-Sept 20	
N						no open season				
R	19D	remainder (between and including the Cheeneetnuk and Gagaryah river drainages, excluding within 2 miles of the Swift River)		OR	One antlered bull by permit available in person in McGrath, Nikolai, and Takotna July 20-Aug 14		RM650	Sept 1-Sept 25		
N					One antlered bull		HT	Sept 1-Sept 20		
				One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side						
R	19E	Lime Village Management Area		Two bulls by permit			TM684	Aug 10-Sept 25 Nov 20-Mar 31		
N								no open season		
R	19E	remainder	One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov , or in Sleetmute and Stony River July 13-31		Permits issued on a first-come first-served basis, number of permits to be announced		RM682	Sept 1-Sept 10		
N								no open season		
Sheep - Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. - Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. - Horns must accompany meat from the field. - All sheep must be sealed within 30 days of kill. - See definition of 3/4 and full-curl horn and drawings on pg. 33.										
R	19A	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only						HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
N	19B	One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only								
R	19D	One ram with full-curl horn or larger								
N	19E	One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years								
R	19C	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only						no open season		
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only								
R		One ram with full-curl horn or larger						DS196	Aug 10-Sept 20	
N		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years						DS197 DS198		
R		One ram with 3/4 curl horn or less, excluding rams with both tips broken, by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in McGrath and Nikolai beginning Sept 29. Check in/out required due to small quota; aircraft prohibited; contact McGrath at (907) 524-3323.						RS380	Oct 1-Apr 30	
Wolf - Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. - No nonresident locking-tag required.										
B	19	Ten wolves							Aug 1-Apr 30	
Wolverine Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.										
B	19	One wolverine							Sept 1-Mar 31	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Unit 20 Fairbanks-Central Tanana

State restricted
areas on pgs. 104-106

Unit 20: The Yukon River drainage upstream from and including the Tozitna River drainage to and including the Hamlin Creek drainage, drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage, the Ladue River and Fortymile River drainages, and the Tanana River drainage north of Unit 13 and downstream from the east bank of the Robertson River;

Unit 20A: that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the south by the Unit 13 boundary, bounded on the east by the west bank of the Delta River, bounded on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Delta River downstream to its confluence with the Nenana River, and bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River including Seventeen Mile Slough and Lost Slough;

Unit 20B: that portion of Unit 20 in drainages into the north bank of Tanana River from and including Hot Springs Slough upstream to and including Banner Creek drainage;

Unit 20C: that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Nenana River including Seventeen Mile Slough and Lost Slough and on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River downstream from the Nenana River;

Unit 20D: that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Robertson River and on the west by the west bank of Delta River, and drainages into the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Robertson River downstream to, but excluding, the Banner Creek drainage;

Unit 20E: that portion of Unit 20 in drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage and the Ladue River drainage;

Unit 20F: the remainder of Unit 20.

A portion of this unit is within a predator control area; see special regulations online at hunt.alaska.gov.

Army impact areas permanently closed, call (907) 361-9686 for information. Unexploded ordnance may be present in portions of Unit 20A, 20B, and 20D. More information is available at <https://usartrak.isportsman.net/>

State restricted areas in Unit 20 (see corresponding numbers on map, page 103):

1 Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area (DHCMA): Units 20 and 24-26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway, including the drivable surface of the Dalton Highway, from the Yukon River to the Arctic Ocean, and including the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area. **The area within the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area is closed to the taking of big game; the remainder of the DHCMA is closed to hunting; however, big game, small game, and fur animals may be taken in the area by bow and arrow only, and small game may be taken by falconry. Any hunter traveling on the Dalton Highway must stop at any check station operated by the department within the DHCMA.** Hunting with firearms is prohibited by statute. Motorized vehicle restrictions exist, contact AKDOT and land managers for details.

2 Minto Flats Management Area: Unit 20B bounded by Elliott Highway beginning at Mile 118, then northeasterly to mile 96, then east to the Tolovana Hotsprings Dome, then east to the Winter Cat Trail, then along the Cat Trail south to the Old Telegraph Trail at Dunbar, then westerly along the trail to a point where it joins the Tanana River three miles upstream from Old Minto, then along the north bank of the Tanana River (including all channels and sloughs except Swan Neck Slough*), to the confluence of the Tanana and Tolovana Rivers and then northerly to the point of beginning. (*Note: The area between Swan Neck Slough and the Tanana River is within the Minto Flats Management Area.) **Aircraft or airboats may not be used for moose hunting or to transport moose, moose hunters or moose hunting equipment within the Management Area.**

3 Minto Flats State Game Refuge: Use of four-wheelers and other wheeled/tracked vehicles is generally prohibited within the refuge. Individuals with private inholdings may be permitted to use vehicles on authorized routes only for access to and from inholdings. However, a General (public) Permit has been issued authorizing the 'non-winter' use of fully-tracked vehicles with a curb weight of 1,500 pounds or less and a ground contact pressure rating of 2.0 pounds per square inch or less on limited portions of the refuge (described in the permit) from May 1 through October 14. The 'winter' use of tracked or wheeled (non-highway) vehicles is authorized refuge-wide from October 15 through April 30, provided there is sufficient snow cover, ground frost, and frozen water surfaces to prevent penetration of, or disturbance to, the soil surface, vegetation root system, and water quality. This is only a synopsis of the general permit. To view the refuge management plan, refuge map, and the general permit for a description of the refuge boundary and additional permit restrictions and authorizations visit our Conservation Areas website at <http://www.adfg.alaska.gov/index.cfm?adfg=mintoflats.main>. For further information on the refuge or other Special Areas contact the ADF&G, Habitat Section, Fairbanks office (907) 459-7289.

4 Lost Lake (Mile 306.1 Richardson Highway) Closed Area: the area within 1/2 mile of the lake is **closed to the taking of big game with firearms and crossbows.**

5 Creamer's Field Migratory Waterfowl Refuge: In this portion of Unit 20B **hunting and trapping are allowed by registration only.** The department may use its discretionary authority to implement the management plan for the refuge. **Weapons restrictions and motorized vehicle restrictions apply.**

6 Fairbanks Management Area: that portion of Unit 20B bounded by a line from the confluence of Rosie Creek and the Tanana River, northerly along Rosie Creek to the middle fork of Rosie Creek through section 26 to the Parks Highway, then east along the Parks Highway to Alder Creek, then upstream along Alder Creek to its confluence with Emma Creek, then upstream along Emma Creek to its headwaters, then northerly along the hydrographic divide between Goldstream Creek drainages and Cripple Creek drainages to the summit of Ester Dome, then down Sheep Creek to its confluence with Goldstream Creek, then easterly along Goldstream Creek to Sheep Creek Road, then north on Sheep Creek Road to Murphy Dome Road, then west on Murphy Dome Road to Old Murphy Dome Road, then east on Old Murphy Dome Road to the Elliot Highway, then south on the Elliot Highway to Davidson Ditch, then southeasterly along the Davidson Ditch to its confluence with the tributary to Goldstream Creek in Section 29, then downstream along the tributary to its confluence with Goldstream Creek, then in a straight line to First Chance Creek, then up First Chance Creek to the summit of Tungsten Hill, then southerly along Steele Creek to its intersection with the Trans-Alaska Pipeline right-of-way, then southeasterly along the easterly edge of the Trans-Alaska Pipeline right-of-way to the Chena River, then along the north bank of the Chena River to the Moose Creek dike, then southerly along the Moose Creek dike to its intersection with the Tanana River, and then westerly along the north bank of the Tanana River to the point of beginning. **The area is open to moose hunting by bow and arrow only and Creamer's Field is also open to muzzleloaders.**

7 Birch Lake (Mi. 306 Richardson Highway) & Harding Lake (Mi. 319 Richardson Highway) Closed Area: the area within 1/2 mile of these lakes is closed to taking big game.

8 Ferry Trail Management Area: Unit 20A bounded on the north by the Rex Trail; bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River from its intersection with the Rex Trail south to the divide forming the north boundary of the Lignite Creek drainage; bounded on the south by that divide easterly and southerly to the headwaters of Sanderson Creek at Usibelli Peak, then along a southwesterly line to the confluence of Healy Creek and Coal Creek, then upstream easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to the north fork of Healy Creek, then along the north fork of Healy Creek to its headwaters; bounded on the east by a straight line from the headwaters of Healy Creek to the headwaters of Dexter Creek, then along Dexter Creek to the Totatlanika River, then down the east bank of the Totatlanika River to the Rex Trail. **Open to caribou hunting by permit only.**

9 Healy-Lignite Management Area: Unit 20A that includes the entire Lignite Creek drainage, and that portion of the Nenana River drainage south of the Lignite Creek drainage and north of a boundary beginning at the confluence of the Nenana River and Healy Creek, then easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to its confluence with Coal Creek, then northeasterly to the headwaters of Sanderson Creek at Usibelli Peak. **Open to hunting by bow and arrow only, small game may also be taken by falconry and shotgun.**

10 Wood River Controlled Use Area: Unit 20A bounded on the north by the south side of the Rex Trail beginning at its intersection with the east bank of the Totatlanika River, then easterly along the Rex Trail to Gold King airstrip, then from Gold King airstrip along the trail's extension along the north side of Japan Hills to the Wood River; bounded on the east by the east bank of the Wood River, including the Wood River drainage upstream from and including the Snow Mountain Gulch Creek drainage; bounded on the south by the divide separating the Yanert River drainage from the drainages of the Healy Creek, Moody Creek, Montana Creek, and the Wood River; and bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River from the divide separating the drainage of the Yanert River and Montana Creek north to Healy Creek, then easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to the north fork of Healy Creek, then along the north fork of Healy Creek to its headwaters, then along a straight line to the headwaters of Dexter Creek, then along the east bank of Dexter Creek to the Totatlanika River, and then down the east bank of the Totatlanika River to the Rex Trail. **The area is closed to the use of any motorized vehicle, except aircraft for big game hunting including the transportation of any big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game, Aug 1-Sept 30; however, this does not prohibit motorized access via, or transportation of game on, the Parks Highway or the transportation into the area of game meat that has been processed for human consumption.**

11 Yanert Controlled Use Area: Unit 20A drained by the Nenana River upstream from and including the Yanert Fork drainage. The area is **closed to any motorized vehicle, except aircraft, for big game hunting, including transportation of big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game Aug 1-Oct 31. However, this does not prohibit motorized access via, and transportation of game on, the Parks Highway or the transportation into the area of game meat that has been processed for human consumption.**

12 Delta Junction Management Area: Unit 20D bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of Donnelly Creek and the Delta River, then up Donnelly Creek to Richardson Highway (MP 238), then north along the east side of the highway to the "12-mile crossing trail" (Mile 252.4) then east along the south side of the "12-mile crossing trail" and across Jarvis Creek to the 33-mile loop road, then northeast along the 33-mile loop road to the intersection with the Alaska Highway (MP 1414), then southeast along the north side of the Alaska Highway to the bridge at Sawmill Creek (MP 1403.9), then down the west bank of Sawmill Creek to its confluence with Clearwater Creek and down the south bank of Clearwater Creek to its confluence with the Tanana River, then down the Tanana River to its confluence with the Delta River, and upstream along the east bank of the Delta River to the point of beginning at Donnelly Creek, the area is **open to moose hunting by permit only.**

13 Delta Controlled Use Area: those portions of Units 13B, 20A, and 20D beginning at the confluence of Miller Creek and the Delta River then west to Vertical Angle Bench mark (VABM) Miller, then west to include all drainages of Augustana Creek and Black Rapids Glacier, then north and east to include all drainages of McGinnis Creek to its confluence with the Delta River, then east in a straight line across the Delta River to the east bank of the Delta River, then north along the east bank to a point opposite the intersection of the Alaska and Richardson highways then east in a straight line to the intersection of the Alaska and Richardson highways, then east along the Alaska Highway, to the west bank of the Johnson River, then south along the west bank of the Johnson River and Johnson Glacier to the head of the Canwell Glacier, then west along the north bank of the Canwell Glacier, and Miller Creek to the Delta River. The area is **closed to any motorized vehicle or pack animal for big game hunting, including the transportation of big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game, Aug 5-25.** However, this does not prohibit motorized access to the area for hunting, or transportation of game on the Richardson Highway, or the use of aircraft at the Charlie Boyd airstrip (63° 29' 30" N. lat., 144° 50' 45" W. long.) along the Johnson River.

14 Bison Range Controlled Use Area: the area consists of 2 field complexes within the Delta Junction Bison Range in Unit 20D as follows: (i) the Panoramic Field hunting area is located ¾ mile south of the Alaska Highway between MP 1404.0 and 1407.6, and bounded by a line beginning at the northeast corner (latitude/longitude 63° 53.299'/145° 14.714'), then northwest 3.5 miles to 63°54.956'/145°20.767', then southwest 2.4 miles to 63°53.206'/145°23.232', then southeast 1.5 miles to 63° 52.537'/145° 20.758', then northeast 1.0 mile to 63° 53.301'/145° 19.659', then southeast 2.0 miles to 63° 52.330'/145°16.075', then northeast 1.0 miles to the beginning point; and (ii) the Gerstle Field hunting area is located ¾ mile south of the Alaska Highway between MP 1394.1 and 1396.8, and bounded by a line beginning at the northeast corner (latitude/longitude 63°48.984'/144°57.766'), then northwest 2.9 miles to 63°50.242'/145°02.874', then southwest 1.1 miles to 63°49.102'/145°04.197', then southeast 2.3 miles to 63°48.239'/145°00.339', then northeast 1.6 miles to the beginning point. **The area is closed to motorized vehicles for hunting July 1-Sept 30, including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear or parts of game, in the area.**

15 Ladue River Controlled Use Area: Unit 20E bounded on the west by the east bank of the Dennison Fork of the Fortymile River from its confluence with the South Fork of the Fortymile River upstream to the confluence with the unnamed creek that drains north from Son Mountain, then south along the east bank of this creek to the top of Son Mountain; on the south by a straight line east from the top of Son Mountain to the north bank of the Ladue River, then along the north bank of the Ladue River to the U.S./Canada border; on the east by the U.S./Canada border; and on the north from the intersection of the U.S./Canada border and the divide on the north side of the mainstem of the Sixtymile drainage, then westerly along this divide to the unnamed tributary of Liberty Creek at N 63° 53.630', W 141° 15.370', then downstream along the south bank of the unnamed tributary to its confluence with the mainstem of Liberty Creek, then downstream along the south bank of Liberty Creek to the confluence with the Walker Fork of the Fortymile River then downstream along the west bank of the Walker Fork of the Fortymile River, to the Taylor Highway then westerly along the Taylor Highway to the Taylor Highway bridge over the South Fork of the Fortymile River, then upstream along the east bank of the South Fork of the Fortymile River to the confluence with

the Dennison Fork of the Fortymile River; **the area is closed to the use of any motorized land vehicle for hunting, including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, Aug 24-Sept 20.** However, this does not prohibit motorized access or transportation of game on the Nine Mile and Liberty Creek trails, U.S./Canada border, or the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor Highway or the transportation into the area of game meat that has been processed for human consumption; the Nine Mile Trail as referenced in this regulation refers to the single primary ATV trail beginning along the Taylor Highway at 63° 24.233' N. lat., 142° 28.422' W. long., entering the western portion of the defined controlled use area at 63° 23.879' N. lat., 142° 09.073' W. long. and terminating at 63° 32.420' N. lat., 141° 27.995' W. long., only the single primary trail including connected bypasses no more than 20 feet.

16 Macomb Plateau Controlled Use Area: Unit 20D, south of the Alaska Highway, draining into the south side of the Tanana River between the east bank of the Johnson River upstream to Prospect Creek, and the east bank of Bear Creek (Mile 1357.3). The area is **closed to any motorized vehicle for hunting including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, from August 10-Sept 30 except for a floatplane on Fish Lake, and motorized vehicles, including aircraft, to, from, and on the Dry Creek Airstrip at Mile 1379 Alaska Highway or the transportation into the area of game meat that has been processed for human consumption.**

17 Tok Management Area: portions of Units 12, 13C, and 20D bounded by a line along the Alaska Highway east from the west side of the Johnson River bridge to Tok Junction, then south along the Tok-Slana Cutoff (Glenn Highway) to the Slana River, then west along the north bank of the Slana River to its confluence with Lost Creek, then up the north side of Lost Creek to the divide between Lost Creek and Jack Creek, then north to the Unit 12 boundary then west along the Unit 12 boundary to Mount Kimball (63° 17' N. lat., 144° 40' W. long.), then west in a straight line to Mount Gakona (63° 17' N. lat., 145° 12' W. long.), then southwesterly to the head of Canwell Glacier, then northerly to the head of the Johnson Glacier, then northerly along the west bank of the Johnson Glacier and Johnson River to the Johnson River Bridge; **the area is open to sheep hunting by permit only.**

18 Glacier Mountain Controlled Use Area: Unit 20E bounded by a line beginning at mile 140 of the Taylor Highway, then north along the highway to Eagle, then west along the cat trail from Eagle to Crooked Creek, then from Crooked Creek southwest along the west bank of Mogul Creek to its headwaters on North Peak, then west across North Peak to the headwaters of Independence Creek, then southwest along the west bank of Independence Creek to its confluence with the North Fork of the Fortymile River, then easterly along the south bank of the North Fork of the Fortymile River to its confluence with Champion Creek, then across the North Fork of the Fortymile River to the south bank of Champion Creek and easterly along the south bank of Champion Creek to its confluence with Little Champion Creek, then northeast along the east bank of Little Champion Creek to its headwaters, then northeasterly in a direct line to mile 140 on the Taylor Highway. The area is **closed to any motorized vehicle for hunting, including transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, during July 26-Sept 20.** However, this does not prohibit motorized access via, or transportation of game on, the Taylor Highway or the transportation into the area of game meat that has been processed for human consumption.

19 Chena River State Recreation Area: Hunting and ORV restrictions apply, call (907) 451-2695 or visit <http://dnr.alaska.gov/parks/> for details.

Unit 20 Fairbanks-Central Tanana

State restricted
areas on pgs. 104-106

Portions of Unit 20F are in DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • In Unit 20B, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached as required.							
B	20	Three bears				HT	no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.							
B	20A 20B remainder	One bear every regulatory year					Sept 1-June 15
B	20B 20C 20F	that portion of the drainage of the Middle (East) Fork of the Chena River and that portion of the Salcha River drainage upstream from and including Goose Creek		One bear every regulatory year			Aug 10-June 30
B	20D	One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Delta Junction, Tok, and Fairbanks beginning July 16				RB640	Aug 10-June 30
B	20E	Two bears every regulatory year					Aug 10-June 30
Bison • Nonresidents can only win one bison permit per lifetime.							
R	20D	One bison every ten regulatory years by permit				DI404	Oct 1-Mar 31
N		One bison per lifetime by permit					
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. • No nonresident locking-tag required.							
B	20C	west of a line beginning at 63° 48.146' N. lat., 148° 59.934' W. long., north to 63° 49.445' N. lat., 148° 59.935' W. long., then west to 63° 49.445' N. lat., 149° 12.699' W. long., then north to 63° 54.642' N. lat., 149° 12.699' W. long., and bounded on the south, west, and north by Denali National Park			OR Ten wolves	Aug 10-Apr 15	
B	20 remainder					Ten wolves	Aug 1-Apr 30
Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	20	One wolverine					Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "D or Y" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

Fortymile Caribou Hunt Zones and Information

All Fortymile/White Mountains caribou hunts are subject to openings and closings on short notice.
Call the Fortymile hotline at (907) 267-2310 for information before departing for the field.

Detailed zone descriptions, zone maps, and restricted areas available at hunt.alaska.gov or ADF&G offices in Fairbanks, Tok, Delta Junction, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer.

Zone 1: portions of Units 20B and 25C
Zone 2: portions of Units 20B, 20D, 20E, and 25C
Zone 3: portions of Unit 20E
Zone 4: portions of Units 20B, 20F, and 25C

OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
B	Zones 1 & 3	One caribou (Fall) by permit. Apply in Nov and Dec. Youth hunt only	YC831	Aug 1-Aug 21
	Zones 1, 3 & 4		RC860	Aug 20-Sept 30
	Zone 2	Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Glennallen, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning July 16		Aug 10-Sept 30
R	Zones 1, 2, 3 & 4	One caribou (Winter) by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Glennallen, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Oct 3	RC867	Oct 27-Mar 31

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Caribou • Before hunting the Fortymile Herd, call (907) 267-2310. • Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see pg. 12. • In bag limit, “caribou” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means male caribou. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.							
R	20A	One bull by permit				DC827	Aug 10-Sept 20
N						DC826	
						DC828	
B	20B	east of a line following the Richardson, Steese, Elliott and Dalton highways from Unit 20D boundary to Fairbanks to Unit 20F boundary (Fortymile/White Mtn. herds)	One caribou per lifetime by permit. Youth hunt only		YC831	For additional information, see pg. 107	
			One bull by permit		RC860		
			One caribou by permit		RC867		
R				One caribou by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced.		AC999	may be announced
B	20B remainder	One bull				HT	Aug 10-Sept 20
B	20C						no open season
B	20D	north of the south bank of the Tanana River (Fortymile/White Mtn. herds)	One bull by permit		RC860	For additional information, see pg. 107	
R			One caribou by permit		RC867		
R	20D	south of the Tanana River and east of Jarvis Creek (Macomb Herd)	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Delta Junction, Tok, and Fairbanks beginning Aug 1		RC835	Aug 10-Aug 27	
N							
						no open season	
B	20E	(Fortymile/ White Mtn. Herd)	One caribou per lifetime by permit. Youth hunt only		YC831	For additional information, see pg. 107	
			One bull by permit. May not possess RM865 at the same time as RC860.		RC860		
			One caribou by permit		RC867		
R				One caribou by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced.		AC999	may be announced
B	20F	east of Dalton Hwy and south of Yukon River (Fortymile/White Mtn. herds)	One bull by permit		RC860	For additional information, see pg. 107	
R			One caribou by permit		RC867		
B	20F	west of the Dalton Highway and south of the Yukon River		One bull	HT	Aug 10-Sept 20	
R	20F	north of the Yukon River	One caribou		HT	Aug 10-Mar 31	
N						Aug 10-Sept 30	

*Hunt numbers starting with "A"= Targeted, "D or Y"= Drawing, "HT"= Harvest ticket, "R"= Registration, "T"= Tier II. Pages 14-15.

All Fortymile/White Mountains caribou hunts are subject to openings and closings on short notice. Call the Fortymile hotline at (907) 267-2310 for information before departing for the field.

For detailed zone descriptions, maps, and restricted areas go to
<http://www.adfg.alaska.gov/index.cfm?adfg=caribouhunting.40mile>

Mule deer and white-tailed deer may be harvested. See page 28 for more information.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY		
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON		
Moose		•Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see pg. 12. •Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. •In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. •In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. •Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.							
R	20A Ferry Trail Management Area, Wood River Controlled Use Area, and the Yanert Controlled Use Area	OR	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 1-Sept 25		
One bull by permit			DM770 DM771 DM774						
One antlerless moose by permit. However, no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf			DM641- DM665	no open season					
One bull by muzzleloader only by permit			DM766	Nov 1-Dec 15					
One moose by bow and arrow, crossbow, or shotgun only by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced.			AM751	may be announced					
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 1-Sept 25		
One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by muzzleloader only by permit			DM766	Nov 1-Dec 15					
R	20A remainder	OR	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 1-Sept 25		
One bull by permit			DM768 DM769 DM772 DM773						
One antlerless moose, however, no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf, by permit			DM628- DM639, DM668- DM679	no open season					
One antlerless moose, however, no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf by permit			RM768	no open season					
One moose by bow and arrow, crossbow, or shotgun only by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced.			AM751	may be announced					
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 1-Sept 25		
B	20B within Creamer’s Field Migratory Waterfowl Refuge	OR	One bull with spike-fork antlers or greater antlers by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 1-Sept 30 Nov 21-Nov 27		
One antlerless moose by bow and arrow only by permit			DM786 DM788	Sept 1-Nov 27					
R			One antlerless moose by muzzleloader only by permit			DM789	Dec 1-Jan 31		

*Hunt numbers starting with “D” = Drawing, “HT” = Harvest ticket, “R” = Registration, “T” = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Moose continued							
B	20B remainder of Fairbanks Management Area	One bull with spike-fork or greater antlers by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1				RM781	Sept 1-Sept 30 Nov 21-Nov 27
		One antlerless moose by bow and arrow only by permit				DM786 DM788	Sept 1-Nov 27
R		One moose by bow and arrow, crossbow, or shotgun only by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced.				AM751	may be announced
R	20B within the Minto Flats Management Area	OR	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Aug 21-Aug 27
			One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1				Sept 8-Sept 25
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit			DM784	
R	20B drainage of the Middle (East) Fork of the Chena River	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1				RM781	Sept 1-Sept 25
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1					
B		One bull by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1					
R	20B Salcha River drainage upstream from and including Goose Creek	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1				RM781	Sept 1-Sept 25
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1					
B		One bull by bow and arrow only by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, Tanana, Nenana, and Central beginning July 1					
R	20B southeast of the Moose Creek dike within a half mile of each side of the Richardson Highway except Birch, Harding, and Lost Lake closed areas	OR	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 1-Sept 15
			One moose by bow and arrow, crossbow, or muzzleloader only by permit			DM783	Sept 21-Feb 28
			One moose by bow and arrow, crossbow, or shotgun only by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced.			AM751	may be announced
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 5-Sept 15	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:	R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS			PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Moose continued						
R	20B remainder	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 1-Sept 15
		One moose by bow and arrow, crossbow, or shotgun only by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced.			AM751	may be announced
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 5-Sept 15
R	20C	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1. Youth hunt only			RM781	Aug 25-Aug 31
		One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1				Sept 1-Sept 25
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1				
R	20D	south of the north bank of Tanana River and east of the west bank of Johnson River, excluding that portion within Robertson River drainage south of the confluence of east and west forks, and within 1 mile west of the west fork	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1		RM749	Sept 1-Sept 15
R	20D	within the Robertson River drainage south of the confluence of east and west forks, and within 1 mile west of the west fork	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1		RM749	Sept 1-Sept 15
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1			Sept 5-Sept 15
R	20D	south of the north bank of the Tanana River and west of the west bank of the Johnson River, excluding the Delta Junction Management Area and the Bison Range Controlled Use Area	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1		RM749	Sept 1-Sept 15
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1		RM749	Sept 5-Sept 15
R			One antlerless moose per lifetime, however, no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf, by permit. Youth hunt only		YM763	Sept 16-Sept 25
			One bull per lifetime by permit. Youth hunt only		YM765	
R	20D	within the Bison Range Controlled Use Area	One antlerless moose per lifetime, however, no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf, by permit. Youth hunt only		YM763	Sept 16-Sept 25
			One bull per lifetime by permit. Youth hunt only		YM765	
R	20D	within the Delta Junction Management Area	One bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit		DM790	Sept 1-Sept 15
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit			
B			One moose, however, no person may take a calf or cow accompanied by a calf by permit. Qualified disabled, Purple Heart veterans only		DM795	
R			One antlerless moose per lifetime, however, no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf, by permit. Youth hunt only		YM763	Sept 16-Sept 25
			One bull per lifetime by permit. Youth hunt only		YM765	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D or Y" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Moose continued							
R	20D within the Healy River drainage	OR One bull with spike-fork antlers by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1 One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1				RM749	Aug 15-Aug 28
N		One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1					Sept 1-Sept 20
B		20D north of the north bank of the Tanana River including the Volkmar River drainage, east to include the Billy Creek drainage, excluding the Healy River drainage	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1		RM749		Sept 1-Sept 20
B	20D remainder	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, and Tok beginning July 1				RM749	Sept 1-Sept 15
R	20E	drainages of the Middle Fork of the Fortymile River upstream from and including the Joseph Creek drainage	One bull			HT	Aug 24-Aug 28 Sept 8-Sept 17
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side				Sept 8-Sept 17
R	20E	Ladue Controlled Use Area, excluding that portion within the 1) Dennison River drainage upstream of the East Fork and downstream of Cement Creek, and 2) Liberty Creek drainage downstream of Tom Paine Creek, and 3) Ladue River drainage upstream of the mouth of the South Fork	One bull by permit			DM794	Nov 1-Dec 10
			One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, and Fairbanks beginning July 30. May not possess RC860 at the same time as RM865			RM865	Aug 24-Aug 28 Sept 8-Sept 17
N	One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, and Fairbanks beginning July 30. May not possess RC860 at the same time as RM865			RM865	Sept 8-Sept 17		
R	20E	remainder	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, and Fairbanks beginning July 30. May not possess RC860 at same time as RM865			RM865	Aug 24-Aug 28 Sept 8-Sept 17
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, and Fairbanks beginning July 30. May not possess RC860 at the same time as RM865				Sept 8-Sept 17
R	20F	Yukon River drainage downstream from, but not including, the Hess Creek and Tanana River drainage	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 5-Sept 25 Dec 1-Dec 15
R	20F	Tanana River drainage	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 5-Sept 25
R	20F	remainder	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1			RM781	Sept 1-Sept 15

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OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Sheep		• <i>Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger.</i> • <i>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10.</i> • <i>Horns must accompany meat from the field.</i> • <i>See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on pg. 33.</i> • <i>Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.</i>						
B	20D	within Tok Management Area	One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit			DS102	Aug 10-Sept 20	
R	20A 20D	portions within Delta Controlled Use Area	One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit			DS203	Aug 10-Aug 25	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit			DS207		
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit			DS204	Aug 26-Sept 20	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit			DS004 DS205		
R	20D	north of the Alaska Highway; and north and west of the north bank of the Middle Fork of the Fortymile River upstream from and including the Joseph Creek drainage	One ram with full-curl horn or larger by permit			DS206	Aug 10-Sept 20	
N	20E		One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit					
B	20E	that portion within the Glacier Mountain Controlled Use Area				no open season		
R	20	remainder	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only			HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only					
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger				Aug 10-Sept 20	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years					

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

WING COLLECTIONS: Grouse and Ptarmigan Hunters

ADF&G is asking for your help in the collection of wings, tails, and heads from hunter harvested grouse and ptarmigan. These samples allow biologists to better understand sex and age structure of the harvest which is important for managing these valuable resources.

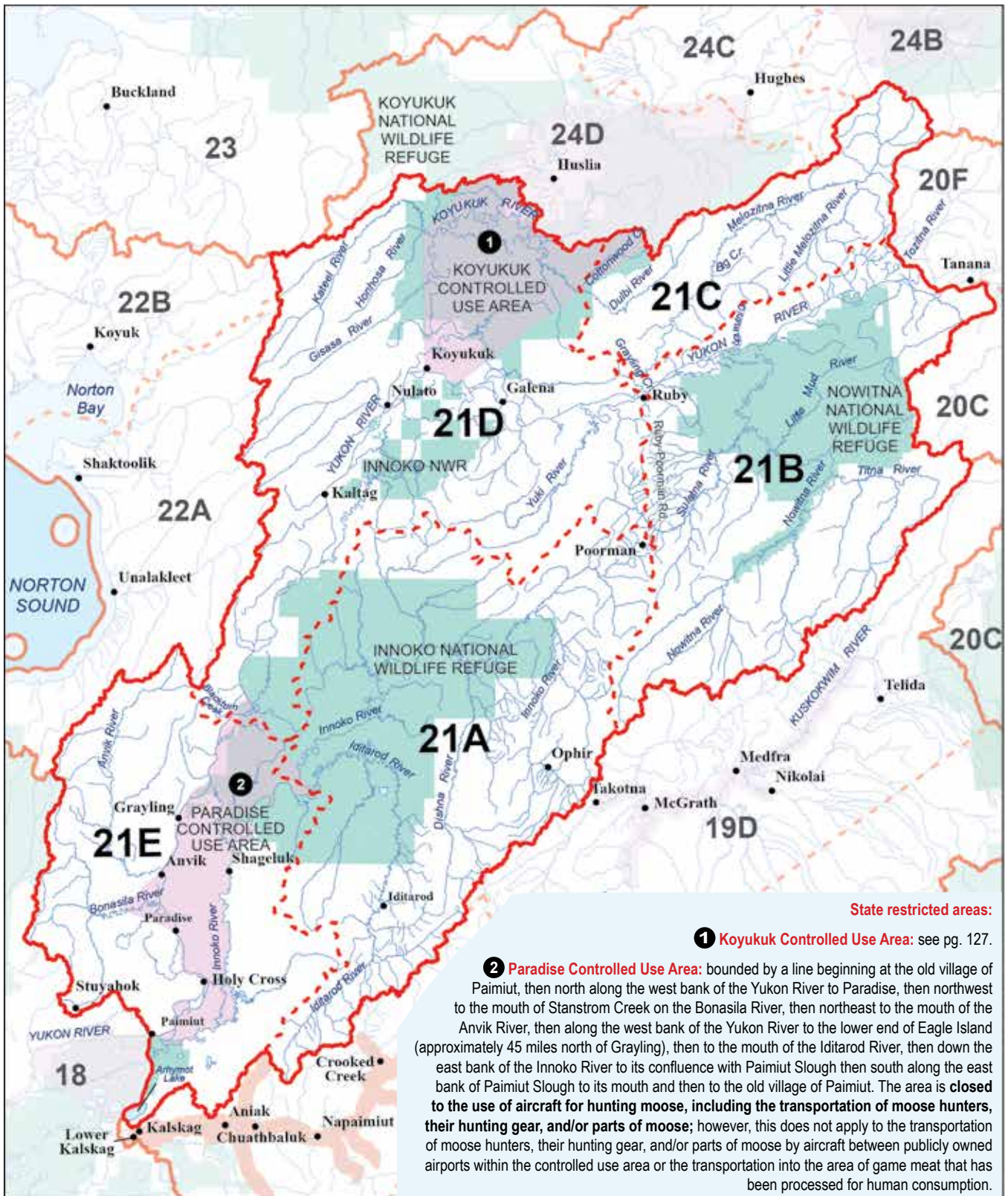
If you are interested in helping, please:

- Remove from each bird:
 - One clean and intact wing (grouse and ptarmigan)
 - Tail fan (ONLY grouse), head (ONLY ptarmigan)
- Place the wing and tail/head in a wing bag (available at your local ADF&G office) or other paper bag.
- Record approximate location and date of harvest on the bag. Include contact information if you would like the results of your samples returned.
- Wings can be taken to your nearest ADF&G office at your convenience OR mailed directly to:

Alaska Dept. of Fish and Game ATTN: Small Game Program 1801 S Margaret Dr, Ste 2 Palmer, AK 99645 (postage paid return envelopes also available at ADF&G offices)	OR	Alaska Dept. of Fish and Game ATTN: Small Game Program 1300 College Road Fairbanks, AK 99701
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- The results of your samples will be returned to you quickly and a final report summarizing the status of small game will be sent to you or available online (<http://smallgame.adfg.alaska.gov>) by early summer for your review.



Your efforts will have a direct impact on understanding the fall harvest composition and age structure of these unique and valuable resources. Thank you!



State restricted areas:

① **Koyukuk Controlled Use Area:** see pg. 127.

② **Paradise Controlled Use Area:** bounded by a line beginning at the old village of Paimiut, then north along the west bank of the Yukon River to Paradise, then northwest to the mouth of Stanstrom Creek on the Bonasila River, then northeast to the mouth of the Anvik River, then along the west bank of the Yukon River to the lower end of Eagle Island (approximately 45 miles north of Grayling), then to the mouth of the Iditarod River, then down the east bank of the Innoko River to its confluence with Paimiut Slough then south along the east bank of Paimiut Slough to its mouth and then to the old village of Paimiut. The area is **closed to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including the transportation of moose hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of moose;** however, this does not apply to the transportation of moose hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of moose by aircraft between publicly owned airports within the controlled use area or the transportation into the area of game meat that has been processed for human consumption.

Game Management Units Legend

Closed Areas	National Parks	Roads
Controlled Use Areas	National Preserves & Other Federal Lands	Railroads
Management Areas	Unit Boundary	Trails
State Refuges, Sanctuaries, & Critical Habitat Areas	Subunit Boundary	
Other State Lands		

Unit 21

Middle Yukon

Region 3

0 25 50 Miles



Unit 21 Middle Yukon

State restricted
areas on pg. 114

Unit 21: drainages into the Yukon River and Arhymot Lake upstream from a line starting at the downriver boundary of Paimiut on the north bank of the Yukon River then south across the Yukon River to the northern terminus of the Paimiut Portage, then south along the Portage to its intersection with Arhymot Lake, then south along the northern and western bank of Arhymot Lake to the outlet at Crooked Creek (locally known as Johnson River) drainage then to, but not including, the Tozitna River drainage on the north bank, and to but not including the Tanana River drainage on the south bank, and excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage;

Unit 21A: that portion of Unit 21 in the Innoko River drainage upstream from and including the Iditarod River drainage;

Unit 21B: that portion of Unit 21 in the Yukon River drainage upstream from Ruby and east of the Ruby-Poorman Road, downstream from and excluding the Tozitna River and Tanana River drainages, and excluding the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek;

Unit 21C: that portion of Unit 21 in the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek, and the Dulbi River drainage upstream from and including the Cottonwood Creek drainage;

Unit 21D: that portion of Unit 21 in the Yukon River drainage from and including the Blackburn Creek drainage upstream to Ruby, including the area west of the Ruby-Poorman Road, excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage, and excluding the Dulbi River drainage upstream from Cottonwood Creek;

Unit 21E: that portion of Unit 21 in the Yukon River and Arhymot Lake drainages upstream from a line starting at the downriver boundary of Paimiut on the north bank of the Yukon River, then south across the Yukon River to the northern terminus of the Paimiut Portage, then south along the Portage to its intersection with Arhymot Lake, then along the northern and western bank of Arhymot Lake to the outlet at Crooked Creek (locally known as Johnson River) drainage, then to, but not including, the Blackburn Creek drainage, and the Innoko River drainage downstream from the Iditarod River drainage.

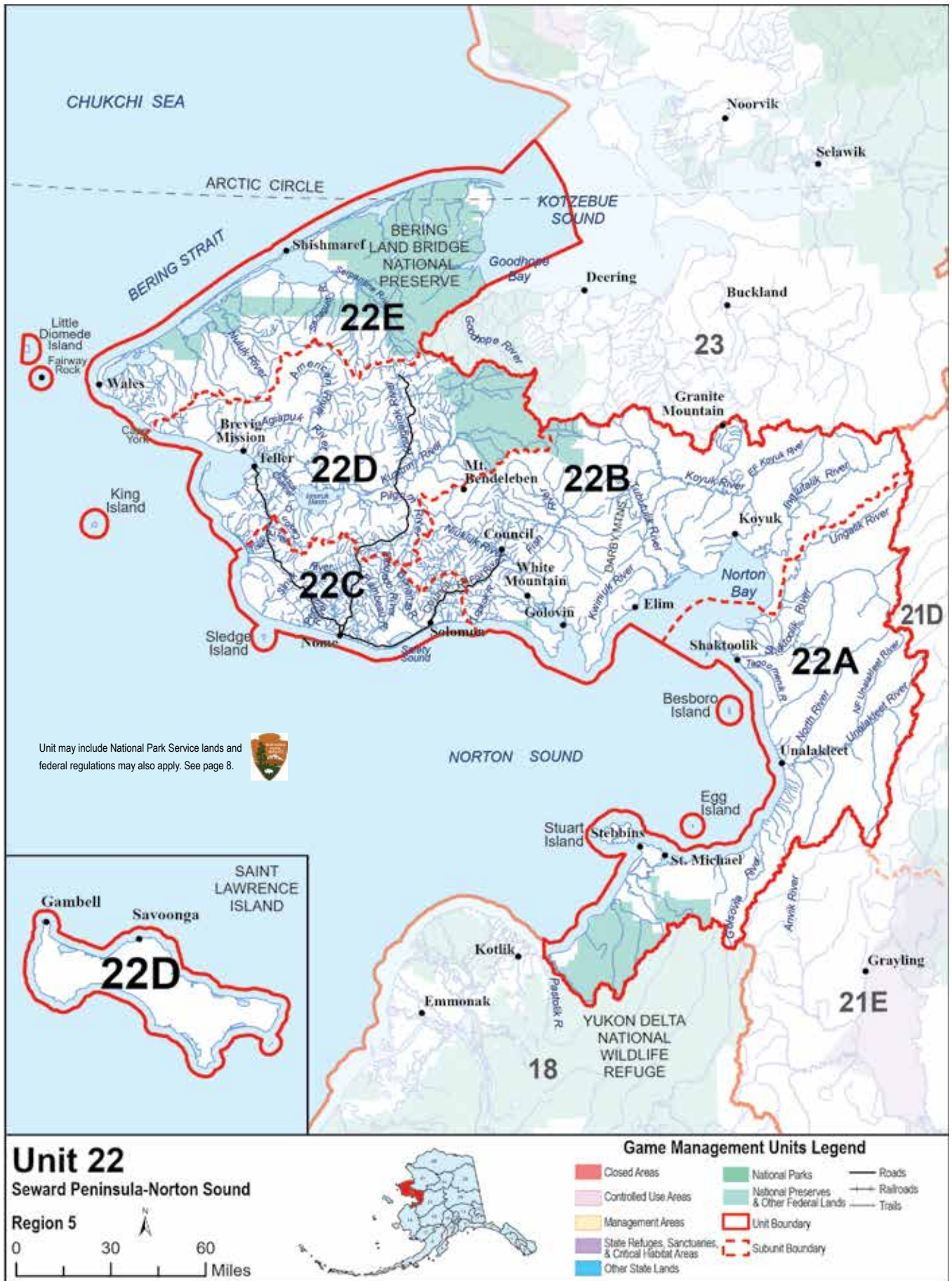
OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.							
B	21	Three bears					no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.							
R	21A	Two bears every regulatory year					no closed season
N	21E	One bear every regulatory year					Aug 10-June 30
R	21B	Two bears every regulatory year					Aug 10-June 30
	21C						
N	21D	One bear every regulatory year					
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations apply to the following “Residents Only” hunt (see pg. 25)							
R	21D	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Galena, Fairbanks, and McGrath beginning July 8				RB601	Aug 10-June 30
Caribou • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption in Units 21A and 21E.							
B		One bull				HT	Aug 10-Sept 20
R	21A	One bull by permit available in person at license vendors in McGrath, Nikolai, and Takotna beginning Jan 15				RC795	Feb 1-Feb 28
B	21B	within the Nowitna River drainage upstream from the Little Mud River drainage	One caribou			HT	Aug 10-Sept 30
R			One bull by permit available in person at license vendors in McGrath, Nikolai, and Takotna beginning Jan 15			RC795	Feb 1-Feb 28
B	21B	north of the Yukon River and downstream from Ukawutni Creek				no open season	
B	21B	remainder	One caribou			HT	Aug 10-Sept 30
B	21C	Dulbi River drainage and Melozitna River drainages downstream from Big Creek				no open season	
B	21C	remainder	One caribou			HT	Aug 10-Sept 30
R	21D	north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk River	Two caribou may be taken during winter season			HT	may be announced
R	21D	remainder	Five caribou per day, however, calves may not be taken			HT	July 1-Oct 14 Feb 1-June 30
			bulls				Sept 1-Mar 31
N			One bull, however, calves may not be taken				Aug 1-Sept 30

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Caribou <i>continued</i>							
B	21E	One caribou				HT	Aug 10-Sept 30
Moose		• Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see pg. 12. • 50-inch antlers and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.					
R	21A	One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at ADF&G in McGrath, Anchorage, Palmer, or Fairbanks Aug 3				RM835	Sept 5-Sept 25
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at ADF&G in McGrath, Anchorage, Palmer, or Fairbanks Aug 3					
R	21B	within the Nowitna River drainage upstream from the Little Mud River drainage, and outside a corridor extending two miles on either side of, and including, the Nowitna River	OR One bull		HT	Aug 22-Aug 31	
N			One bull				Sept 5-Sept 25
R	21B	remainder	OR One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 5		RM834	Aug 22-Aug 31 Sept 5-Sept 25	
			One bull by permit				DM802 DM806 DM808 DM810
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit		DM802 DM805 DM808 DM809 DM811	Sept 5-Sept 25	
R	21C	Dulbi River drainage, outside the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area	One bull by permit available at hunt.alaska.gov or at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks Aug 5		RM838	Sept 5-Sept 25	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 5				
R	21C	remainder	One bull		HT	Sept 5-Sept 25	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side				
R	21C 21D	within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area	OR One bull by permit available at a check station established by the department, Huslia or Hughes beginning Aug 30		RM832	Sept 1-Sept 25	
			One bull by permit				DM828
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit		DM830	Sept 16-Sept 25	
					DM823 DM827	Sept 5-Sept 14	
					DM825 DM829	Sept 16-Sept 25	

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Moose continued							
R	21D	south of the south bank of the Yukon River, downstream of the up-river entrance of Kala Slough, and west of Kala Creek, excluding Jimmy Slough, Cat Island, Hen Island, Jimmy Island, Patsy Slough, Big Island, Ninemile Slough, Ninemile Island, Honeymoon Slough, Bullfrog Island and Yuki River drainage	One moose, however, no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf, by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at ADF&G in Galena and Fairbanks beginning Feb 24			RM831	may be announced
			OR	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 5	Trophy value must be destroyed	RM834	Aug 22-Aug 31 Sept 5-Sept 25
N				One bull by permit		DM816-DM818	Sept 5-Sept 25
R	21D remainder		One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 5		Trophy value must be destroyed	RM834	Aug 22-Aug 31 Sept 5-Sept 25
			One bull by permit			DM814 DM816-DM818, DM820	Sept 5-Sept 25
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit			DM815-DM820	
R	21E		OR One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person from license vendors in Unit 21E, or ADF&G (McGrath and Fairbanks) beginning Aug 3			RM836	Sept 1-Sept 25
			OR One moose, however, no person may take a cow accompanied by a calf, by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in 21E and ADF&G in McGrath beginning Feb 1			RM837	Feb 15-Mar 15
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit			DM837 DM839	Sept 5-Sept 25
Muskox •Muskox locking-tag required. •In all hunts evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.							
B	21A 21B 21C 21E	no open season					
R	21D	One bull by permit				DX080	Feb 1-Mar 15
Wolf •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. •No nonresident locking-tag required.							
B	21	Ten wolves					Aug 1-Apr 30
Wolverine •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	21	One wolverine					Sept 1-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Unit 22 Seward Peninsula-Norton Sound

No state restricted areas in unit

Unit 22: Bering Sea, Norton Sound, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Pastolik River drainage in southern Norton Sound to, but not including, the Goodhope River drainage in southern Kotzebue Sound, and all adjacent islands in the Bering Sea between the mouths of the Goodhope and Pastolik rivers, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines;

Unit 22A: that portion of Unit 22 in Norton Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Pastolik River drainage to, and including, the Ungalik River drainage, and Stuart and Besboro islands;

Unit 22B: that portion of Unit 22 in Norton Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Ungalik River drainage to, and including, the Topkok Creek drainage;

Unit 22C: that portion of Unit 22 in Norton Sound and Bering Sea drainages from, but excluding, the Topkok Creek drainage to, and including, the Tisuk River drainage, and King and Sledge islands;

Unit 22D: that portion of Unit 22 draining into the Bering Sea north of but not including the Tisuk River to and including Cape York, and St. Lawrence Island;

Unit 22E: that portion of Unit 22 in Bering Sea, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from Cape York to, but excluding, the Goodhope River drainage, and including Little Diomed Island and Fairway Rock.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.							
B	22	Three bears					no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • No resident locking-tag required. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.							
R	22A	south of and including the Golsovia River drainage	Two bears every regulatory year				Aug 1-May 31
N			One bear every regulatory year				
R	22A	remainder	Two bears every regulatory year				Aug 1-June 15
N			One bear every regulatory year				
R	22B	Two bears every regulatory year				Aug 1-June 30	
N		One bear every regulatory year by permit	If undersubscribed, surplus permits will be available, contact ADF&G in Nome at (907) 443-2271		DB685	Aug 1-June 15	
R	22C	One bear every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or at license vendors in Unit 22 beginning July 1. Harvest quota to be announced; season will be closed by emergency order when quota is reached.				RB670	Aug 1-June 30
N		One bear every regulatory year by permit	If undersubscribed, surplus permits will be available, contact ADF&G in Nome at (907) 443-2271		DB685	Aug 1-Oct 31 Apr 1-June 15	
R	22D 22E	Two bears every regulatory year				Aug 1-June 30	
N		One bear every regulatory year by permit	If undersubscribed, surplus permits will be available, contact ADF&G in Nome at (907) 443-2271		DB690	Aug 1-June 15	
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations apply to the following “Residents Only” hunts (see pg. 25)							
R	22A	south of and including the Golsovia River drainage	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Nome beginning July 1			RB699	Aug 1-May 31
R	22A	remainder	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Nome beginning July 1				Aug 1-June 15
R	22B 22D 22E	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Nome beginning July 1					Aug 1-June 30
R	22C	One bear every regulatory year by permit available in Nome beginning July 1					

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Caribou • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • In bag limit, “bull” means male caribou.							
R	22A	north of the Golsovia River drainage	Fifteen bulls by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20			RC800	no closed season
N			One bull			HT	Aug 1-Sept 30
R	22A	remainder	Fifteen bulls, up to 5 per day. Bulls may not be taken Oct 15-Jan 31. Permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20			RC800	may be announced
N			One bull			HT	
R	22B	west of Golovnin Bay, west of the west banks of Fish and Niukluk rivers below the Libby River (excluding the Libby River drainage and Niukluk River drainage above, the mouth of the Libby River)	Fifteen bulls by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20			RC800	may be announced
			Fifteen bulls, up to 5 per day. Permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20				
N			One bull			HT	may be announced
R	22B	remainder	Fifteen bulls by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20			RC800	no closed season
N			One bull			HT	Aug 1-Sept 30
R	22C	Fifteen bulls, up to 5 per day. Bulls may not be taken Oct 15-Jan 31. Permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20				RC800	may be announced
N		One bull				HT	
R	22D	Pilgrim River drainage	Fifteen bulls by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20			RC800	may be announced
			Fifteen bulls, up to 5 per day. Permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20				
N			One bull			HT	may be announced
R	22D	in the Kuzitrin River drainage (excluding the Pilgrim River drainage) and the Agiapuk River drainage	Fifteen bulls by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20			RC800	no closed season
N			One bull			HT	Aug 1-Sept 30
R	22D	remainder	Fifteen bulls, up to 5 per day. Bulls may not be taken Oct 15-Jan 31. Permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20			RC800	may be announced
N			One bull			HT	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Caribou continued							
R	22E	east of and including the Sanaguich River drainage	Fifteen bulls by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20			RC800	no closed season
N			One bull			HT	Aug 1-Sept 30
R	22E	remainder	Fifteen bulls, up to 5 per day. Bulls may not be taken Oct 15-Jan 31. Permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Nome and license vendors within Unit 22 beginning June 20			RC800	may be announced
N			One bull			HT	
Moose • Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • 50-inch antlers and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.							
R	22A	north of the Egavik Creek drainage	One bull			HT	Aug 1-Sept 30
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side				Sept 1-Sept 20
R	22A	Unalakleet River drainage and all drainages flowing into Norton Sound north of Golsovia River drainage and south of and including the Egavik Creek drainage	OR	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov and in person in Unalakleet beginning Jul 2.		RM841	Aug 1-Sept 30
				One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov and in person at license vendors in Unalakleet beginning November 12		RM844	Dec 1-Feb 28
N				no open season			
R	22A	remainder	OR	One bull		HT	Aug 1-Sept 30
N				One antlered bull			Jan 1-Jan 31
	One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side						Sept 1-Sept 30
R	22B	east of the Darby Mtns., and including Kwiniuk, Tubutulik, Koyuk, and Inglutalik river drainages	OR	One bull		HT	Aug 1-Sept 30
N				One antlered bull			Nov 1-Dec 31
N	22B	remainder	OR	One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit		DM845	Nov 1-Dec 31
				If undersubscribed, surplus permits will be available, contact ADF&G in Nome at (907) 443-2271			
R	22B	remainder	OR	One bull by permit available in person in Brevig Mission, Golovin, Nome, Teller, and White Mountain from July 25-Aug 25. Harvest quota to be announced; season will be closed by emergency order when quota is reached.		RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14
				One antlered bull by permit available in person in White Mountain and Golovin beginning Dec 1. Harvest quota to be announced; season will be closed by emergency order when quota is reached.		RM843	Jan 1-Jan 31
N				no open season			

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OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Moose continued										
R	22C	OR	One bull by permit available in person in Brevig Mission, Golovin, Nome, Teller, and White Mountain from July 25-Aug 25. Harvest quota to be announced; season will be closed by emergency order when quota is reached.					RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14	
			One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Brevig Mission, Golovin, Nome, Teller, and White Mountain. Season may be announced Jan 1-Jan 31.					RM849	may be announced	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available in person in Brevig Mission, Golovin, Nome, Teller, and White Mountain from July 25-Aug 25. Harvest quota to be announced; season will be closed by emergency order when quota is reached.					RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14	
R	22D	OR	Kuzitrin River drainage (includes Kougarok and Pilgrim rivers), and Southwest area located west of Tisuk River drainage, west of the west bank of Canyon Creek beginning at McAdam Creek continuing to Tuksuk Channel	One bull by permit available in person in Brevig Mission, Golovin, Nome, Teller, and White Mountain from July 25-Aug 25. Harvest quota to be announced; season will be closed by emergency order when quota is reached.				RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14	
				One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Brevig Mission, Golovin, Nome, Teller, and White Mountain. Season may be announced Jan 1-Jan 31.				RM849	may be announced	
N				no open season						
R	22D	OR	remainder	One bull by permit available in person in Brevig Mission Golovin, Nome, Teller, and White Mountain from July 25-Aug 25. Harvest quota to be announced; season will be closed by emergency order when quota is reached.				RM840	Aug 10-Sept 14	
				One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Brevig Mission, Golovin, Nome, Teller, and White Mountain. Season may be announced Dec 1-Jan 31.				RM849	may be announced	
N				no open season						
R	22E	OR	One bull					HT	Aug 1-Dec 31	
				One antlered bull					Jan 1-Mar 15	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit					DM855	Sept 1-Sept 14	
Muskox - One Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. - Subsistence muskox hunts are open to Alaska residents only. - Aircraft may NOT be used to transport muskox hunters, muskox, or muskox hunting gear in subsistence hunts. - No resident locking-tag required in subsistence muskox hunts. - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. - Muskox identification information on pg. 32.										
R	22A		One bull by permit					TX090	Aug 1-Mar 15	
R	22B		east of the Darby Mtns., including drainages of Kwiniuk, Tubutulik, Koyuk and Inglutalik rivers				One bull by permit		TX105	Aug 1-Mar 15
R	22B		remainder	One bull by permit				TX105	Jan 1-Mar 15	
R	22C		that portion of the Snake River drainage downstream of the Glacier Creek confluence and including the Glacier Creek drainage, that portion of the Nome River drainage downstream of and including the Basin Creek and Shepard Creek drainages, and all drainages flowing directly to Norton Sound between the mouths of the Nome River and the Snake River	One muskox by permit		Muskox Hunter Orientation required, see permit conditions for details	TX095	Aug 1-Mar 15		
							TX096			

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OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Muskox <i>continued</i>							
R	22C	that portion of drainages flowing to Norton Sound 1) between the east bank of the Penny River and the Snake River drainage, 2) the Snake River drainage upstream of the Glacier Creek confluence and excluding the Glacier Creek drainage, 3) the Nome River drainage upstream of and excluding the Basin Creek and Shepard Creek drainages, and 4) between the Nome River drainage and the west bank of the Flambeau River extended along Safety Sound to the Safety Bridge				One muskox by permit	TX096 Aug 1-Mar 15
R	22C	remainder	no open season				
R	22D	that portion west of the Tisuk River drainage, west of the west bank of the unnamed creek originating at the unit boundary opposite the headwaters of McAdam's Creek and west of the west bank of Canyon Creek to its confluence with Tuksuk Channel				One bull by permit	TX103 Jan 1-Mar 15
R	22D	Kuzitrin River drainage (Includes Kougarok and Pilgrim rivers)	One bull by permit			TX102	Jan 1-Mar 15
R	22D	remainder	One bull by permit				Aug 1-Mar 15
R	22E	One bull by permit				TX104	Aug 1-Mar 15
Wolf •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	22	Twenty wolves					Aug 1-May 31
Wolverine •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.							
B	22	One wolverine					Sept 1-Mar 31

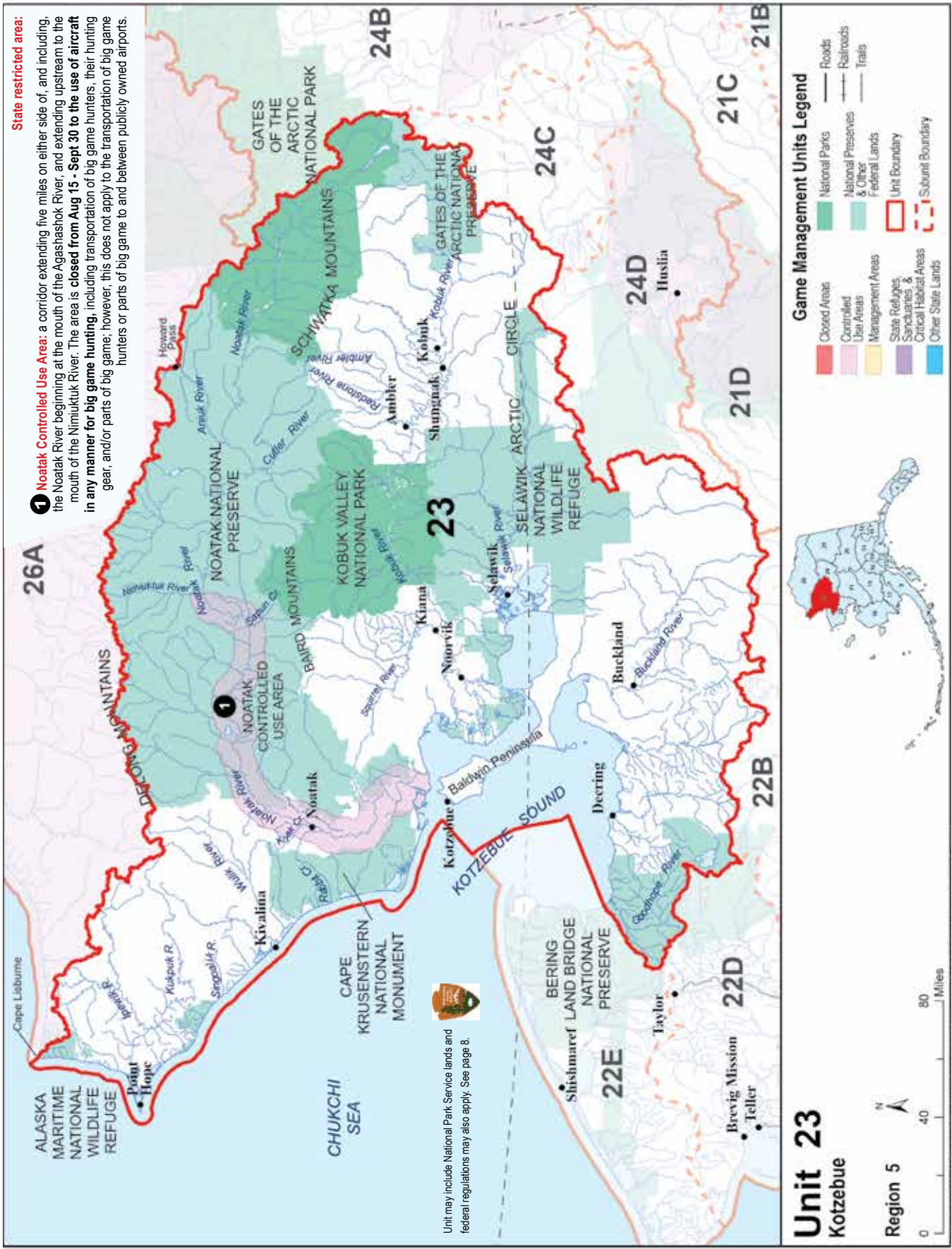
*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



Paige Frantz with her first big game harvest, a caribou from Unit 20.

State restricted area:

1 Noatak Controlled Use Area: a corridor extending five miles on either side of, and including, the Noatak River beginning at the mouth of the Agashashok River, and extending upstream to the mouth of the Nimiutuk River. The area is **closed from Aug 15 - Sept 30 to the use of aircraft in any manner for big game hunting**, including transportation of big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game, however, this does not apply to the transportation of big game hunters or parts of big game to and between publicly owned airports.



Unit 23 Kotzebue

State restricted
area on pg. 124

Unit 23: Kotzebue Sound, Chukchi Sea, and Arctic Ocean drainages from and including the Goodhope River drainage to Cape Lisburne, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • 🌟 Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8.										
B	23 🌟	Three bears							no closed season	
Brown/ Grizzly Bear • 🌟 Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.										
R	23 🌟	Two bears every regulatory year							no closed season	
N		┐ Two bears every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at Kotzebue, Nome, and Galena beginning July 1						RB760	Aug 1-Oct 31	
		└ Two bears every regulatory year by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at Kotzebue, Nome, and Galena beginning April 1						RB770	Apr 15-May 31	
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations apply to the following “Residents Only” hunt (see pg. 25)										
R	23	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Kotzebue beginning July 1						RB700	no closed season	
Caribou • 🌟 Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • In bag limit, “bull” means male caribou.										
R	23 🌟	north of and including Singoalik River drainage	Fifteen bulls by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Kotzebue, Utqiagvik, and at license vendors in Units 23 and 26A beginning June 1					RC907	no closed season	
N			One bull by permit					DC923	Aug 1-Sept 30	
R	23 🌟	remainder	Fifteen bulls by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Kotzebue, Utqiagvik, and at license vendors in Units 23 and 26A beginning June 1					RC907	no closed season	
N			One bull by permit					DC923	Aug 1-Sept 30	
Moose • 🌟 Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • 50-inch antlers and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption.										
R	23 🌟	north of and including Singoalik River drainage	┐ One antlered bull by permit available in person at license vendors within Unit 23 villages June 1-July 15					RM880	July 1-Dec 31	
			└ One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side					HT	Sept 1-Sept 20	
N			no open season							
R	23 🌟	remainder	┐ One antlered bull by permit available in person at license vendors within Unit 23 villages June 1-July 15					RM880	Aug 1-Dec 31	
			└ One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side					HT	Sept 1-Sept 20	
N			no open season							

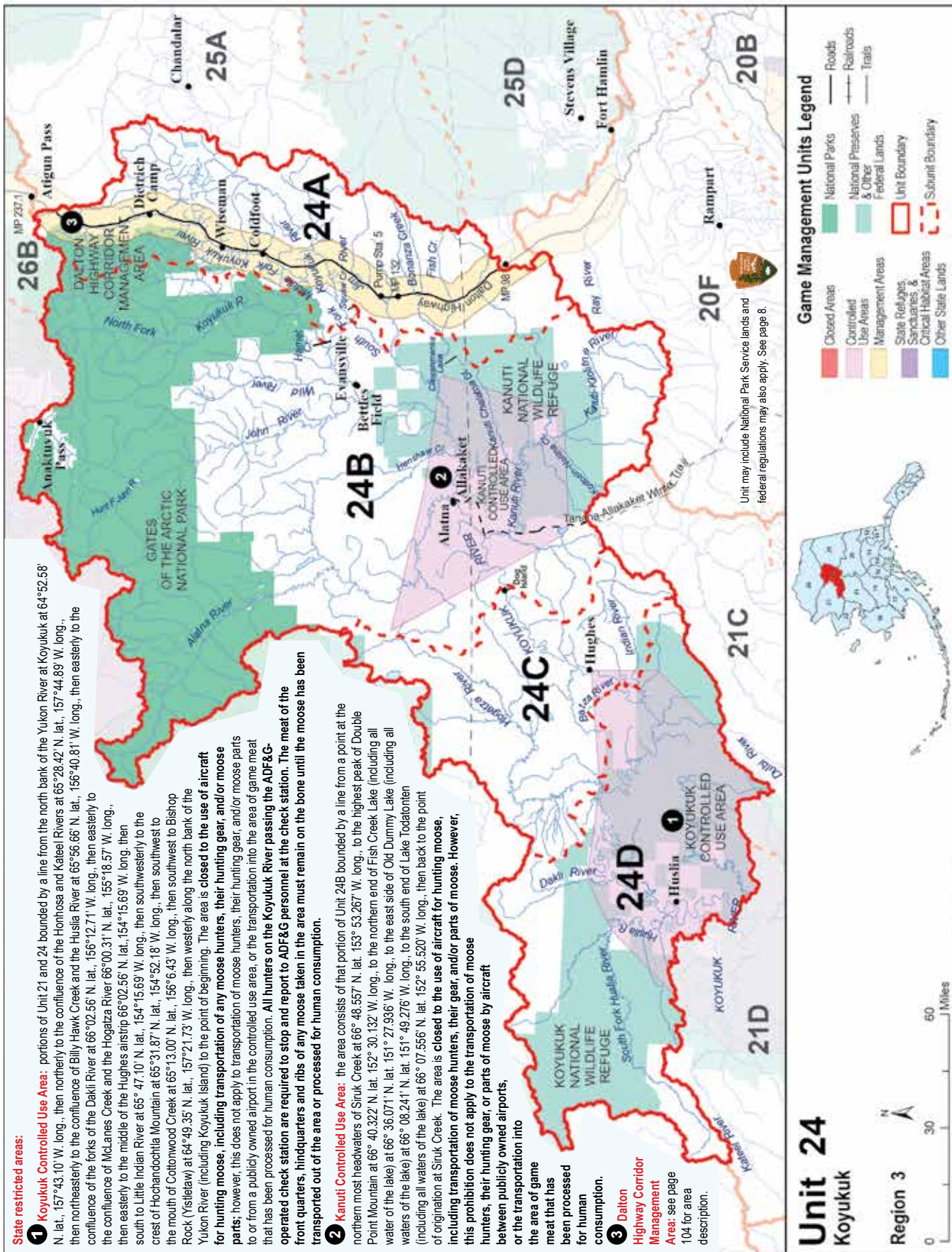
*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

> > > Unit 23 pilots: see pg. 126. < < <

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Muskox • Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • Subsistence muskox hunts are open to Alaska residents only. • Aircraft may NOT be used to transport muskox hunters, muskox, or muskox hunting gear in subsistence hunts. • No resident locking-tag required in subsistence muskox hunts. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat. • Muskox identification and trophy destruction information on pg. 32.										
R	23	Seward Peninsula west of and including the Buckland River drainage			One bull by permit			TX106	Aug 1-Mar 15	
R	23	that portion north and west of Kobuk River drainage			One bull by permit		All skulls require trophy destruction at time of take in the field subject to permit conditions; specimens required		TX107	Aug 1-Mar 15
R	23	Sheshalik Spit			One bull by permit		All skulls require trophy destruction at time of take in the field subject to permit conditions; specimens required		TX117	July 1-Oct 31 June 1-June 30
B	23	remainder			no open season					
Sheep • Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8.										
B	23	no open season								
Wolf • Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.										
B	23	Twenty wolves							Aug 1-Apr 30	
Wolverine • Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.										
B	23	One wolverine							Sept 1-Mar 31	

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In Unit 23, a pilot may not transport parts of **big game** with an aircraft without having, in actual possession, a certificate of successful completion of an ADF&G-approved education course regarding big game hunting and meat transportation in this unit; however, this provision does not apply to the transportation of parts of big game between state maintained airports. Contact the Kotzebue ADF&G office at 1-800-478-3420 or (907) 442-3420 or for more information visit hunt.alaska.gov.



Unit 24 Koyukuk

State restricted
areas on pg. 127

Unit 24: the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from but not including the Dulbi River drainage;

Unit 24A: that portion of Unit 24 in the Middle Fork of the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from but not including the Harriet Creek and North Fork Koyukuk River drainages, the South Fork of the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from Squaw Creek, the Jim River drainage, the Fish Creek drainage upstream from and including the Bonanza Creek drainage, to the 1,410-foot peak of the hydrologic divide with the northern fork of the Kanuti Chalatna Creek near 66° 33.303' N. lat., 151° 03.637' W. long. and following the unnamed northern fork of the Kanuti Chalatna Creek to the confluence of the southern fork of the Kanuti Chalatna Creek near 66° 27.090' N. lat., 151° 23.841' W. long., 4.2 miles south by southwest (194° true) of Clawanmenka Lake and following the unnamed southern fork of the Kanuti Chalatna Creek to the hydrologic divide with the Kanuti River drainage near 66° 19.789' N. lat., 151° 10.102' W. long., 3.0 miles east by northeast (79° true) from the 2,055-foot peak on that divide, and the Kanuti River drainage upstream from the confluence of an unnamed creek near 66° 13.050' N. lat., 151° 05.864' W. long., 0.9 miles south by southeast (155° true) of a 1,980-foot peak on that divide, and following that unnamed creek to the Unit 24 boundary on the hydrologic divide to the Ray River drainage near 66° 04.683' N. lat., 150° 49.9' W. long. at the 2,920-foot peak of that divide;

Unit 24B: that portion of Unit 24 in the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from Dog Island to the Unit 24A boundary;

Unit 24C: that portion of Unit 24 in the Hogatz River drainage, the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from Batza River on the north side of the Koyukuk River, and upstream from and including the Indian River drainage on the south side of the Koyukuk River to the Unit 24B boundary;

Unit 24D: the remainder of Unit 24.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/HUNT #*	SEASON	
Black Bear • See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Portions of Unit 24A are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.										
B	24	Three bears							no closed season	
Brown/Grizzly Bear • No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • Portions of Unit 24A are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.										
B	24A	One bear every regulatory year							July 25-June 30	
R	24B	Two bears every regulatory year							Aug 10-June 30	
N	24C 24D	One bear every regulatory year								
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations apply to the following “Residents Only” hunts (see pg. 25)										
R	24A	One bear every regulatory year by permit available in Galena, Fairbanks and McGrath beginning July 8						RB601	Aug 10-June 30	
R	24B 24C 24D	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Galena, Fairbanks and McGrath beginning July 8								
Caribou • In bag limit, “caribou” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means male caribou; “cow” means a female caribou. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Portions of Unit 24A are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.										
R	24A	south of the south bank of the Kanuti River					One caribou	HT	Aug 10-Mar 31	
N									Aug 10-Sept 30	
R	24A	remainder		Ten caribou				HT	July 1 - Apr 30	
N				Two bulls					Aug 1-Sept 30	
R	24B	south of the south bank of the Kanuti River, upstream from and including that portion of the Kanuti-Kilolitna River drainage, bounded by the southeast bank of the Kodosin-Nolitna Creek, then downstream along the east bank of the Kanuti-Kilolitna River to its confluence with the Kanuti River					One caribou	HT	Aug 10-Mar 31	
N									Aug 10-Sept 30	
R	24B	remainder		Five caribou per day, however, calves may not be taken				HT	July 1-Oct 14 Feb 1-June 30	
N				One bull, however, calves may not be taken					July 15-Apr 30 Aug 1-Sept 30	

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OPEN TO:	R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS			PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Caribou continued							
R	24C 24D	Five caribou per day, however, calves may not be taken			HT	July 1-Oct 14 Feb 1-June 30	
		bulls				Sept 1-Mar 31	
N		One bull, however, calves may not be taken				Aug 1-Sept 30	
Moose							
• Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • 50-inch antlers and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Portions of Unit 24A are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg 104. • Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see pg 12. • Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.							
R	24A	within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area	One bull by bow and arrow only by permit		DM920 DM922	Sept 1-Sept 25	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by bow and arrow only by permit			Sept 5-Sept 25	
R	24A	remainder	One bull		HT	Sept 1-Sept 25	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side			Sept 5-Sept 25	
R	24B	within the Kanuti Controlled Use Area	One bull		HT	Sept 1-Oct 1	
N			One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Hughes, Allakaket, and Fairbanks beginning Dec 2		RM833	Dec 15-Apr 15	
			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		HT	Sept 5-Sept 25	
R	24B	remainder	One bull		HT	Sept 1-Sept 25	
N			One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Hughes, Allakaket, and Fairbanks beginning Dec 2		RM833	Dec 15-Apr 15	
			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		HT	Sept 5-Sept 25	
R	24C	within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area	One bull by permit available at a check station established by the department, Huslia, and Hughes beginning Aug 30		Trophy value must be destroyed	RM832	Sept 1-Sept 25
			One bull by permit			DM828	Sept 5-Sept 14
			One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Hughes, Allakaket, and Fairbanks beginning Dec 2		DM830	Sept 16-Sept 25	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit		RM833	Dec 15-Apr 15	
					DM823 DM827	Sept 5-Sept 14	
					DM825 DM829	Sept 16-Sept 25	
R	24C	remainder	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G Fairbanks beginning Aug 5		RM838	Sept 5-Sept 25	
			One antlered bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Hughes, Allakaket, and Fairbanks beginning Dec 2		RM833	Dec 15-Apr 15	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 5		RM838	Sept 5-Sept 25	

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Moose continued							
R	24D within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area	OR	One bull by permit available at a check station established by the department, Huslia, and Hughes beginning Aug 30	Trophy value must be destroyed	RM832	Sept 1-Sept 25	
N			One bull by permit		DM828	Sept 5-Sept 14	
			One bull		DM830	Sept 16-Sept 25	
			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit		DM823 DM827	Sept 5-Sept 14	
N				DM825 DM829	Sept 16-Sept 25		
R	24D east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area		One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 5		RM838	Sept 5-Sept 25	
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 5				
R	24D remainder	OR	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov , in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G Fairbanks beginning Aug 5	Trophy value must be destroyed	RM834	Sept 5-Sept 25	
N			One bull by permit		DM892		
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit				
Muskox •Muskox locking-tag required. •In all hunts evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.							
B	24A 24B 24C	no open season					
R	24D	One bull by permit				DX080	Feb 1-Mar 15
Sheep •Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. •★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. •Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. •See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on pg. 33. •Horns must accompany meat from the field. •Ram horns from Unit 24A and Remainder of 24B must be sealed within 30 days of kill. •Portions of Unit 24A are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.							
R	24A★ within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area		One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only		HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only				
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger			Aug 10-Oct 5	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years				
R	24A★ remainder		One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only		HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only				
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger			Aug 10-Sept 20	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years				
R	24B★ within the John River drainage upstream from Till Creek, and that portion within the Glacier River drainage		Three sheep only one may be a ewe		HT	Aug 1-Apr 30	

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OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS							PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Sheep continued										
R	24B ★ remainder		One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only					HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only							
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger						Aug 10-Sept 20	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years							
Wolf •No nonresident locking-tag required. •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. •Portions of Unit 24A are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.										
B	24	Ten wolves							Aug 1-Apr 30	
Wolverine •Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. •Portions of Unit 24A are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.										
B	24	One wolverine							Sept 1-Mar 31	

*Hunt numbers starting with “D” = Drawing, “HT” = Harvest ticket, “R” = Registration, “T” = Tier II. See pages 14-15.



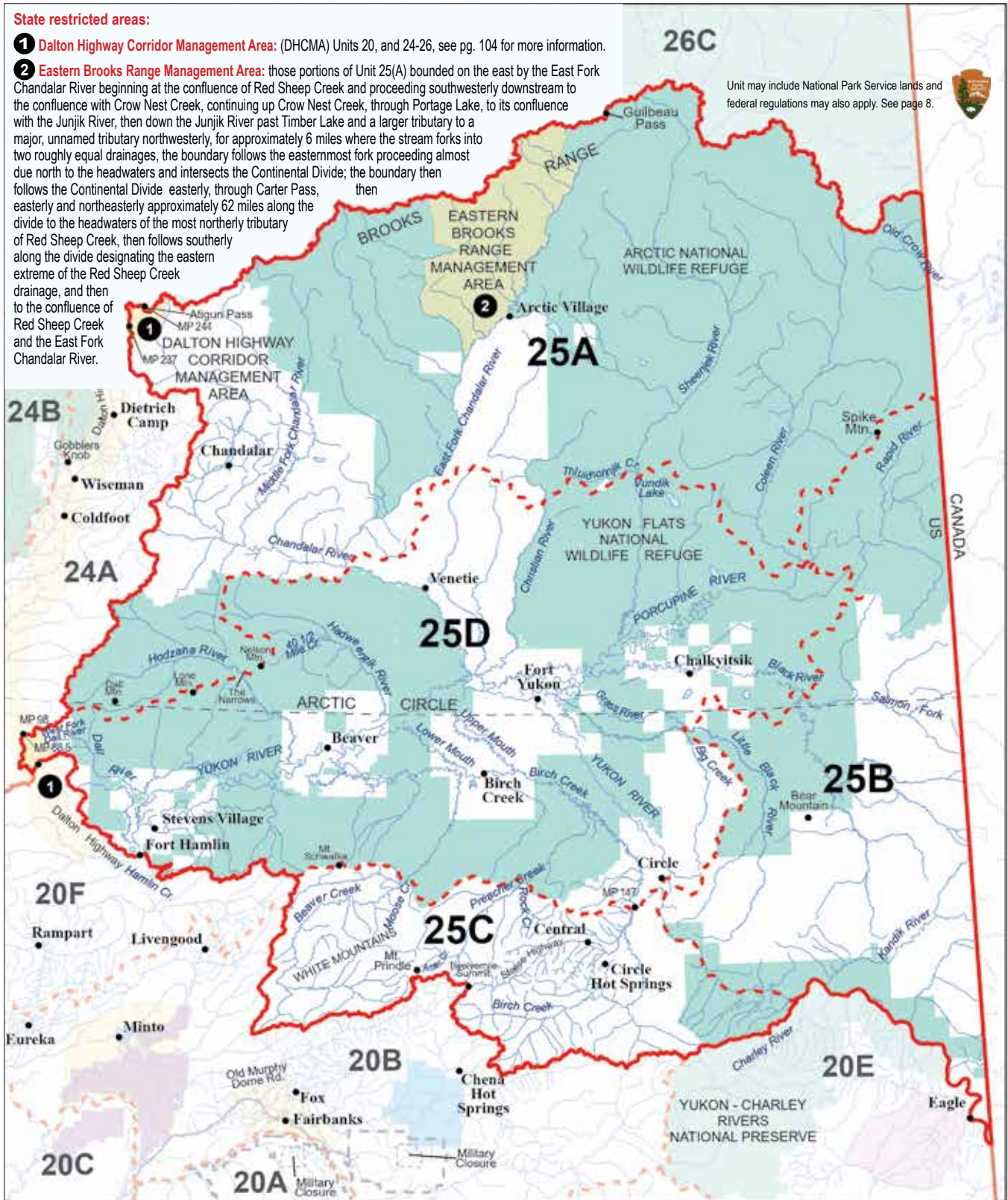
Cheryl Ess with a caribou she harvested in Unit 26B.

State restricted areas:

1 Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area: (DHCMA) Units 20, and 24-26, see pg. 104 for more information.

2 Eastern Brooks Range Management Area: those portions of Unit 25(A) bounded on the east by the East Fork Chandalar River beginning at the confluence of Red Sheep Creek and proceeding southwesterly downstream to the confluence with Crow Nest Creek, continuing up Crow Nest Creek, through Portage Lake, to its confluence with the Junjik River, then down the Junjik River past Timber Lake and a larger tributary to a major, unnamed tributary northwesterly, for approximately 6 miles where the stream forks into two roughly equal drainages, the boundary follows the easternmost fork proceeding almost due north to the headwaters and intersects the Continental Divide; the boundary then follows the Continental Divide easterly, through Carter Pass, then easterly and northeasterly approximately 62 miles along the divide to the headwaters of the most northerly tributary of Red Sheep Creek, then follows southerly along the divide designating the eastern extreme of the Red Sheep Creek drainage, and then to the confluence of Red Sheep Creek and the East Fork Chandalar River.

Unit may include National Park Service lands and federal regulations may also apply. See page 8.



Unit 25

Upper Yukon

Region 3

0 25 50 Miles



Game Management Units Legend

 Closed Areas	 National Parks	 Roads
 Controlled Use Areas	 National Preserves & Other Federal Lands	 Railroads
 Management Areas	 Unit Boundary	 Trails
 State Refuges, Sanctuaries, & Critical Habitat Areas	 Subunit Boundary	
 Other State Lands		

Unit 25 Upper Yukon

State restricted
areas on pg. 132

Unit 25: The Yukon River drainage upstream from but not including the Hamlin Creek drainage, and excluding drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from the Charley River;

Unit 25A: that portion of Unit 25 in the Hodzana River drainage upstream from the Narrows, the Chandalar River drainage upstream from and including the East Fork drainage, the Christian River drainage upstream from Christian, the Sheenjek River drainage upstream from and including the Thluichohnjek Creek, the Coleen River drainage, and the Old Crow River drainage;

Unit 25B: that portion of Unit 25 in the Little Black River drainage upstream from but not including the Big Creek drainage, the Black River drainage upstream from and including the Salmon Fork drainage, the Porcupine River drainage upstream from the confluence of the Coleen and Porcupine rivers, and drainages into the north bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle, including the Yukon River and islands in the Yukon River upstream from Circle;

Unit 25C: that portion of Unit 25 in drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle to the Subunit 20E boundary, the Birch Creek drainage upstream from the Steese Highway bridge (milepost 147) and south of the Steese Highway from the Birch Creek bridge (milepost 147) to where the Steese Highway intersects the Yukon River at Circle, the Preacher Creek drainage upstream from and including the Rock Creek drainage, and the Beaver Creek drainage upstream from and including the Moose Creek drainage;

Unit 25D: the remainder of Unit 25.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear		• See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Portions of Units 25A and 25D are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.					
B	25A	Three bears					no closed season
B	25B 25C 25D	Five bears					no closed season
Brown/Grizzly Bear		• No resident locking-tag required. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • Portions of Units 25A and 25D are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.					
B	25A 25B	One bear every regulatory year					July 25-June 30
B	25C	One bear every regulatory year					Sept 1-June 15
R	25D	Two bears every regulatory year					July 1-Nov 30 Mar 1-June 30
N		One bear every regulatory year					Sept 1-Nov 30 Mar 1-June 15
Caribou		• Before hunting the Fortymile Herd, call (907) 267-2310. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • In bag limit, “caribou” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means male caribou. • Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption in Units 25A, 25B, and 25D. • Proxy hunting restrictions apply, see pg. 12. • Portions of Units 25A and 25D are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.					
R	25A 25B 25D remainder	Ten caribou				HT	July 1-Apr 30
N		Two bulls					Aug 1-Sept 30
B	25C (Fortymile/ White Mtn. Herd)	One caribou per lifetime by permit. Youth hunt only				YC831	For additional information, see pg. 107
		One bull by permit				RC860	
		One caribou by permit				RC867	
R		One caribou by permit. Applications available online only, Oct 1-31 at hunt.alaska.gov ; season may be announced.				AC999	may be announced
R	25D drained by the west fork of the Dall River, west of 150° W. long	One caribou				HT	Aug 10-Mar 31
N							Aug 10-Sept 30

*Hunt numbers starting with "A" = Targeted, "C" = Community, "D or Y" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Moose ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. - In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. 50-inch antlers and brow tines are defined on pgs. 30-31. - Meat taken prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or processed for human consumption. - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. - Portions of Units 25A and 25D are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104. - Nonresident moose hunters are required to successfully complete a Nonresident Moose Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting, proof of completion is required in the field, see pg. 31.										
R	25A	Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area	One bull by bow and arrow only by permit				DM920	Sept 1-Sept 25		
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by bow and arrow only by permit					Sept 5-Sept 25		
R	25A	remainder	One bull				HT	Sept 5-Sept 25		
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side							
R	25B	within the Porcupine River drainage upstream from, but excluding the Coleen River drainage	One bull				HT	Sept 10-Sept 25		
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side							
R	25B	remainder	One bull				HT	Sept 5-Sept 25		
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side					Dec 1-Dec 15		
								Sept 5-Sept 25		
R	25C	One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, and Tanana beginning July 1					RM781	Sept 1-Sept 15		
N		One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Minto, Tanana, Nenana, and Central beginning July 1						Sept 5-Sept 15		
R	25D	west of a line extending from the Unit 25D boundary on Preacher Creek, then downstream along the west banks of Preacher Creek, Birch Creek, and Lower Mouth Birch Creek to the Yukon River, then downstream along the north bank of the Yukon River (including islands) to the confluence of the Hadweenzik River, then upstream along the west bank of the Hadweenzik River to the confluence of Forty and One-Half Mile Creek, then upstream along Forty and One-Half Mile Creek to Nelson Mountain on the Unit 25D boundary				One bull by permit	TM940	Aug 25-Feb 28		
R	25D	remainder	One bull				HT	Sept 10-Sept 20		
N			One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side					Feb 18-Feb 28		
								Sept 10-Sept 20		

*Hunt numbers starting with “C” = Community, “D” = Drawing, “HT” = Harvest ticket, “R” = Registration, “T” = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

State restricted areas:

1 Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area: (DHCMA) Units 20, 24, 25, and 26; see pg. 104 for more information.

2 Prudhoe Bay Closed Area: the area bounded by a line beginning at 70°22' N. lat., 148°W. long., then running south approximately 14 miles to a point at 70°10' N. lat., 148°W. long., then west approximately 15 miles to a point at 70°10' N. lat., 148°40' W. long., then north approximately 2 miles to a point at 70°12' N. lat., 148°40' W. long., then west approximately 8 miles to a point at 70°12' N. lat., 148°56' W. long., then north approximately 2 miles to a point at 70°15' N. lat., 148°56' W. long., then west approximately 12 miles to a point at 70°26' N. lat., 148°52' W. long., then east approximately 16 miles to a point at 70°24' N. lat., 148°11' W. long., then south approximately 2 miles to a point at 70°24' N. lat., 148°28' W. long., then north approximately 12 miles to a point at 70°26' N. lat., 148°52' W. long., then east approximately 2 miles to a point at 70°26' N. lat., 148°52' W. long., then south approximately 2 miles to a point at 70°24' N. lat., 148°11' W. long., then east approximately 6 miles to the point of beginning. **This area is closed to the taking of big game.**

3 Unit 26A Controlled Use Area: all of Unit 26A from July 1 - Sept 30 and from Jan 1-Mar 31; the area is closed to the use of aircraft for moose hunting, except under the terms of a Drawing permit, including transportation of moose hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of moose. However, this does not apply to transportation of moose hunters, their gear, or moose parts by aircraft between publicly owned airports in the controlled use area.



Unit may include National Park Service lands and federal regulations may also apply. See page 8.

ARCTIC OCEAN



4 Anaktuvuk Pass Controlled Use Area: that portion of Unit 26A bounded on the west by the east bank of the Kilik River beginning at its intersection with the game management boundary between Units 24 and 26A, then north along the Kilik River to its confluence with the Colville River, then bounded on the north by the south bank of the Colville River, east along the Colville River to its confluence with the Anaktuvuk River, then bounded on the east by the west bank of the Anaktuvuk River, south along the Anaktuvuk River to the game management boundary between Units 24 and 26A to the point of origin. From Aug 15 - Oct 15, the area is closed to the use of aircraft for hunting black bear, brown bear, caribou, and Dall sheep. However, this provision does not apply to transportation of black bear, brown bear, caribou, or Dall sheep hunters, their gear, or parts of black bear, brown bear, caribou, or Dall sheep by aircraft between publicly owned airports.

Unit 26 Arctic Slope

Region 3, 5



Game Management Units Legend

	Closed Areas		National Parks		Roads
	Controlled Use Areas		National Preserves & Other Federal Lands		Railroads
	Management Areas		State Reluges, Sanctuaries, & Critical Habitat Areas		Trails
	Other State Lands		Unit Boundary		Subunit Boundary

Unit 26 Arctic Slope

State restricted
areas on pg. 136

Unit 26: Arctic Ocean drainages between Cape Lisburne and the Alaska-Canada border, including the Firth River drainage within this state, and all seaward waters and lands within three miles of these coastlines;

Unit 26A: that portion of Unit 26 lying west of Itkillik River drainage, and west of the east bank of the Colville River between the mouth of the Itkillik River and the Arctic Ocean;

Unit 26B: that portion of Unit 26 east of Unit 26A, and west of a line following the west banks of the Staines River branch of the Canning River, the Canning River, and the Marsh Fork of the Canning River;

Unit 26C: the remainder of Unit 26.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Black Bear		• See pgs. 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Anaktuvuk Pass Controlled Use Area in Unit 26A, see aircraft restrictions on pg. 136. • Portions of Unit 26B are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.					
B	26	Three bears					no closed season
Brown/ Grizzly Bear		• ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. • No resident locking-tag required. • See pgs. 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • Anaktuvuk Pass Controlled Use Area in Unit 26A, see aircraft restrictions on pg. 136. • Portions of Unit 26B are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.					
R	26A	Two bears every regulatory year					no closed season
N	★	One bear every regulatory year					
R	26B	One bear every regulatory year					Aug 10-June 15
N	★	One bear every regulatory year by permit				DB987	
B	26C	One bear every regulatory year					July 25-June 30
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations apply to the following “Residents Only” hunt (see pg. 25)							
R	26A	Two bears every regulatory year by permit available in Utqiagvik beginning July 1				RB697	no closed season
Caribou		• In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • In bag limit, “caribou” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means male caribou; “cow” means a female caribou. • Anaktuvuk Pass Controlled Use Area in Unit 26A, see aircraft restrictions on pg. 136. • Portions of Unit 26B are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104. • ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8.					
R	26A	Colville River drainage upstream from the Nuka River, and drainages of the Chukchi Sea south and west of, and including the Kuk and Kugrua drainages	Fifteen bulls by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Kotzebue, Utqiagvik, and at license vendors in Units 23 and 26A beginning June 1			RC907	no closed season
N			One bull			HT	July 15-Sept 30
R	26A	the Colville River drainage upstream from the Anaktuvuk River to the Nuka River	Five caribou per day by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Kotzebue, Utqiagvik, and at license vendors in Units 23 and 26A beginning June 1			RC907	July 1-Oct 14 Feb 1-June 30
N			One bull				HT
R	26A	remainder	Five bulls per day			Permits available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Kotzebue, Utqiagvik, and at license vendors in Units 23 and 26A beginning June 1	July 1-July 15 Mar 16-June 30
			Five caribou per day three of which may be cows; cows with calves may not be taken.				July 16-Oct 15
			Three cows per day				Oct 16-Dec 31
			Five caribou per day three of which may be cows				Jan 1-Mar 15
N			One bull			HT	July 15-Sept 30

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY	B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS	N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON
Caribou continued							
R	26B	northwest portion: north of 69°30' N. lat. and west of the east bank of the Kuparuk River to a point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long., then west approximately 22 miles to 70°10' N. lat. and 149°56' W. long., then following the east bank of the Kalubik Creek to the Arctic Ocean	Five caribou per day	bulls	HT	no closed season	
N				cows		July 1-May 15	
			One bull			Aug 1-Sept 15	
R	26B	remainder	A portion of this area is within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104	Five bulls	HT	July 1-Apr 30	
N				Two bulls		Aug 1-Sept 15	
R	26C	Ten caribou total			any caribou	HT	July 1-April 30
					bulls		June 23-June 30
N		Two bulls					Aug 1-Sept 30
Moose • In bag limit, “moose” means an animal of either sex; “bull” means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Portions of Unit 26B are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104. • ⭐ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8.							
R	26A	west of the eastern shore of Admiralty Bay where the Alaktak River enters, following the east bank of the Alaktak River to 155° 00' W. long., south to the 26A southern border, excluding the Colville River drainage	One moose however, no person may take a calf or cow accompanied by a calf		HT	July 1-Sept 14	
N		no open season					
R	26A	the Colville River drainage above and including the Anaktuvuk River drainage, and	One bull		HT	Aug 1-Sept 30	
N	26A	remainder ⭐	no open season				
R	26B	that portion excluding Canning River drainage	One bull by permit		DM996	Sept 1-Sept 14	
	⭐		One bull, a 14-day season between Feb. 15-Apr. 15 may be announced.		HT	may be announced	
N		no open season					
B	26B remainder	⭐	no open season				
	26C	⭐	no open season				
Muskox • ⭐ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. • Aircraft may NOT be used to transport muskox hunters, muskox, or muskox hunting gear in subsistence hunts. • No resident locking-tag required in subsistence muskox hunts. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. • Trophy destruction may be required, see permit for details.							
R	26A	west of the eastern shore of Admiralty Bay where the Alaktak River enters, following the east bank of the Alaktak River to 155° 00' W. long., south to the 26A southern border	One muskox by permit		TX109	Aug 1-Mar 15	
N	⭐	no open season					
R	26A	remainder, and	One muskox by permit		TX108	Aug 1-Mar 31	
N	26B	west of Dalton Highway ⭐	no open season				
R	26B	east of Dalton Highway, within Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area	One bull by permit		DX112	Sept 20-Oct 10 Mar 10-Mar 30	
N	⭐	no open season					
R	26B	east of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area	One bull by permit		DX112	Sept 20-Oct 10 Mar 10-Mar 30	
	⭐	One bull by permit available in Kaktovik and Nuiqsut beginning Oct 1.		RX110	Dec 15-Mar 31		
N		no open season					
B	26C	⭐	no open season				

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OPEN TO:		R	= RESIDENTS ONLY		B	= RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS		N	= NONRESIDENTS ONLY	
OPEN TO:	UNIT/ AREA	BAG LIMIT AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						PERMIT/ HUNT #*	SEASON	
Sheep - Hunters are required to successfully complete a Sheep Hunter Orientation course prior to hunting in any general season harvest ticket hunt from Aug 10-Sept 20, where the bag limit is full-curl horn or larger. ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. - Horns must accompany meat from the field. - See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on pg 33. - Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill except for the Registration hunt RS595. - Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide, see pg. 10. - Anaktuvuk Pass Controlled Use Area in Unit 26A, see aircraft restrictions on pg. 136. - Portions of Unit 26B are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.										
B	26A	west of Etivluk River drainage (DeLong Mtns)						no open season		
R	26A	east of and including the Etivluk River drainage, excluding Gates of the Arctic National Park	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only					HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
			One ram with full-curl horn or larger						Aug 10-Sept 20	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only						Aug 1-Aug 5	
			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years						Aug 10-Sept 20	
R	26A	within the Gates of the Arctic National Park ★						HT	Aug 1-April 30	
N	26B								no open season	
R	26B	within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only					HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only						Aug 10-Oct 5	
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger							
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years							
R	26A 26B	remainder remainder	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only					HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only						Aug 10-Sept 20	
R			One ram with full-curl horn or larger							
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years							
R	26C	┌ OR └	One ram with full-curl horn or larger. Youth hunt only					HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
			One ram with full-curl horn or larger						Aug 10-Sept 20	
			One ram with 3/4 curl horn or less by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Fairbanks, and Kaktovik beginning Sept 5. The use of aircraft for access to hunt sheep and to transport harvested sheep is prohibited in this hunt except into and out of the Arctic Village and Kaktovik airports.					RS595	Oct 1-April 30	
N			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years. Youth hunt only					HT	Aug 1-Aug 5	
			One ram with full-curl horn or larger every four regulatory years						Aug 10-Sept 20	
Wolf ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. - Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. - Portions of Unit 26B are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.										
B	26A	★ Ten wolves								Aug 10-Apr 30
B	26B 26C	Ten wolves								Aug 1-Apr 30
Wolverine ★ Federal restrictions may apply, see pg. 8. - Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. - Portions of Unit 26B are within the DHCMA and additional restrictions apply, see pg. 104.										
B	26A	★ One wolverine								Sept 1-Mar 31
B	26B 26C	One wolverine								Aug 20-Mar 31

*Hunt numbers starting with "D" = Drawing, "HT" = Harvest ticket, "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II. See pages 14-15.

Fur Animals, Small Game, Unclassified Game, and Deleterious Exotic Wildlife

- If you want to take fisher, marmot, marten, mink, muskrat, river otter, or weasel, you must follow trapping regulations.
- You may take beaver, coyote, fox, lynx, **mountain lion**, squirrel, wolf, or wolverine under either hunting regulations or trapping regulations, but you must follow the seasons, bag limits, and methods and means permitted by those regulations.
- In Unit 18, lead shot size T (.20" diameter) or smaller is prohibited. Taking game under provisions of either a hunting or trapping license using a shotgun or using loose shot in a muzzleloading firearm is **ONLY ALLOWED** using nontoxic shot size T (.20" diameter) or smaller, and hunters may not be in immediate possession of lead shot.
- See page 22 for salvage requirements.
- Portions of Units 20, and 24-26 are within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area (DHCMA) and additional restrictions apply. See page 104.

Fur Animals

- Fur animals **MAY NOT** be taken under the hunting regulations by the following methods:
 - with a dog (except coyote in Unit 20D after registering with ADF&G), trap, snare, net, or fish trap;
 - by disturbing or destroying dens;
 - the same day you have been airborne, unless you are at least 300 feet from the airplane;
 - with a nonresident small game license.

Species, unit, and bag limit	season
Beaver • <i>Either the meat or hide of beaver must be salvaged.</i>	
Units 1-8, 10-15, 17, 19-20, 21B, 21C, 21D, and 24-26:	no open season
Unit 16: No limit	Aug 10-May 31
Units 9, 18, 22, and 23: No limit	no closed season
Units 21A and 21E: No limit	Sept 1-June 10
Coyote • <i>In Unit 20D, dogs may be used to hunt coyote after registering with the ADF&G office in Delta Junction.</i> • <i>Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Summary available online at hunt.alaska.gov under hunting regulations for small game.</i>	
Units 1-5, 18, and 22: Two coyotes	Sept 1-Apr 30
Units 6-7, 9-17, 19-21, and 23-26: No limit	no closed season
Arctic Fox • <i>Including blue and white phases.</i>	
Unit 8: Two foxes	Sept 1-Feb 15
Units 9, 17-18, 22-23, and 26: Two foxes	Sept 1-Apr 30
Unit 10, Pribilof Islands	
Residents: No limit	Sept 1-Apr 30
Nonresidents: Two foxes	Sept 1-Apr 30
Unit 10, remainder: No limit	no closed season
Units 24 and 25: Two foxes	Sept 1-Mar 15
Red Fox • <i>Including black, cross, and silver color phases.</i> • <i>Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Summary available online at hunt.alaska.gov under hunting regulations for small game.</i>	
Units 1-7, and 15:	no open season
Units 8-10, 14, and 16-17: Two foxes	Sept 1-Feb 15
Units 11-13 and 18-26: Ten foxes , however no more than 2 foxes may be taken before Oct 1	Sept 1-Mar 15
Lynx • <i>Lynx hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.</i> • <i>Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Summary available online at hunt.alaska.gov under hunting regulations for small game.</i>	
Units 1-5, 10:	no open season
Units 7 and 15: Two lynx	Dec 15-Feb 28
Units 6, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, and 17: Two lynx	Nov 10-Feb 28
Units 20A, 20B, 20C, 20D, 20F, and 25C: Two lynx	Dec 1-Jan 31
Units 12, 20E: Two lynx	Nov 1-Mar 15
Unit 18: Two lynx	Nov 10-Mar 31
Units 19, 21, 24, and remainder of 25: Two lynx	Nov 1-Feb 28
Units 22, 23, and 26: Two lynx	Nov 1-Apr 15
Squirrel • <i>Including flying, ground, and red squirrels.</i> • <i>Either the meat or hide of a ground squirrel must be salvaged.</i> • <i>Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Summary available online at hunt.alaska.gov under hunting regulations for small game.</i>	
Units 1-26: No limit	no closed season

Small Game

Species, unit and bag limit	season
Grouse • Including ruffed, sharp-tailed, spruce, and sooty (formerly blue) grouse. • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Visit our website at hunt.alaska.gov or contact the Anchorage ADF&G office for permit requirements and more information. • Lead shot is prohibited in shotguns for all bird hunting in Unit 26.	
Units 1-6: Five per day , ten in possession.....	Aug 1-May 15
Units 7 and 15: Ten per day , twenty in possession; of which not more than one per day and two in possession may be ruffed grouse.....	Aug 10-Mar 31
Units 8 and 10:.....	no open season
Units 9, 17-19, 21-24, and 26: Fifteen per day , thirty in possession.....	Aug 10-Apr 30
Units 11-12, remainder of Unit 20, and Unit 25: Fifteen per day , thirty in possession.....	Aug 10-Mar 31
Units 13, 14A, 14B, and 16: Fifteen per day , thirty in possession of which not more than two per day and four in possession may be ruffed grouse.....	Aug 10-Mar 31
Unit 14C: Five per day , ten in possession, of which not more than two per day and four in possession may be ruffed grouse.....	Sept 1-Mar 31
Unit 20D, that portion lying west of the east bank of the Johnson River and south of the north bank of the Tanana River: Five per day , fifteen in possession, provided that not more than ten in possession may be either ruffed or sharp-tailed grouse.....	Aug 25-Mar 31
By falconry only, Ten per day , ten in possession, provided that not more than two per day and two in possession may be sharp-tailed grouse.....	Aug 10-Aug 24
Ptarmigan • Including rock, white-tailed, and willow ptarmigan. • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Visit our website at hunt.alaska.gov or contact the Anchorage ADF&G office for permit requirements and more information. • Lead shot is prohibited in shotguns for all bird hunting in Unit 26.	
Units 1-5, 6A, 6B, and 6C: Twenty per day , forty in possession.....	Aug 1-May 15
Unit 15C, that portion north of Kachemak Bay and north of the Fox River:	
Five per day, ten in possession.....	Aug 10-Jan 31
Units 6D, 7, 11, 13A, 13C, 13D, 14A, 14B, 15A, 15B, 15C remainder, and 16:	
Ten per day, twenty in possession.....	Aug 10-Mar 31
Units 13B: Ten per day , twenty in possession.....	Aug 20-Feb 15
Unit 13E: Ten per day , twenty in possession.....	Aug 10-Feb 15
Unit 14C, excluding Eklutna Management Area: Ten per day , twenty in possession	Aug 10-Mar 31
Unit 14C, Eklutna Management Area: Ten per day , twenty in possession	Sept 1-Mar 31
Units 8, 10, 17, 19, 21-22, 24, 25A, 25B, 25D, and Unit 26B within the DHCMA and Prudhoe Bay Closed Area: Twenty per day , forty in possession.....	Aug 10-Apr 30
Unit 9: Ten per day , twenty in possession.....	Aug 10-Feb 28
Units 12, 20, and 25C: Twenty per day , forty in possession.....	Aug 10-Feb 28
Five per day, ten in possession.....	Mar 1-Apr 30
Unit 18: Twenty-five per day , fifty in possession.....	Aug 10-May 15
Units 23 and 26, excluding Unit 26B within the DHCMA and Prudhoe Bay Closed Area:	
Fifty per day, one hundred in possession.....	Aug 10-June 15
Hare • Includes Alaska and snowshoe hare; does NOT include Belgian hare. • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Visit our website at hunt.alaska.gov or contact the Anchorage ADF&G office for permit requirements and more information. • Hunters must salvage the hide or meat of Alaska hares taken in Units 18, 22, and 23. Hunters are also encouraged to report harvest of Alaska hares to ADF&G in King Salmon at (907) 246-3340. • Hunters must salvage the hide or meat of snowshoe hare.	
Units 1-5, and 14C: Five per day	Sept 1-Apr 30
Units 6-8, 10-13, 14B, 15-16, 19-21, 24-26: No limit	no closed season
Unit 9 and 17:	
Snowshoe hare: No limit	no closed season
Alaska hare:.....	no open season
Unit 14A: Five per day	no closed season
Units 18, 22, 23:	
Snowshoe hare: No limit	no closed season
Alaska hare: Two per day , six total.....	Aug 1-May 31

WING COLLECTIONS: Grouse and Ptarmigan Hunters

ADF&G is asking for your help in the collection of wings, tails, and heads from hunter harvested grouse and ptarmigan. These samples allow biologists to better understand sex and age structure of the harvest which is important for managing these valuable resources. If you are interested in helping, see pg. 113 for more information.

Mule Deer, White-tailed Deer, and Mountain Lion

Species, unit and bag limit	season
Mule Deer, White-tailed Deer	
Units 1, 5, 11-13, 20, 25: No limit	no closed season
Mountain Lion • <i>Skull and hide must be sealed within 10 days of kill; evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to hide.</i>	
Units 1-5: One mountain lion, however, the taking of kittens or mollies with kittens is prohibited.....	Aug 1-Jun 15
Unclassified Game	

Species, unit and bag limit	season
Shrew, Mouse, and Porcupine • <i>Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Summary available online at hunt.alaska.gov under hunting regulations for small game.</i>	
Units 1-26: No limit	no closed season
Cormorant (Double-crested and Pelagic Cormorants only)	
Units 6, 8-10, 17-18, 22, and 23:	
Residents: No limit ; however, a bird may be taken only if used for food or clothing, and no bird or part of a bird may be sold or offered for sale.....	Sept 1-Apr 1
Nonresidents:.....	no open season
Crow	
Units 1-9 and 15: Five per day ; however, a bird may be taken only if used for food or clothing, and no bird or part of a bird may be sold or offered for sale.....	Mar 1-Apr 15
Units 10-14 and 16-26:.....	Sept 1-Nov 17
Units 10-14 and 16-26:.....	no open season
Pika • <i>The hide or meat must be salvaged.</i>	
Units 12 and 20E: No limit	no closed season
Units 1-11, 13-19, 20A, 20B, 20C, 20D, 20F, and 21-26:.....	no open season
Snowy Owl • <i>Lead shot is prohibited in shotguns for all bird hunting in Units 18 and 26.</i>	
Units 17, 18, 22, 23, and 26:	
Residents: No limit ; however, a bird may be taken only if used for food or clothing, and no bird or part of a bird may be sold or offered for sale.....	Sept 1-Apr 1
Nonresidents:.....	no open season
Feral non-native game birds (Chukar, Partridge, Pheasant, Quail, and Wild Turkey)	
• <i>Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Summary available online at hunt.alaska.gov under hunting regulations for small game.</i>	
Units 1-26: No limit	no closed season

Deleterious exotic wildlife

Unit and bag limit	season
English Sparrow, Eurasian Collared Dove, Raccoon, Starling, Feral Ferret, Feral Swine, unconfined or unrestrained: Belgian Hare, Muridae Rodent (gerbil, rat, true mice and their relatives), reindeer on Umnak Island in Unit 10, Rockdove (pigeon)	
• <i>Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Summary available online at hunt.alaska.gov under hunting regulations for small game.</i>	
Units 1-26: No limit	no closed season

Waterfowl and trapping regulations are published in separate documents. They are printed annually and are available in mid-August at license vendors and ADF&G offices.



Transfer of Possession Form

Hunter's Copy

5 AAC 92.135(a) for both permanent (given as a gift) or temporary transfer for the purpose of transport

Hunter's Information:

Name: _____ Hunting License number: _____
Address: _____ City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____
Species taken: _____ Specific Parts Transferred: _____

☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

Bear
Caribou
Moose
Sheep
Other

☐
☐
☐
☐

Antlers/Horns
Backstrap
Brisket
Front Quarters

☐
☐
☐
☐

Hindquarters
Neck
Ribs
Other:

Date of kill: _____ Kill location: _____

☐
☐

Recipient to retain permanent possession of meat and/or other game parts
Recipient to transport and then return possession to hunter

Hunter's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Recipient's Information:

Name: _____

Address: _____ City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Recipient's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Transfer of Possession Form

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Address: _____ City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____
Species taken: _____ Specific Parts Transferred: _____

☐
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☐
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☐

Bear
Caribou
Moose
Sheep
Other

☐
☐
☐
☐

Antlers/Horns
Backstrap
Brisket
Front Quarters

☐
☐
☐
☐

Hindquarters
Neck
Ribs
Other:

Date of kill: _____ Kill location: _____

☐
☐

Recipient to retain permanent possession of meat and/or other game parts
Recipient to transport and then return possession to hunter

Hunter's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Recipient's Information:

Name: _____

Address: _____ City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Recipient's Signature: _____ Date: _____

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